

THE

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS

OF

IRELAND

FOR THE YEAR

1885.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.



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OBSERVATIONS
OF THE
AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS OF IRELAND.
FOR THE YEAR 1885.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY JOHN CAMPBELL, EARL OF ABERDEEN.

&c., &c., &c.,

LORD LIEUTENANT-GENERAL AND GENERAL GOVERNOR OF IRELAND.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

I have the honour to present to your Excellency the accompanying Report and detailed Tables concerning Agriculture in Ireland for the year 1885, which have been compiled and arranged in the same manner as in the previous year.

A review of the detailed Tables confirms the observations I have already made when presenting the General Abstract in August, and the Produce Returns in December of last year.

The following is an analysis of the information contained in the tables:—

PART I.—TILLAGE; MEADOW AND CLOVER; &c.

The acreage under Crops, Grass, Fallow, Woods and Plantations, and Bog, Waste, Water, &c., in 1884 and 1885, was as follows:—

Division of
land, 1884
and 1885.

	INCREASE OR DECREASE SINCE 1884 AND 1885.			
	1884.	1885.	INCREASE.	DECREASE.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Under Crops, including Meadow and Clover, .	4,573,714	4,957,127	34,383	—
" Grass, or Pasture,	10,546,876	10,251,130	—	95,756
" Fallow,	35,641	19,112	—	4,529
" Woods and Plantations,	332,006	329,447	—	2,559
" Bog, Waste, Water, &c.,	4,753,458	4,771,947	18,461	—
Total, †	26,326,753			

The area under Crops in 1885, compared with 1884 shows an increase of 34,383 acres—12,102 acres being in tillage, and 72,281 acres in meadow and clover. There is a decrease of 2,559 acres under Woods and Plantations, of 95,756 acres under Grass, and of 4,529 acres under Fallow, while there is an increase of 18,461 acres under Bog, Waste, Water, &c.

Of the 4,771,947 acres given as under "Bog, Waste, Water, &c.," in 1885, 1,697,445 acres were enumerated as "Bog and Marsh," 2,229,905 acres as "Barren Mountain Land," and 844,597 acres as "Water, Roads, Fences, &c." Compared with 1884 "Bog and Marsh" appears to have decreased 41,906 acres, "Barren Mountain Land" shows an increase of 65,502 acres, and "Water, Roads, Fences, &c.," a decrease of 5,735 acres.

The area and proportionate extent of each crop in 1884 and 1885, with the increase or decrease in the latter year, are given in the following Table (I.), from which it appears that the crops of 1885, compared with 1884, show a total decrease in cereals of 4,716 acres, wheat having increased by 3,127 acres, barley by 12,072 acres, and bere and rye by 1,248 acres, while oats decreased by 19,375 acres, and beans and peas by 1,588 acres.

In green crops there is a total decrease of 2,104 acres, potatoes having decreased by 1,660 acres, and turnips by 7,047 acres; while cabbage increased by 2,654 acres; mangel wurtzel and beet-root by 2,638 acres; carrots, parsnips, and other green crops by 288 acres, and vetches and rye by 1,023 acres.

Flax shows an increase of 18,922 acres, and meadow and clover (as already stated) an increase of 72,281 acres.

In 1885, 32.2 acres in every 100 under crops were under cereals, 24.6 under green crops, 2.2 under flax, and 11.0 under meadow and clover.

Acreage
under crops,
1884 and
1885.

* Including 125,653 acres under roads.

† Exclusive of 494,736 acres under the larger rivers, lakes, and tidalways.

Varieties of Potatoes.

POTATOES.—The tables in the Appendix relating to the potato crop point to several important conclusions. It will be observed (See Appendix, Table A, p. 71) that of the 797,293 acres planted with potatoes, 79.7 per cent. belong to one variety, namely, "Champions," showing a slightly decreased percentage of this variety as compared with the previous year. Of the total area under potatoes 6.1 per cent. was under Flounders, 4.6 per cent. under Skerry Blues, 3.0 per cent. under White Rocks, 1.5 per cent. under Scotch Downs, 0.9 per cent. under Kempas, 0.8 per cent. under Magnum Bonum, and 3.4 per cent. under all other varieties. It will be seen by a reference to Table C of the Appendix that not only was the Champion variety the one planted in greatest quantity, but that it was generally the most prolific in its yield.

Table C also points out which are the best potato-growing districts in Ireland, and also the varieties which appear to thrive best in particular counties.

Extent under Crops.

Of the total extent under crops in 1885, 83.9 per cent., or over four-fifths, were under three crops—oats (26.8), potatoes (16.1), and meadow and clover (41.0).

TABLE I.—The Acreage under Crops in 1884 and 1885, and the Increase or Decrease in the latter year:—

Crops.	1884.	1885.	1885.		Crops.	1884.	1885.	1885.	
			Increase.	Decrease.				Increase.	Decrease.
Wheat, . . .	Acres, 67,890	Acres, 71,017	Acres, 3,127	—	Carrots, Parsnips, & other Green Crops, . . .	Acres, 31,921	Acres, 31,309	Acres, 238	—
Oats, . . .	1,345,444	1,326,869	—	19,573					
Barley, . . .	167,061	178,153	12,072	—	TOTAL EXTENT UNDER GREEN CROPS, . . .	1,221,613	1,219,300	—	2,104
Bere and Rye, . . .	7,495	8,743	1,248	—					
Beans and Peas, . . .	8,329	7,141	—	1,588					
TOTAL EXTENT under GENERAL CROPS, . . .	1,699,618	1,594,903	—	6,716	Flax, . . .	89,923	106,147	18,223	—
Potatoes, . . .	786,938	797,292	—	1,354	TOTAL under TILLAGE, . . .	3,910,267	3,923,329	12,102	—
Turnips, . . .	304,031	295,381	—	7,047					
Mangel Wurzel and Beet Root, . . .	34,541	37,179	2,638	—	Meadow and Clover, . . .	1,952,687	2,034,768	72,281	—
Cabbage, . . .	39,473	42,197	2,624	—					
Vetches and Rape, . . .	13,395	14,618	1,223	—	TOTAL EXTENT under CROPS, . . .	4,872,744	4,957,127	84,383	—

The Proportionate Area under each of the above Crops in 1884 and 1885:—

Crops.	Proportion per cent.		Crops.	Proportion per cent.	
	1884.	1885.		1884.	1885.
Wheat, . . .	Acres, 1.4	Acres, 1.5	Cabbage, . . .	Acres, 0.8	Acres, 0.8
Oats, . . .	21.7	20.8	Vetches and Rape, . . .	0.3	0.3
Barley, . . .	3.4	3.6	Carrots, Parsnips, and other Green Crops, . . .	0.6	0.6
Bere and Rye, . . .	0.1	0.2	UNDER GREEN CROPS, . . .	25.1	24.6
Beans and Peas, . . .	0.2	0.1			
UNDER OTHER CROPS, . . .	32.8	32.2	Flax, . . .	1.8	2.2
Potatoes, . . .	16.1	16.1	Meadow and Clover, . . .	40.3	41.0
Turnips, . . .	6.3	6.0			
Mangel Wurzel and Beet Root, . . .	0.7	0.8	Total, . . .	100.0	100.0

Tables showing the extent of land under crops in 1885 by Counties and Provinces, and by Poor Law Unions, and from 1875 to 1885 by Counties and Provinces, are given at pages 28, 32, and 40 respectively.

The extent of land under grass in 1885 (exclusive of that under meadow and clover) was 10,251,120 acres, or 50.4 in every 100 of the entire country, against 10,346,876 acres or 50.9 per cent. in 1884. The relative proportions under grass in each Province were—in Munster 55.3 per cent. in 1885, and 55.5 per cent. in 1884; Leinster 54.9 per cent. in 1885, and 55.5 per cent. in 1884; Connnaught 47.7 per cent. in 1885, and 48.6 per cent. in 1884; and Ulster 43.1 per cent. in 1885, and 43.5 per cent. in 1884.

There appears to have been a decrease of pasture land in 1885 in Leinster of 0.6 per cent., in Ulster of 0.4 per cent., in Munster of 0.2 per cent., and in Connnaught of 0.9 per cent.

Grassing Land in 1884 and 1885.

Grassing Land in 1885.

Of the counties—Clare, Limerick, Meath, and Westmeath had each above 60 acres in every 100 of their entire area under grass; Fermanagh, Kildare, Kilkenny, Roscommon, and Tipperary had above 55 and under 60 acres; Antrim, Carlow, Cavan, Cork, Duhlin, Leitrim, Longford, Queen's, Sligo, Waterford and Wexford had from 50 to 55 acres; Galway, Kerry, King's, Londonderry, Monaghan, Tyrone, and Wicklow had above 40 and under 50 acres; and Armagh, Donegal, Down, Louth, and Mayo had over 30 and under 40 acres in every 100 acres under grass in 1885. Only 33·6 per cent. of the total area of Donegal was enumerated in 1885 as under grass, while Meath shows the highest per-centa, 69·1.

The area of each County and Province, and the extent and per-centa under grass in 1885, are given at page 24.

Of the total area of Ireland (20,328,753 statute acres),* the land under grass in 1885 is, as already stated, a little over one-half. It appears from the succeeding Table (II.) to have decreased from 51·7 per cent. of the total area in 1876 to 50·4 in 1885. Division of Land, 1876-1885.

In Crops a decrease has taken place in the ten years—from 5,206,546 acres in 1876, to 4,957,127 acres in 1885, or 1·2 per cent. of the total area.

Fallow or uncropped arable land numbered 11,651 acres in 1876, and 19,112 acres in 1885.

Woods and Plantations exhibit an increase in the decade, viz., from 324,152 acres to 329,447 acres.

In "Bog, Waste, Water, &c." an increase is shown—from 4,279,613 acres in 1876, to 4,771,947 acres in 1885, or 2·5 per cent. of the total area. Since 1877, it must be borne in mind, that the area under this head includes a large quantity of coarse mountain pasture which may have been formerly returned as Grass.

TABLE II.—The Extent of Land in Statute Acres, and the proportionate Area, under Crops, Grass, Fallow, Woods and Plantations, and Bog, Waste, Water, &c., in each Year from 1876 to 1885, also the Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre:—

YEAR.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	Extent of Land in Statute Acres.						Proportionate Area, in per cent.					
		Crops (including Barley and Oats).	Grass.	Fallow.	Woods and Plantations.	Bog, Waste, Water, &c.	Total.	Extent of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	Grass.	Fallow.	Woods and Plantations.	Bog, Waste, Water, &c.	
1876.	5,206,546	4,279,613	11,651	324,152	4,771,947	22,627	51.7	51.7	51.7	51.7	51.7	51.7	
1877.	5,200,720	4,284,301	10,142,542	8,850	320,598	4,871,834	51.8	49.9	51.1	51.6	51.6	51.6	
1878.	5,195,175	4,286,495	10,116,191	8,863	320,057	4,892,197	51.9	49.8	51.1	51.6	51.6	51.6	
1879.	5,192,630	4,291,163	9,211,168	12,599	320,546	4,912,028	52.2	50.2	51.1	51.2	51.2	51.2	
1880.	5,185,509	4,297,494	10,289,106	18,495	320,586	4,933,397	52.4	50.4	51.1	51.7	51.7	51.7	
1881.	5,180,743	4,310,375	10,497,524	21,064	320,702	4,956,047	52.6	49.9	51.1	51.6	51.6	51.6	
1882.	5,172,816	4,316,558	10,599,005	91,265	320,599	4,971,525	52.9	49.7	51.1	51.6	51.6	51.6	
1883.	5,164,544	4,324,701	10,514,467	24,504	321,224	4,993,329	53.2	50.2	51.1	51.2	51.2	51.2	
1884.	5,157,045	4,337,744	10,589,576	35,645	320,907	4,753,481	54.0	50.9	51.1	51.6	51.6	51.6	
1885.	5,153,201	4,450,127	10,221,120	19,112	320,487	4,771,947	54.4	50.4	51.1	51.6	51.6	51.6	

Tables showing the extent of land and the proportionate area under Crops, Grass, Fallow, Woods and Plantations, Bog and Marsh, Barren Mountain Land, and Water, Roads, Fences, &c., in 1885, by counties and provinces, will be found at page 24. From this it appears that there are five counties with upwards of 100,000 acres under "Bog and Marsh," viz.:—Mayo, with 303,390 acres, or 23·0 per cent. of its entire area; Galway, 221,499 acres, or 14·7 per cent.; Donegal, 161,472 acres, or 13·6 per cent.; King's, 113,842 acres, or 23·1 per cent., and Kerry, 113,470 acres, or 9·8 per cent. The following counties contain the smallest area under "Bog and Marsh," viz.:—Dublin, 692 acres, or 0·3 per cent. of its entire area; Louth, 3,156 acres, or 1·6 per cent.; Down, 5,713 acres, or 0·9 per cent.; and Carlow, 6,446 acres, or 2·9 per cent.; 673,181 acres in the province of Connacht, or 15·9 per cent. of its entire area, are returned as under "Bog and Marsh," including 84,078 acres, or 14·4 per cent. of the County Roscommon, in addition to the large extent in Mayo and Galway as before mentioned.

"Barren Mountain Land" covers an area of 100,000 acres and upwards in the following six counties, viz.:—Donegal, 340,271 acres, or 28·6 per cent. of its entire area; Kerry, 271,949 acres, or 23·4 per cent.; Galway, 245,839 acres, or 16·4 per cent.; Cork, 230,288 acres, or 12·8 per cent.; Mayo, 263,666 acres, or 29·0 per cent.; and Tyrone, 109,539 acres, or 14·0 per cent.

19·8 per cent. of Wicklow, or 99,087 acres, 15·7 per cent. of Sligo, or 70,703 acres, 6·4 per cent., or 66,962 acres of Tipperary, and 16·2 per cent., or 73,803 acres of Waterford are under "Barren Mountain Land." The counties containing the smallest area under "Barren Mountain Land" are Meath with 242 acres; Longford, 857 acres, or 0·3 per cent. of its entire area; Westmeath, 770 acres, or 0·2 per cent.; Kildare, 1,109 acres, or

Bog and March, 1885.

* See note (1) page 3.

+ See note (2) page 3.

Barren Mountain Land, 1885

0·3 per cent.; and Roscommon, 4,116 acres, or 0·7 per cent. Only 189,226 acres, or 3·9 per cent. of Leinster are returned as being under "Barren Mountain Land," while 748,432 acres, or 12·6 per cent. of Munster; 668,936 acres, or 12·6 per cent. of Ulster; and 623,311 acres or 14·7 per cent. of Connaught are similarly returned.*

Water, Roads, Fences, &c. 1885. Very little variation is exhibited in the proportionate area under "Water, Roads, Fences, &c." in the several counties and provinces. In the counties the highest percentage is 7·5 in Dublin, and the lowest 2·8 in the county of Roscommon. Only 844,597 acres (including 133,035 acres under water), or 4·2 per cent. of the entire area of the country, were returned in 1885 as "Water, Roads, Fences, &c." This, however, does not include the acreage under the larger rivers, lakes and tidewatery. See note, page 3.

A table showing the division of land by Poor Law Unions is given at pages 25 and 26.

Furze or Gorse.

FURZE OR GORSE.—Last year it was suggested to me through an eminent authority on agriculture, that it would be useful to include in the agricultural returns some information regarding furze or gorse meadows for feeding purposes. At the time the suggestion was made, it was too late to make any systematic inquiry as to the area under gorse which was regularly cropped. I however, thought it advisable to issue forms on the subject to the Superintendents of enumerators of Agricultural Statistics. The result of this inquiry is that I find this crop is only cultivated in a few localities, and except in the County of Cork, to a very small extent. There are several places in which it appears to be used to a considerable extent as forage for horses, although not specially cultivated for that purpose. As examples of the extent to which gorse meadows are cultivated, I may mention that in Cork County, E.R., there were about

* With reference to the question of whether waste land is increasing or decreasing in Ireland, the following extract from a Paper read by Dr. Grimshaw before the Statistical and Social Inquiry Society of Ireland on the 29th of April, 1884, may be of interest:—

"The following Table shows that so far from the waste land of Ireland being on the increase, an immense amount of waste land has been reclaimed during the past forty years.

"DIVISION OF LAND IN 1841, '51, '61, '71, AND '81.

Division of Land.	1841.	1851.	1861.	1871.	1881.
Under Crop (including Meadow, Grass, Woods and Plantations, Barren Mountain Land, Bog and Marsh, Waste Land, &c.)	8,690,426	8,535,593	8,690,316	8,731,437	8,394,503
	{ 21,410,280	{ 21,010,577	{ 20,510,219	{ 19,771,245	{ 20,072,694
					{ 119,723
Total.	6,470,871	5,118,229	4,882,012	4,651,042	{ 5,117,870
					{ 1,720,520
					{ 80,580
					48,221,312

NOTE.—The information for 1841 and 1851, respectively, has been obtained from the Census Reports for those years; and that for the subsequent periods from the Agricultural Statistics.

*In the year 1841, according to the Census Report for that year, the waste lands of Ireland amounted to 6,480,971 statute acres. In the year 1881 the amount was only 4,729,351 acres, or in other words, 1,759,729 acres, or 8·6 per cent. of the whole surface of Ireland had been reclaimed in forty years. It will be observed from the above Table that the decrease of waste land between 1841 and 1851, was 1,073,452 acres; between 1861 and 1871, it was 528,228 acres; and between 1871 and 1881, it was 377,060. Between 1871 and 1881 an apparent increase of 113,319 acres took place, and the natural conclusion arrived at by anyone testing the question in this manner, and without going into details, would be that during the last decade, land in Ireland to the extent of nearly half a million of acres, had fallen out of use. If a more detailed examination of this question is made, it will be found that up to the year 1876 the statistics show a general decrease of waste lands, with slight variations, from year to year, sometimes showing a slight increase. From the year 1876 up to the present year, the returns apparently point to a steady increase of waste land, and from this apparent fact the lamentable conclusion has been arrived at that Ireland is steadily "going back to bog and waste." The real facts of the case are these:—In the earlier days of the collection of agricultural statistics it was thought unnecessary to go into too minute detail, and thus if a grazing farm on a mountain side had a strip of barren mountain land at the top, and a little bit of marsh at its lowest level, the whole area would be probably put down as grass. No doubt nearly all was grass, but the stony part and the marshy part were practically useless, and therefore the area of each farm should have been divided among all these elements, and only the usable grass included as pasture. For some years prior to 1876, greater care was exercised on the enumerators, and land not actually used for grazing or other purpose, was, unless of good quality, classed as waste. In 1877, in accordance with the increased accuracy demanded by advancing knowledge, a still further detail was insisted on, and the enumerators were required to ascertain, as nearly as possible, the amount of land available for use, and how it was employed, and also how much bog and marsh, barren mountain land, &c., was actually to be the area of each farm. It has been thus picking out of little scraps of waste of all kinds that has during the past few years apparently so much diminished the land in use in Ireland.

"Another element which produces apparent fluctuation in the amount of waste land is, that where live stock are very plentiful, lands which are almost waste are temporarily used during the fine summer months, when the acreage of the country in use is enumerated. Thus we find in 1880, 1881, and 1882, when there was a diminution of cattle and sheep, especially of the latter, the waste apparently increased."

96 acres cultivated in Cork North District; 90 acres in Fermoy District; in Cork County, W.R., about 300 acres in Macroom District; and the District Inspector at Dungmanway states, "I estimate the amount of land under furze as a forage as about 900 acres."

According to the returns for 1885, the number of separate holdings was 565,313, being 59 more than in the previous year. The holdings which increased in number were—those "above 15 and not exceeding 30 acres" by 451; those "above 30 and not exceeding 50 acres" by 767; those "above 50 and not exceeding 100 acres" by 122; those "above 100 and not exceeding 200 acres" by 151; and those "above 500 acres" by 49. The holdings which decreased in number were—those "not exceeding 1 acre" by 64; those "above 1 and not exceeding 5 acres" by 356; and those "above 5 and not exceeding 15 acres" by 1,037.

Number and
size of
holdings,
1884 and
1885.

Size of Holdings.	Increase or Decrease in 1885.		
	Number in 1884.	Number in 1885.	Occupiers. Decrease.
Not exceeding 1 Acre,	48,896	49,744	64
Above 1 and not exceeding 5 Acres,	62,231	61,874	356
" 5 "	137,378	136,738	1,037
" 15 "	134,447	134,895	451
" 30 "	72,710	73,477	767
" 50 "	56,080	56,172	122
" 100 "	22,451	22,023	151
" 200 "	8,353	8,258	26
Above 500 Acres,	1,499	1,548	49
Total,	565,254	565,313	59

A table showing the number of holdings, by classes, for each Poor Law Union, in 1885, will be found on pp. 25 and 26.

The number of separate holdings in each county and province, in 1884 and 1885, is given by classes in Table III, at page 8.

As in many instances landholders occupy more than one farm, and as, in other cases, farms extend into two or more townlands—the portion in each townland being summarized and classified as a separate holding—it has been considered desirable, with the view of ascertaining the number of Occupiers, and of classifying them according to the total extent of land held by each, to obtain a Return of the number of persons having more than one farm or holding. Each Enumerator is therefore required to furnish the name of every land-holder residing in his district who has two or more farms, or whose farm extends into two or more townlands, together with the area of each, and the locality in which it is situated.* The number of actual occupiers in 1885 thus arrived at is given in Table IV, page 9, by counties and provinces. On comparing the results in this Table with the figures given in Table III, it appears that in 1885 there were 565,313 holdings in the hands of 521,556 occupiers.

Number of
separate
Holdings
and of
Occupiers,
1884 and
1885.

The number of separate holdings and the number of occupiers in each Province in 1884 and 1885 were:—

Province.	Number of Separate Holdings.		Number of Occupiers.	
	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.
Leinster,	121,803	120,994	106,600	107,376
Munster,	121,191	121,910	100,342	100,186
Ulster,	260,469	260,644	187,996	188,372
Connacht,	121,810	121,365	114,886	115,022
Total,	565,254	565,313	520,724	521,556

The number of occupiers of land in 1885 was 521,556, being 832 more than in the previous year.

Excluding those holding land "not exceeding one acre," who are to a great extent merely occupiers of small gardens, they numbered 472,529 in 1885, or 896 more than in 1884. There has been an increase in each province except Ulster. In Munster there was an increase of 399—from 98,069 in 1884 to 98,468 in 1885; in Leinster, of 555—from 91,776 in 1884 to 92,331 in 1885; in Connacht of 10—from 109,820 in 1884 to 109,830 in 1885; in Ulster the decrease was 68—from 172,468 in 1884 to 172,400 in 1885. The increase in occupiers holding land above 1 and not exceeding 50 acres was 629, and the number holding land exceeding that acreage increased by 367.

* These returns were collected for the first time in the year 1881.

Number and
size of hold-
ings, 1884
and 1895.

TABLE III.—The number of Holdings, by classes, for each County and Province, in 1884 and 1885, and the increase or decrease in the latter year:—

COUNTIES.	HABITS AND CLASSIFICATION OF HOGS.									
	Not exceeding 12 mos.	above 12 and not exceeding 24 mos.	above 24 and not exceeding 36 mos.	above 36 and not exceeding 48 mos.	above 48 and not exceeding 60 mos.	above 60 and not exceeding 72 mos.	above 72 and not exceeding 84 mos.	above 84 and not exceeding 96 mos.	above 96 and not exceeding 108 mos.	Total.
ANTRIM.	1,012	1,800	5,826	6,269	5,624	2,215	583	129	65	20,117
	1,063	2,148	5,979	6,080	5,610	2,218	585	145	69	22,183
	1,064	2,168	5,979	6,080	5,610	2,222	585	145	69	22,183
ARMAGH.	1,416	2,073	5,713	4,246	1,212	522	89	30	26	20,326
	1,554	2,085	5,694	5,713	5,834	548	89	30	26	20,326
CARLOW.	717	1,609	548	549	541	533	366	109	5,276	5,297
Cavan.	1,200	1,208	2,987	6,812	2,415	598	195	49	49	26,602
	1,255	1,274	2,986	6,803	2,415	598	195	49	49	26,602
	1,254	1,297	2,984	4,549	2,387	2,729	587	265	82	27,840
CLARE.	1,058	1,268	4,982	4,986	3,977	2,385	563	93	93	17,030
CORK.	3,868	9,126	4,884	6,013	6,538	7,060	3,070	72	72	34,412
	3,923	9,123	4,879	6,008	6,538	7,056	3,061	70	70	34,412
DONEGAL.	1,894	2,023	16,993	8,517	4,943	3,163	589	205	205	31,540
DONEGAL.	1,858	2,009	16,873	8,447	4,812	3,087	585	205	205	31,486
DONEGAL.	4,966	5,729	9,583	6,803	5,133	1,058	593	70	70	20,544
DONEGAL.	5,020	5,881	9,623	6,726	5,144	1,062	593	70	70	20,544
DUBLIN.	1,894	2,011	1,249	1,287	934	918	321	81	81	5,271
DUBLIN.	1,868	2,014	1,299	1,285	942	905	321	83	83	5,285
FERMANAGH.	293	985	5,076	4,314	2,279	1,221	341	10	10	13,250
FERMANAGH.	295	976	5,085	4,305	2,289	1,202	335	94	94	13,489
GALWAY.	1,056	4,095	2,092	3,856	3,649	5,282	1,283	78	78	25,581
	1,053	4,217	2,184	3,799	3,571	5,202	1,286	78	78	25,581
KLINT.	1,119	1,454	2,025	3,774	3,004	2,005	1,580	699	699	15,676
	1,093	1,395	2,087	3,758	3,096	2,046	1,527	655	655	15,595
KILDARE.	1,754	1,579	1,615	1,228	385	581	755	345	345	6,971
KILDARE.	1,755	1,579	1,615	1,228	385	581	756	341	341	6,987
KILDARE.	1,894	1,727	2,465	2,929	2,039	2,069	785	322	322	13,387
KILDARE.	1,895	1,726	2,447	2,615	2,021	2,067	787	325	325	13,387
KILDARE.	1,897	1,728	2,381	2,064	1,230	1,154	582	205	205	13,387
KILDARE.	1,875	1,806	2,388	2,169	1,286	1,162	547	145	145	13,184
LIMERICK.	415	946	5,222	5,281	1,780	200	179	38	38	34,884
LIMERICK.	406	967	5,178	5,238	1,685	200	178	39	39	34,889
LIMERICK.	3,879	1,833	5,245	5,023	2,081	9,259	1,025	269	269	31,141
LIMERICK.	3,880	1,804	5,239	5,087	2,085	9,253	1,046	264	264	31,063
LONDONDERRY.	1,271	1,277	6,277	6,251	3,473	1,223	384	138	138	17,995
LONDONDERRY.	1,275	1,276	6,277	6,251	3,473	1,223	384	138	138	17,995
LONDONDERRY.	1,276	1,277	6,277	6,251	3,473	1,223	384	138	138	17,995
LONDONDERRY.	1,277	1,278	6,277	6,251	3,473	1,223	384	138	138	17,995
LONDONDERRY.	1,278	1,279	6,277	6,251	3,473	1,223	384	138	138	17,995
LONDONDERRY.	1,279	1,279	6,277	6,251	3,473	1,223	384	138	138	17,995
LOUTH & DUBLIN.	1,265	1,279	5,208	5,236	1,206	413	693	245	113	13,954
Co. of TIPSY.	1,137	1,275	5,235	1,207	417	413	243	107	107	13,703
MAYO.	3,014	3,067	14,411	9,254	8,601	1,471	519	201	201	30,917
MAYO.	3,705	8,733	12,607	9,435	9,296	1,213	541	118	118	30,929
MAYO.	3,718	1,741	5,468	1,592	1,531	1,236	516	103	103	11,833
MICHAELMAS.	1,894	1,744	2,456	1,049	1,133	1,214	321	85	85	11,815
MICHAELMAS.	1,897	2,065	7,293	4,982	1,465	906	107	29	29	11,815
MICHAELMAS.	1,898	2,065	7,171	5,084	1,465	914	108	21	21	11,815
MICHAELMAS.	2,059	1,745	2,413	2,114	1,534	1,477	519	105	105	11,834
QUEENS.	1,435	1,655	2,082	2,085	1,205	1,205	1,386	522	522	10,595
QUEENS.	1,571	2,023	2,086	1,461	1,202	1,204	514	97	97	9,346
ROSCOMMON.	1,063	2,208	6,237	3,445	1,268	695	146	57	57	20,437
SLIGO.	1,014	1,445	5,284	4,585	1,229	282	131	45	45	15,829
	1,013	1,347	5,172	4,548	1,228	282	132	41	41	15,821
TIFFINIAN.	1,204	2,085	4,869	4,859	3,254	3,289	1,283	543	71	23,037
	1,203	2,055	4,861	4,848	3,251	3,281	1,287	522	522	23,035
TRIM.	5,177	2,085	5,655	5,074	5,073	5,285	1,285	41	41	26,154
TRIM.	5,178	2,073	5,655	5,074	5,073	5,285	1,287	41	41	27,265
WICKLOW.	1,204	1,219	1,411	1,386	1,085	789	225	29	29	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,210	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,211	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,212	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,213	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,214	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,215	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,216	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,217	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,218	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,219	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,220	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,221	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,222	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,223	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,224	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,225	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,226	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,227	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,228	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,229	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,230	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,231	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,232	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,233	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,234	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,235	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,236	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,237	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,238	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,239	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,240	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,241	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,242	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,243	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,244	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,245	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,246	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,247	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,248	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,249	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,250	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,251	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,252	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,253	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,254	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,255	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,256	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,257	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,258	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,259	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,260	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,078	784	224	224	20,063
WICKLOW.	2,261	1,219	1,411	1,384	1,318	1,0				

SUMMARY OF THE LAST.

PROVINCES.		1854		1855		1856		1857		1858		1859		
LEINSTER.	+	12,054	11,279	25,286	22,303	18,283	19,006	6,057	3,761	387	387	121,005		
		1,885	2,072	20,692	20,435	18,288	19,009	2,049	2,773	386	386	120,994		
MUNSTER.	+	11,684	11,438	30,419	30,683	21,693	21,754	6,069	2,769	372	372	131,181		
		1,885	1,885	30,419	31,717	21,124	22,107	2,021	2,136	372	372	131,560		
ULSTER.	+	11,884	11,697	28,481	28,481	24,593	24,593	24,876	13,621	3,483	966	223	280,480	
		1,885	1,885	28,481	28,481	24,713	24,786	18,059	18,059	3,483	966	280,444		
CONNACT.	+	11,884	11,925	29,020	66,123	16,713	16,713	16,713	16,713	3,161	1,713	563	121,000	
		1,885	1,885	29,020	66,123	16,713	16,713	16,713	16,713	3,161	1,713	563	121,005	
TOTAL OF IRELAND.	+	33,394	40,895	80,231	127,000	60,447	72,729	56,656	22,404	8,303	1,659	563,241		
		4,034	4,034	81,375	126,758	64,308	72,427	50,172	22,003	8,303	1,658	563,313		
DECREASES ON IRELAND.	+			Decreases.										
12,1855.	+			84	355	1,037	453	767	124	25	49	25		

TABLE IV.—Return of the number of Occupiers resident in each County and Province in 1885, classified according to the total extent of land held, without reference to the Townland, Poor Law Union, County, or Province in which the portions of land are situated:—

COUNTIES.	NUMBER OF OCCUPIERS HOLDING LAND									
	Not exceeding 1 Acre.	Above 1 and not exceeding 5 Acres.	Above 5 and not exceeding 10 Acres.	Above 10 and not exceeding 30 Acres.	Above 30 and not exceeding 60 Acres.	Above 60 and not exceeding 100 Acres.	Above 100 and not exceeding 200 Acres.	Above 200 and not exceeding 300 Acres.	Above 300 and not exceeding 500 Acres.	Total.
Asturias,	1,072	1,006	5,007	5,068	3,284	12,063	676	202	53	36,414
Ardagh,	1,024	2,006	8,133	4,464	1,229	276	225	26	7	18,201
Carlow,	1,024	2,028	7,165	4,438	1,229	258	142	29	4,302	18,372
Cavan,	1,024	2,117	6,209	4,021	921	235	239	37	16	18,172
Clare,	1,024	2,081	5,284	4,011	920	235	239	37	16	18,154
Co. Cork,	1,024	2,048	4,087	2,727	5,010	8,012	3,053	1,032	127	23,208
Donegal,	1,024	2,006	2,287	2,628	2,006	932	305	116	55,046	23,208
Down,	1,024	2,077	5,781	4,118	2,078	1,231	308	85	54	20,778
Dublin,	1,024	1,859	1,288	765	476	305	143	15	7,362	18,372
Fermanagh,	652	753	4,086	3,866	9,653	1,206	297	122	36	25,359
Galway,	1,024	4,266	21,485	8,229	3,890	2,927	1,068	631	260	33,067
Kerry,	1,024	1,454	2,644	3,144	3,439	5,626	1,514	631	125	21,194
Kildare,	1,024	1,875	1,481	1,067	786	554	947	222	79	7,258
Kilkenny,	1,024	1,808	1,025	3,073	1,279	1,892	500	500	30	1,773
Laois,	1,024	1,543	2,023	1,314	1,181	579	654	930	81	8,372
Lefin,	335	779	4,735	4,069	1,982	729	188	51	20	18,053
Limerick,	1,024	1,438	1,277	3,663	3,584	2,430	1,020	251	95	14,238
Londonderry,	1,024	1,313	5,045	4,336	2,086	1,301	455	143	31	14,249
Louth,	730	924	2,228	2,028	1,068	546	108	58	16	8,011
Louth and Monaghan, Co. of Town,	1,024	1,257	9,128	3,289	579	416	204	133	41	7,086
Mayo,	1,024	1,328	14,560	9,212	3,653	1,412	728	439	209	24,435
Meath,	1,024	2,048	2,186	1,581	930	1,080	324	429	131	14,433
Monaghan,	335	1,834	6,073	4,989	1,284	531	128	35	9	15,363
Offaly,	1,024	1,923	5,116	1,633	1,289	1,816	387	237	64	20,021
Sligo,	271	2,087	2,087	5,395	1,545	290	907	225	79	20,220
Tipperary,	1,024	2,048	4,035	4,355	1,480	716	1,054	135	37	14,648
Tyrone,	2,183	2,048	8,407	5,992	3,269	3,125	1,081	349	145	20,382
Waterford,	1,024	2,028	2,486	3,269	2,276	2,276	605	100	43	20,260
Wexford,	2,086	1,984	1,109	1,146	1,023	1,023	759	295	48	21,112
Wicklow,	1,024	1,643	2,918	1,204	2,113	304	433	59	58	20,054
Wexford,	1,449	1,024	2,497	2,482	2,306	2,102	877	279	36	18,037
Wicklow,	943	741	1,024	1,128	1,005	1,005	653	285	94	7,361

SUMMARY OF IRELAND.

PROVINCES.	NUMBER OF OCCUPIERS HOLDING LAND										
	Leinster,	Munster,	Ulster,	Connacht,	Total of Ireland,	Leinster,	Munster,	Ulster,	Connacht,	Total of Ireland,	
Leinster,	15,645	14,387	21,708	19,683	62,312	11,193	4,281	9,473	737	107,278	
Munster,	11,713	9,425	13,863	20,979	52,097	15,073	20,441	8,211	3,032	639	110,186
Ulster,	11,972	10,689	18,714	16,435	47,196	11,360	20,603	12,061	3,867	587	108,372
Connacht,	5,083	12,169	46,439	30,379	94,831	14,573	5,363	3,061	1,380	645	113,022
Total of Ireland,	48,827	51,503	103,451	102,452	365,667	51,127	31,513	30,030	2,239	521,834	

The following statement shows the number of occupiers of land in each year from 1879 to 1885, by Provinces:—

Number of Occupiers in the Years

	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.
Leinster,	105,589	110,032	110,551	109,840	106,897	108,800	107,976
Munster,	110,774	110,580	111,182	111,150	110,611	109,342	110,186
Ulster,	189,796	188,391	189,208	189,050	187,975	187,996	188,379
Connacht,	118,116	118,121	118,743	117,638	116,069	114,886	115,622
Ireland,	526,275	527,444	529,684	527,676	523,952	520,724	521,506

The number of holdings "above 1 and not exceeding 5 acres" diminished considerably between 1841 and 1885. In Leinster the decrease was 64·8 per cent.; in Munster 81·8; in Ulster 80·2; in Connacht 86·8; and 80·1 per cent. in all Ireland.

In the same period holdings "above 5 and not exceeding 15 acres" also diminished in number; the decrease in all Ireland was 38·0 per cent.; it was—in Leinster 44·8 per cent.; in Munster 69·6; in Ulster 33·6; while in Connacht these holdings increased 2·2 per cent.

Holdings "above 15 and not exceeding 30 acres" increased 8·3 per cent. in Leinster; 117·9 per cent. in Ulster; and 476·8 per cent. in Connacht. They decreased 12·5 per cent. in Munster; while in all Ireland they increased 70·0 per cent.

B

Increase or
decrease in
Holdings by
Classes
between
1841 and
1885.

Holdings "above 30 acres" increased 119·4 per cent. in Leinster; 239·5 in Munster; 348·4 in Ulster; 423·2 in Connaught; and in all Ireland 233·8 per cent.

The total number of holdings "above 1 acre" decreased between 1841 and 1885 by 22·0 per cent. in Leinster; 32·9 in Munster; 22·1 in Ulster; and 25·6 per cent. in Connaught.

The total number of holdings in Ireland "above 1 acre" was 691,202 in 1841, 570,338 in 1851, and 515,569 in 1885, showing a decrease of 175,683 or 25·4 per cent. in the period between 1841 and 1885.

Number of Holdings in 1841, 1851, and 1885.

TABLE V.—The number of Holdings in each Province in 1841, 1851, and 1885, according to the classification used by the Census Commissioners of 1841 (in which "above 30 acres" was the maximum); the increase or decrease in the numbers in each class, and the proportion per cent., between 1841 and 1885:—

Size of Holdings	Leinster	Munster	Ulster	Connaught	Total
Above 1 and not exceeding 5 Acres,	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.
{ 1841, 30,110	37,837	102,215	100,254	310,436	
{ 1851, 26,711	14,900	29,709	18,463	88,085	
{ 1885, 17,892	10,524	20,268	13,202	61,875	
Decrease in number between 1841 and 1885,	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.
32,318	47,833	81,907	87,062	248,560	
64·3	61·6	80·2	85·6	80·1	
Above 5 and not exceeding 15 Acres,	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.
{ 1841, 40,039	51,753	99,405	45,102	252,799	
{ 1851, 33,058	24,565	85,178	49,255	191,854	
{ 1885, 26,433	18,775	66,112	46,418	150,738	
Increase or Decrease in number between 1841 and 1885,	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.
20,604	42,990	33,493	1,016	96,061	
44·8	69·6	53·6	2·2	53·0	
Above 15 and not exceeding 30 Acres,	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.
{ 1841, 20,688	27,411	25,219	5,824	79,342	
{ 1851, 26,906	28,355	57,051	28,790	141,811	
{ 1885, 23,415	24,153	54,735	53,560	154,898	
Increase or Decrease in number between 1841 and 1885,	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.
1,727	5,458	29,516	27,771	55,555	
8·3	12·6	117·0	479·8	70·0	
Above 30 Acres,	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.
{ 1841, 17,943	16,665	9,655	4,282	48,625	
{ 1851, 38,006	53,074	37,813	20,107	149,090	
{ 1885, 38,980	56,878	43,297	23,823	162,057	
Increase in number between 1841 and 1885,	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.
31,417	39,913	83,842	18,460	113,432	
119·4	229·6	549·4	429·2	233·3	
Total,	134,780	165,886	236,694	155,842	691,202
{ 1841, 132,871	120,494	210,349	116,424	570,338	
{ 1851, 105,103	110,028	184,402	110,057	515,569	
Decrease in number between 1841 and 1885,	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.	Decrease.
29,678	53,858	62,293	39,386	175,683	
22·0	32·9	22·1	20·5	25·4	

PART II.—THE PRODUCE OF THE CROPS.

Mode of collecting the Returns of Produce.

The Tables relating to the produce of the crops have been carefully compiled from information obtained by members of the Royal Irish Constabulary and of the Metropolitan Police from practical farmers and other persons qualified to form an opinion as to the yield in that Poor Law Electoral Division, for which they were requested to afford the information. The names and residences of the parties so co-operating and assisting are stated by the Enumerators on the Returns.

Prior to 1856 the rates of produce were procured for Constabulary districts instead of Poor Law Electoral Divisions as at present. The latter arrangement was adopted in 1856, with a view to insure greater accuracy in the Returns; the Poor Law Electoral Division being of much smaller area, an increased number of average rates was obtained, and thus additional means were afforded for arriving at a more accurate return of the actual produce of the several crops.

Comparing the total produce of the crops in 1885 with 1884—the produce returns for this year are of a favourable character. In Cereal Crops, an increase in wheat is shown of 105,544 cwt. of 112 lbs.; in oats of 24,229 cwt.; in barley of 208,148 cwt.; and in rye of 27,306 cwt. There is a decrease in bere of 113 cwt.; in pease of 2,402 cwt.; and in beans of 2,935 cwt.

In Green Crops, potatoes show an increase in yield of 135,386 tons in 1885 compared with 1884; turnips of 43,859 tons; mangold wurtzel and beet root, of 60,253 tons; and cabbage, of 33,800 tons.

Flax shows the large increase of 786,705 stones of 14 lbs., and hay of 333,320 tons.

Compared with 1884, every crop in 1885, except bere, shows an increased average produce per statute acre. Wheat increased 0.8 cwt.; oats 0.2 cwt.; barley 0.1 cwt.; rye 1.6 cwt.; beans, 2.8 cwt.; pease 0.8 cwt.; potatoes, 0.2 ton; turnips, 0.4 ton; mangold wurtzel and beet root, 0.7 ton; cabbage, 0.2 ton; flax, 2.3 stones; and hay, 0.1 ton. The only decrease was in bere—0.3 cwt.

The total produce of the several crops in 1884 and 1885, and the increase or decrease in the latter year, are given in Table VI.; the average produce per statute acre in Table VII.; and in Table VIII. are given the total extent under each of the principal crops, the estimated average yield per statute acre, and the total produce, for each year from 1876 to 1885, inclusive.

TABLE VI.—The total produce of the Crops in 1884 and 1885, and the increase or decrease in the latter year:—

Estimated average produce per acre in 1884 and 1885.

Crops.	Produce.		Increase in 1885.	Decrease in 1885.
	1884.	1885.		
Wheat, in Cwt. of 112 lbs.,	991,654	1,097,198	105,544	—
Oats,	18,100,448	18,133,677	24,229	—
Barley,	2,975,782	2,883,337	208,148	—
Bere,	4,736	4,633	—	113
Rye,	78,379	106,682	27,306	—
Beans,	117,560	114,295	—	2,935
Pease,	12,397	9,505	—	2,402
Potatoes, in Tons,	3,040,532	3,175,738	135,386	—
Turnips,	3,007,924	3,051,783	43,859	—
Mangold Wurtzel & Beet Root, J.	439,477	490,730	50,253	—
Cabbage,	353,908	387,708	33,800	—
Flax, in Stones of 14 lbs.,	2,955,530	3,292,535	786,705	—
Hay, in Tons,	3,832,775	4,156,035	333,320	—

TABLE VII.—The estimated average produce per statute acre of the Crops in 1884 and 1885, and the increase or decrease in 1885 compared with 1884:—

Average produce of Crops in 1884 and 1885.

Crops.	Produce per Statute Acre.		Increase in 1885.	Decrease in 1885.
	1884.	1885.		
Wheat, in Cwt. of 112 lbs.,	14.6	15.4	0.8	—
Oats,	13.4	13.6	0.2	—
Barley,	16.9	16.1	0.1	—
Bere,	13.7	13.4	—	0.3
Rye,	11.1	12.7	1.6	—
Beans,	15.3	15.0	2.8	—
Pease,	12.6	12.4	0.6	—
Potatoes, in Tons,	9.8	4.0	0.2	—
Turnips,	11.5	11.9	0.4	—
Mangold Wurtzel & Beet Root, J.	12.7	13.4	0.7	—
Cabbage,	9.2	9.4	0.2	—
Flax, in Stones of 14 lbs.,	29.1	30.4	2.3	—
Hay, in Tons,	1.9	2.0	0.1	—

The further statement contained in Table VIII. gives a general view of the state of agriculture during the year 1885 as compared with preceding years.

Extent under Crops, produce, &c., 1884-85.

Tables showing the total produce of the Crops in 1885, by counties and provinces, will be found at page 30, and by poor law unions at page 36. The average rates by counties and provinces for each year from 1876 to 1885, are given at pages 45 to 49.

TABLE VIII.—The extent under each of the principal Crops—the average Yield per Statute Acre, and the total Produce for all Ireland, in each year from 1876 to 1885, inclusive.

YEAR.	EXTENT UNDER CROPS IN STATUTE MEASURE.											
	Wheat	Oats	Rye	Rye	Rye	Potatoes	Turnips	Mangel-Wurzel and Beet Root	Cabbages	Pars	Hay	
1876.	110,390	1,487,056	220,114	602	8,363	336,216	544,637	48,888	35,902	187,068	1,081,120	
1877.	109,292	1,476,373	226,216	603	8,444	372,393	534,479	48,943	38,407	187,068	1,082,407	
1878.	104,841	1,415,245	235,504	595	10,061	48,713	690,546	44,229	38,428	111,817	1,042,804	
1879.	107,811	1,381,361	234,202	533	2,069	49,571	51,097	81,185	53,458	120,025	1,047,454	
1880.	108,708	1,361,228	218,918	561	7,149	309,835	302,835	61,303	36,402	107,349	1,040,525	
1881.	108,294	1,365,322	218,063	474	7,040	340,269	295,215	46,738	38,894	147,145	1,001,629	
1882.	108,874	1,367,367	187,248	263	7,175	367,318	294,919	36,556	36,948	113,464	1,082,522	
1883.	94,749	1,381,291	211,291	216	7,090	306,967	306,729	37,945	35,513	95,948	1,081,361	
1884.	97,069	1,343,444	187,961	260	7,149	326,932	324,861	34,541	30,424	93,325	1,065,20	
1885.	71,037	1,320,069	173,124	244	5,609	377,289	326,934	37,179	42,157	103,147	934,396	
ESTIMATED AVERAGE PRODUCE PER STATUTE ACRE.												
	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Wheat, 1885.	Cost.	
1876.	17.9	14.3	27.6	18.6	15.0	4.7	12.2	10.2	10.2	32.7	19	
1877.	14.6	12.1	25.6	14.2	12.4	2.0	10.7	9.8	9.8	31.8	23	
1878.	13.9	10.6	16.1	10.9	14.1	2.0	14.2	10.9	10.9	41.7	23	
1879.	11.6	11.7	12.8	12.2	9.7	1.0	6.5	5.0	5.0	23.9	19	
1880.	10.9	11.2	15.3	14.7	19.6	2.0	11.3	10.6	9.9	39.3	29	
1881.	14.6	14.2	15.6	14.9	19.5	4.9	12.6	12.6	9.6	39.1	29	
1882.	12.6	12.7	14.7	14.9	19.9	2.4	11.9	9.8	9.8	29.1	21	
1883.	11.2	11.4	12.4	12.4	17.4	4.8	14.9	12.9	9.5	39.5	29	
1884.	12.6	12.7	14.9	13.7	21.1	2.0	13.5	12.7	9.2	29.1	19	
1885.	12.4	12.6	13.1	14.4	22.7	4.9	11.9	12.4	9.4	39.4	29	
TOTAL PRODUCE.												
	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.	Cost.
1876.	5,629,039	21,415,196	3,875,308	11,172	120,380	4,254,703	4,346,816	680,060	345,719	57,141	3,480,329	
1877.	5,391,196	17,385,058	3,587,164	80,169	222,562	1,757,103	3,554,625	580,762	305,405	52,113	3,601,183	
1878.	5,001,985	16,644,645	4,017,764	9,930	156,100	3,235,504	4,261,726	615,485	404,713	51,138	4,412,564	
1879.	5,798,881	15,348,072	3,260,010	6,764	75,206	1,130,973	3,867,804	480,296	211,543	19,144	3,088,030	
1880.	5,025,717	15,056,478	3,444,442	8,225	72,303	2,984,039	4,338,668	434,221	260,088	25,393	3,234,033	
1881.	5,207,130	15,209,874	3,828,078	6,868	73,946	3,435,889	3,888,846	681,232	373,568	55,388	3,090,634	
1882.	5,073,449	15,208,685	2,738,214	5,220	68,903	1,934,264	4,025,361	438,767	342,061	50,032	4,115,382	
1883.	5,399,713	15,351,251	2,641,307	4,434	82,838	3,451,586	4,294,217	632,711	348,571	55,393	5,551,209	
1884.	5,054,514	15,169,645	2,672,309	4,258	78,319	3,646,226	3,567,826	430,477	362,908	55,072	5,085,773	
1885.	5,367,193	15,153,577	2,681,307	4,323	106,062	3,175,768	3,554,703	439,739	367,708	50,403	4,196,035	

PART III.—LIVE STOCK.

Number and
Age of Live
Stock, 1884
and 1885.

TABLE IX.—The Number and Ages of the Live Stock in Ireland, in 1884 and 1885, and the Increase or Decrease in each description:—

DESCRIPTION OF STOCK.			NUMBER IN 1884.	NUMBER IN 1885.	INCREASE IN 1885.	DECREASE IN 1882.
HORSES,	{ Two years old and upwards, One year old and under two, Under one year,	—	416,970	418,785	1,815	—
		—	50,454	64,962	5,518	—
		—	56,583	63,397	5,014	—
	Total No. of Horses,	—	534,707	547,144	12,347	—
MULES,	—	—	27,542	29,268	1,644	—
ASSES,	—	—	191,539	197,170	5,831	—
CATTLE,	{ Two years old and upwards, One year old and under two, Under one year,	—	2,977,747	2,936,199	88,452	—
		—	880,764	881,738	974	—
		—	954,278	980,914	26,636	—
	Total No. of Cattle,	—	4,112,799	4,228,831	116,063	—
Sheep,	{ One year old and upwards, Under one year,	—	2,038,534	2,138,568	110,244	—
		—	1,216,888	1,338,488	122,600	—
	Total No. of Sheep,	—	3,255,422	3,475,056	222,634	—
Pigs,	{ One year old and upwards, Under one year,	—	167,638	160,653	—	7,029
		—	1,138,668	1,108,439	—	36,429
	Total No. of Pigs,	—	1,306,506	1,269,092	—	37,408
Goats,	—	—	284,411	264,437	10,026	—
Powder,	—	—	12,747,400	13,890,832	1,143,072	—

Number of
Live Stock.

At the period of the enumeration in 1885, the total number of horses in Ireland was 547,144, being an increase of 12,347 compared with 1884. There was an increase of

1,815 in the number "two years old and upwards," of 5,518 in the "one year old, and under two," and of 5,014 in those "under one year."

Mules numbered 29,286, being 1,644 more than in 1884, and asses amounted to 197,170 being an increase of 5,881 on the previous year.

Horses, Mules and Asses taken together numbered 739,161 in 1876, and 773,600 in 1885, being an increase of 34,439, or 4.7 per cent.

Cattle numbered 4,228,851 in 1885, showing a total increase of 116,062 on the number enumerated in 1884; in the "two years old and upwards" there was an increase of 88,452, and in those "one year old and under two" of 974, and of 26,536 in those "under one year." Taking the ten years 1876 to 1885, cattle decreased in number from 4,117,440 in 1876, to 3,985,120 in 1878, rose to 4,067,778 in 1879, and increased in the present year to 4,228,851, as already stated.

Sheep amounted to 3,478,056 in 1885, showing an increase of 232,844 on the previous year; the "one year old and upwards" increased by 110,244, and those "under one year" by 122,600.

Comparing 1876 with 1885 there has been a decrease in the number of sheep of from 4,009,157 in the former, to 3,478,056 in the latter year.

Pigs were returned as 1,269,092 in 1885, showing a decrease of 37,458, or 2.9 per cent. on the previous year. The "one year old and upwards" decreased by 7,029, and those "under one year" by 30,429.

Comparing the number of pigs returned in the ten years from 1876 to 1885, the highest number was enumerated in 1877, 1,468,712, and the lowest in 1880, 850,269.

Goats numbered 264,437 in 1885, being 10,026 more than in 1884, and 428 more than in 1876.

The number of poultry in 1885 was 13,850,532, being 1,103,072 more than in 1884, and Poultry, 232,032 more than in 1876. Of the 13,850,532 poultry in 1885, 811,384 were turkeys; 2,134,234 geese; 2,861,458 ducks; and 8,043,456 ordinary fowl.

Compared with 1884 turkeys increased by 104,772, geese by 250,581, ducks by 242,411, and ordinary fowl by 505,308.

Estimating the geese and turkeys at an average market price of 3s. each, and ducks and ordinary fowl at 2s. 6d. per pair, the poultry in Ireland at the time of enumeration in 1885 would represent a total value of £1,123,400.

TABLE X.—The Number of Live Stock in Ireland, in each year from 1876 to 1885, inclusive:—

Years.	Horses and Mules.	Asses.	Cattle.	Sheep.	Pigs.	Goats.	Poultry.
1876, .	555,951	182,210	4,117,440	4,009,157	1,423,042	264,000	13,618,900
1877, .	573,408	185,543	3,997,508	3,987,509	1,458,712	267,297	13,566,083
1878, .	586,616	188,464	3,985,120	4,086,134	1,359,399	278,974	13,711,174
1879, .	596,890	188,829	4,067,778	4,017,903	1,072,185	276,848	13,782,835
1880, .	583,130	181,327	3,921,517	3,562,463	850,269	265,789	13,630,182
1881, .	574,766	187,143	3,864,506	3,255,185	1,095,530	266,078	13,972,425
1882, .	585,925	187,782	3,987,711	3,871,785	1,430,123	263,272	13,909,096
1883, .	581,427	189,760	4,096,353	3,219,311	1,348,364	263,146	13,325,430
1884, .	562,439	191,339	4,112,789	3,245,212	1,304,580	264,411	12,747,460
1885, .	576,430	197,170	4,228,851	3,478,056	1,269,092	264,437	13,850,532

TABLE XI.—The proportion per cent. of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Pigs in Ireland, according to Age, for the years 1876 to 1885, inclusive:—

YEARS.	HORSES.			CATTLE.			SHEEP.			PIGS.		
	Percentage at each age.			Percentage at each age.			Percentage at each age.			Percentage at each age.		
	Two Years old and upwards.	One Year old and under Two.	Under One Year.	Two Years old and upwards.	One Year old and under Two.	Under One Year.	One Year old and upwards.	Under One Year.	Under One Year old and upwards.	One Year old and upwards.	Under One Year.	Under One Year.
1876, .	77.9	10.7	11.4	50.8	18.9	21.3	64.2	35.7	13.8	86.2		
1877, .	79.5	11.6	12.0	60.1	19.6	20.3	63.5	36.5	13.6	86.4		
1878, .	74.1	12.2	11.6	59.3	18.5	20.2	63.2	36.8	13.3	86.7		
1879, .	74.5	12.1	11.4	56.7	20.0	23.3	64.0	36.0	13.4	86.6		
1880, .	73.2	12.1	9.7	57.7	20.9	21.4	64.4	35.6	13.6	86.4		
1881, .	79.2	11.4	9.4	57.9	19.0	22.2	64.5	35.5	13.7	86.3		
1882, .	79.6	10.4	10.0	57.0	19.9	23.1	63.0	37.0	13.2	86.8		
1883, .	79.2	10.5	10.8	55.3	20.5	23.9	61.7	38.3	13.4	86.6		
1884, .	78.0	11.1	10.9	55.3	21.5	23.2	63.3	37.5	12.8	87.2		
1885, .	76.8	11.9	11.6	56.0	20.6	23.2	61.5	38.5	12.7	87.3		

Tables showing the number of Live Stock in 1885, by counties and provinces will be found at page 50, by Poor Law Unions at page 51, and by counties and provinces for each year from 1876 to 1885 at page 55.

With the view of giving a more accurate idea of the number of live stock produced in Ireland the following statement has been extracted from the Statistical Returns published in the Report under the "Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, Ireland."

Number of Cattle, Sheep, and Swine, exported from Ireland to Great Britain during each of the eleven years 1876-85:—

Treas.	Cattle.					Sheep.			Swine.			Total	
	Oxen, Bulls, and Cows.				Total	Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Total	Pigs	Hogs		
	Fatt. Cattle	Scour. Cattle destined for breeding purposes	Other Cattle	Total									
1876.	352,048	322,126	31,747	685,911	51,500	510,210	842,287	107,473	512,713	210,179	74,683	822,018 1875.	
1877.	350,314	286,519	31,732	668,561	51,417	606,226	874,013	101,157	586,700	210,044	72,203	812,246 1876.	
1878.	246,013	268,543	1,706	516,262	51,500	468,944	615,126	105,645	620,274	180,323	76,355	811,687 1877.	
1879.	245,044	430,558	4,554	681,607	61,504	709,394	611,020	104,072	642,569	180,187	78,360	810,687 1878.	
1880.	247,000	326,218	1,935	575,143	61,504	626,364	706,021	103,116	625,213	171,029	58,544	810,685 1879.	
1881.	232,383	317,200	2,827	627,410	61,412	511,210	596,246	112,327	524,508	168,010	50,387	773,800 1880.	
1882.	279,123	310,906	3,781	613,710	51,502	521,017	612,745	104,794	521,027	165,012	51,977	752,989 1881.	
1883.	295,777	497,759	4,066	793,532	51,502	722,214	591,545	105,585	538,406	160,665	51,449	750,845 1882.	
1884.	216,060	310,623	1,439	606,562	44,207	520,907	512,166	104,063	500,775	155,705	27,324	481,207 1883.	
1885.	246,328	307,503	3,289	610,810	51,507	725,912	510,985	117,500	510,913	157,307	29,435	480,825 1884.	
1886.	243,246	342,488	3,584	654,212	51,506	510,879	626,929	108,910	529,014	178,670	37,323	808,365 1885.	

From the foregoing it will be seen that some of the younger animals included in the Statistics of Exports must of necessity escape enumeration in June of each year when the returns of live stock are collected for this Department. Viewing the number of animals exported in relation to those enumerated it will be observed that in cattle the number exported bear a relation of 15·1 per cent. to those enumerated in 1885, as compared with 17·4 per cent. in 1884; in sheep 18·1 per cent. as compared with 16·4 per cent. in 1884; and in pigs 31·4 per cent. as compared with 35·0 per cent. in 1884.

From the same return it appears that the number of horses exported in 1885 amounted to 28,163, equal to 5·1 per cent. of those enumerated.

Imports of Live Stock. It also appears that during the same period there were imported into Ireland, 2,493 horses, 1,960 cattle, 27,629 sheep, and 108 pigs.

SCUTCHING MILLS IN IRELAND.

Scutching Mills, 1885. The number of Mills for scutching Flax in Ireland in 1885 was 1,092, being a decrease of 23 compared with 1884, and of 148 in the ten years, 1876-1885. 1,067 of these Mills in 1885 were in Ulster, 9 in Munster, 9 in Connaught, and 7 in Leinster. There were 479 Mills with from 1 to 4 stocks; 302 having 5 or 6; 257 with from 7 to 12; 47 having from 13 to 18, and 7 having above 18 stocks; 897 were worked by water power; 120 by steam; 74 by water and steam; and 1 by horse-power.

Scutching Mills, 1876 to 1885. The following is the number of Scutching Mills, in each year, from 1876 to 1885, inclusive, by Provinces:—

Provinces.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.
Leinster.	12	12	12	9	8	9	7	5	9	7
Munster.	24	31	19	18	18	16	19	15	12	9
Ulster.	1,154	1,154	1,162	1,152	1,160	1,155	1,114	1,090	1,085	1,067
Connaught.	20	19	18	15	16	13	12	10	8	9
IRELAND.	1,240	1,332	1,269	1,194	1,182	1,172	1,152	1,132	1,115	1,092

TABLE XIII.—The Number of SCUTCHING MILLS in each COUNTY and PROVINCE in 1885, Scutching Mills, 1885.

classified according to the number of Stocks in each Mill, and the Power used in working them:—

PROVINCE AND COUNTY.	CLASSIFICATION OF MILLS.					POWER EMPLOYED.					Total No. of Mills.
	Holding 1, 2 or 4 Stocks.	Holding 3 or 4 Stocks.	Holding above 5 but not exceeding 12 Stocks.	Holding above 12 but not exceeding 18 Stocks.	Holding above 18 Stocks.	Total No. of Mills.	Water.	Steam.	Water and Steam.	Horse.	
LEINSTER:											
Longford,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Louth & Drogheda,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4
Co. of Down,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Meath,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Queen's,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total,	1	4	9	4	7	4	2	1	1	1	2
MUNSTER:											
Clare,	3	3	19	1	1	8	6	2	1	1	5
Cork,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Kerry,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tipperary,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total,	3	4	29	4	9	6	1	2	1	1	9
ULSTER:											
Antrim,	56	44	29	9	1	134	121	6	1	1	134
Arenagh,	11	26	42	9	1	100	74	19	1	1	100
Carlow,	6	16	12	1	1	36	31	5	1	1	36
Donegal,	135	24	17	1	1	179	153	6	1	1	179
Down,	49	53	73	15	2	188	151	23	1	1	188
Fermanagh,	10	10	4	2	1	26	23	2	1	1	26
Londonderry,	95	47	29	1	1	167	153	6	1	1	167
Monaghan,	21	25	16	4	1	65	53	10	2	1	66
Tyrone,	93	40	29	9	1	171	140	17	14	1	171
Total,	474	295	248	43	7	1,067	881	114	71	1	1,067
CONNACTIC:											
Galway,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Litrim,	1	12	1	1	1	6	3	1	1	1	12
Mayo,	1	1	1	1	1	12	1	1	1	1	12
Roscommon,	1	1	1	1	1	12	1	1	1	1	12
Sligo,	1	1	1	1	1	12	1	1	1	1	12
Total,	2	2	5	38	7	9	6	3	1	1	9
TOTAL OF IRELAND,	479	303	287	47	7	1,062	897	120	74	1	1,062

THE WEATHER.

The following particulars have been derived from Returns of Meteorological Observations taken during the years 1865-85, at 40, Fitzwilliam-square, West, Dublin, by J. W. Moosa, Esq., M.A., *University, F.R.Q.C.P., F.M.S.*, Observer at Dublin for the Meteorological Office, London:—

The mean Atmospheric Pressure has been obtained from daily readings of the barometer at 9 A.M. and 9 P.M., corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit at the mean sea level. The Mean Temperature values have been deduced from the maximal and minimal readings of the thermometer in the shade by Kaenitz's Formula, viz., $\frac{1}{2}(\max. + \min. \times 41)$ = Mean Temperature. The Rainfall is that measured daily at 9 A.M. A rainy day is one on which at least one-hundredth (01) of an inch of rain falls within the twenty-four hours from 9 A.M. to 9 A.M.

The Mean Height of the Barometer during the year 1885 was 29.902 inches. The highest observed reading was 30.057 inches at 9 A.M. on December 23rd. The lowest observed reading was 28.413 inches, at 12.30 P.M. on January 31st. The extreme range of atmospheric pressure was 2.244 inches compared with 2.579 inches in 1884.

The Mean Temperature of the year, deduced from the maximal and minimal readings of the thermometer in the shade by Kaenitz's formula, was 47.6°. The highest reading was 77.0 on July 23rd; the lowest reading was 24.3° on December 11th. The average mean temperature for the years 1865-84 calculated in the same way, was 48.9°. The mean temperature deduced from the daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 A.M. and 9 P.M. was 48.2°.

Rain fell on 196 days, including snow or sleet on 16 days, and hail on 37 days. The average number of rainy days in the years 1865-84 was 194.6. The total rainfall measured 26.614 inches, compared with an average of 28.015 inches in the twenty years 1865-84. During the first half of 1885 (January to June, inclusive) the rainfall was 12.908 inches on 102 days; during the second half (July to December, inclusive) 13.706 inches fell on 96 days.

As regards the Direction of the Wind, 730 observations were made during the year, with this result—N. 62; N.E. 56; E. 70; S.E. 62; S. 66; S.W. 105; W. 173; N.W. 85; Calms, 50.

Appended are some more detailed remarks upon the different months of the year 1885.

JANUARY.—A dull month, of average temperature, with a remarkable prevalence of south-easterly winds, densely clouded skies, and a deficient rainfall, scattered, however, over an excess of rainy days. The last few days were warm and very unsettled, with squally southerly winds and frequent showers by night. The mean temperature deduced from daily observations at 9 A.M. and 9 P.M. was 41.3°—a value about equal to the average, but 3° below the corresponding mean of January, 1884, which was an unusually mild and frostless month. The mean temperature, calculated by Kaenitz's formula from the daily maxima and minima, was 40.8°, or exactly equal to the average for January, calculated in the same way for the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive. The arithmetical mean of the daily maximal and minimal temperature was 41.5°. The mean temperature of the month was almost identical with that of December, 1884. The barometrical pressure averaged 29.600 inches, compared with 29.681 inches in the ten years, 1871-80, inclusive. The highest observed reading of the barometer was 30.239 inches at 9 A.M. of the 16th; its lowest observed reading was 28.413 inches at 12.30 P.M. of the 31st. The rainfall amounted to only 1.617 inches, against a twenty years' average of 2.248 inches; but the fall was distributed over as many as twenty-three days, compared with a similar average of 17.1 rainy days.

In Dublin the following phenomena were observed—a solar halo on the 5th, a lunar halo on the 27th, lunar corona on the 26th and 27th; lightning on the 31st, snow or sleet on the 8th, 14th, and 17th; hail on the 14th, 15th, and 17th; more or less fog on the 3rd, 4th, 18th, and 19th; lunar rainbows on the 31st; gales on the 8th, 10th, 17th, 28th, and 31st.

FEBRUARY.—Although the mean temperature very closely corresponded to the average of the previous twenty years, the weather was very changeable—alternate periods of cold and warmth prevailing in alternate weeks. The rainfall and rainy days were both above average, and atmospheric pressure was considerably below average. The mean temperature deduced from observations taken daily at 9 A.M. and 9 P.M. was 42.8°; that calculated by Kaenitz's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 42.7°—a value which is almost identical with the average mean temperature of the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive, calculated in the same way (42.5°). The arithmetical mean of the maximal and minimal readings was 43.6°. On the 26th the screened thermometer rose to 58.4°, and on the 19th it fell to 20.1°—the gross minimum on this occasion being 22.0°. These were the lowest temperatures recorded in Dublin during the past winter. The rainfall amounted to 2.612 inches, and was distributed over as many as nineteen days. The average rainfall for February in the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive, was 2.244 inches, falling on 17.6 days. The mean atmospheric pressure was only 29.543 inches, compared with an average for February in the ten years, 1871-80, inclusive, of 29.682 inches. The barometer fell to 28.740 inches at 9 A.M. of the 2nd, and rose to 30.194 inches at 9 P.M. of the 23rd. The extreme range of pressure was,

therefore, 1454 inches, or nearly an inch and a half. This is a striking testimony to the cyclonic character of the weather experienced during the month. Snow, sleet, and hail were observed on the 17th and 18th. A solar halo was seen on the 12th. There was a fog on the 15th. Gale or high winds prevailed on several occasions. A lunar rainbow appeared on the evening of the 21st.

On Monday evening, the 16th, rain began to fall in Dublin. This was succeeded by a remarkable snowstorm early next morning. By 9 A.M. the snow lay several inches deep even in the streets of the city. The rainfall in 18 hours amounted to one inch (1.001 inch).

MARCH.—A cold, generally dry month—searching “polar” winds prevailed to a large extent, and the distribution of atmospheric pressure was often anticyclonic in the neighbourhood of the British Islands. The mean height of the barometer was 30.001 inches, or 0.188 inch above the average value for March—namely, 29.923 inches. The mercury rose to 30.647 inches at 9 A.M. of the 14th, and sank to 29.068 inches at 9 P.M. of the 3rd. The range of atmospheric pressure was, therefore, 1.583 inches—slightly more than an inch and a half. The mean temperature deduced from daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 A.M. and 9 P.M. was 41.1°; that calculated by Kaenitz's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 40.7°, or 2° below the average mean temperature for March, calculated in the same way, in the twenty years, 1863-84, inclusive (42.7°). The arithmetical mean of the maximal and minimal readings was 41.8°. On the 20th the thermometers in the screen rose to 58.6°—wind S.W., on the 12th, and again on the 15th, they fell to 29.0°. The minimum on the grass was 25.1° on the 12th. The rainfall was 1.530 inches, distributed over 13 days. The average rainfall for March in the twenty years, 1863-84, inclusive, was 2.081 inches, and the average number of rainy days was 16.3. Both rainfall and rainy days, accordingly, were considerably below the average. Snow fell on the 18th, sleet on the 10th and 29th, and hail on the 6th, 8th, 18th, and 27th. A solar halo was seen on the 31st. An aurora borealis appeared on the evening of the 15th. The atmosphere was foggy on the 3rd and 4th, as well as in the anticyclonic periods from the 10th to the 15th, the 21st to the 23rd, and the 30th and 31st.

The month was remarkable for its bleakness and dryness. It is worth noting that the mean minimal temperature on the grass, 30.9°, was 3.5° below that recorded in January, and 2.9° below that recorded in February.

APRIL.—Until the 17th the weather remained cold and dry, with searching “polar” winds. On the date mentioned the long delayed spring may be said to have arrived with the setting in of equatorial winds. A burst of summerlike warmth on the 18th and 19th was followed by copious rains, soft winds and occasional hot sunshine by day, and rather low temperatures by night. The mean height of the barometer was 29.776 inches, or 0.082 inch below the average value for April, namely 29.857 inches. The mercury rose to 30.319 inches at 9 A.M. of the 13th, and sank to 29.846 inches at midnight of the 24th. The observed range of atmospheric pressure was, therefore, 1.473 inches—slightly less than an inch and a half. The mean temperature deduced from daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 A.M. and 9 P.M. was 46.1°; that calculated by Kaenitz's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 45.6°, or 1.4° below the average mean temperature for April, calculated in the same way, in the twenty years, 1863-84, inclusive, (47.0°). The arithmetical mean of the maximal and minimal readings was 46.7°. On the 19th the thermometers in the screen rose to 66.1°—wind variable; on the 3rd they fell to 32.2°. The minimum on the grass was 26.4° on the 3rd. The rainfall was 2.911 inches, distributed over 10 days. The average rainfall for April in the twenty years, 1863-84, inclusive, was 2.029 inches, and the average number of rainy days was 15.0. Both rainfall and rainy days, accordingly, were above the average. Sleet fell on the 1st and 5th, and hail on the 8th and 16th. The atmosphere was foggy on the 3rd, 14th, 18th, 17th, and 18th.

Of the rainfall registered in Dublin (2.911 inches), only .597 inch was measured prior to the 21st, and this included one heavy fall of .484 inch on Easter Day, the 5th. The rainfall of the last nine days of the month amounted to 2.314 inches, or 79.5 per cent of the whole.

MAY.—May, 1885, will be remembered as for the most part a cold, showery month. Up to the 24th there was a remarkable and persistent deficit of temperature, associated with a prevalence of “polar” winds—chiefly from N.W., and frequent hail showers. The coldness of the weather was probably due to the melting of snow and ice in Russia and the Baltic on the one hand, and on the other to the presence of vast ice-fields in the Atlantic as far south as Lat. 44°, and as far east as Loeg, 46°. The distribution of cold and warmth during the month was similar to that observed in April—first came a long cold period, and then a sudden change to warmer weather; but in May the maximal temperature recorded in the shade—64.3°—fell short of the maximum in April—66.1°—by 1.6°.

The mean height of the barometer was 29.779 inches, or 0.217 inch below the average value for May—namely 29.996 inches. The mercury rose to 30.259 inches at 9 P.M. of the 11th, and sank to 29.167 inches at 3.30 P.M. of the 20th. The observed range of atmospheric pressure was, therefore, 1.092 inches—slightly less than an inch and one-tenth. The mean temperature deduced from daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 A.M. and 9 P.M. was 45.7°; that calculated by Kaenitz's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 47.4°, or 2.5° below the average mean temperature for May calculated in the same way, in the twenty years, 1863-84, inclusive (50.9°). It so happens that the month was colder than any May for at least twenty years, but the mean temperature in 1869 (47.5°), and in 1879—the celebrated cold year—(47.6°), very closely approximated to that of the March-like May of 1885. The arithmetical mean of the

maximal and minimal readings was 58.7° . On the 28th the thermometers in the screen rose to 64.5° —wind S.W.; on the 7th they fell to 32.7° —wind N.W. The minimum on the grass was 23.9° on the 7th. The rainfall was 2.532 inches, distributed over 23 days. The average rainfall for May in the twenty years, 1865–84, inclusive, was 1.938 inches, and the average number of rainy days was 15.1. Both rainfall and rainy days, accordingly, were very much above the average. Sleet fell on the 6th and 7th, and hail on the 1st, 2nd, 6th, 7th (Graupel), 8th, 10th, 14th, 16th, 17th, 22nd, and 23rd. The atmosphere was foggy on the 20th only.

There were thunderstorms with hail at 10 a.m. and 12.15 p.m. of the 2nd, and lightning was seen on the evening of the 10th.

JUNE.—A dry, cool, generally fine month. Polar winds predominated, but much warm sunshine modified their searching character. The rainfall was distributed over only eight days and occurred in a few heavy downpours. A striking feature of the month was the luminous appearance of strands of cirrus cloud on the northern horizon late at night on several occasions, and which was clearly due to reflected daylight.

The mean height of the barometer was 30.036 inches, or 0.142 inch above the average value for June—namely, 29.924 inches. The mercury rose to 30.388 inches at 9 a.m. of the 27th, and sank to 29.638 inches at 9 a.m. of the 29th. The observed range of atmospheric pressure was, therefore, 0.950 inch—slightly less than one inch. The mean temperature deduced from daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 a.m. and 9 p.m. was 56.4° ; that calculated by Kacsmar's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 54.8° , or 1.6° below the average mean temperature for June calculated in the same way, in the twenty years, 1865–84, inclusive (56.0°). The past month was colder than any June within the past twenty years, except 1882, when the mean temperature was 54.7° . In 1839 and in 1879—the celebrated cold year—the mean temperature (54.9°), very closely approximated to that of June 1885. The arithmetical mean of the maximal and minimal readings was 50.2° . On the 3rd the thermometers in the screen rose to 73.3° —wind S.; on the 16th they fell to 40.9° —wind N. to E. The minimum on the grass was 34.0° on the 10th. The rainfall was 1.506 inches, distributed over only eight days. The average rainfall for June in the twenty years, 1865–84, inclusive, was 1.952 inches, and the average number of rainy days was 14.7. Both rainfall and rainy days, accordingly, were decidedly below the average.

There was no sleet or hail; nor did electrical disturbances occur near Dublin. An aurora borealis was seen on the night of the 9th. Solar halos were observed on the 6th and 10th, and the atmosphere was foggy on the 1st and 7th.

On the 3rd the maximal temperature in Duhlin was 73.3° , and there was unusually hot sunshine. Next day a wave of great heat passed over the S.E., E., and N.E. of England, the thermometer rising to 80° at Spurn Head, 81° at York and Oxford, 83° in London, 84° at Loughborough, and 85° at Cambridge. A remarkable decrease of temperature followed, so that on Saturday, the 6th, a minimum of 38° was recorded at Passeionate. During the previous night (5th–6th) luminous cirri, resembling silvery clouds, were seen on the northern horizon. This appearance was seen on several occasions subsequently in the course of the month, and was probably due to the reflection or refraction of light from cirri floating at a great elevation.

JULY.—The month was very fine, and for July unusually dry. There were but 10 rainy days, and the rainfall amounted to only 46 per cent. of the average (1.134 inches compared with 2.499 inches). The mean temperature was only equal to the average, for the great heat of the last ten days was counterbalanced by a cold period which lasted from the 12th to the 29th.

The mean height of the barometer was 30.162 inches, or 0.240 inch above the average value for July—namely, 29.923 inches. The mercury rose to 30.386 inches at 9 a.m. and 9 p.m. of the 22nd, as well as at 9 a.m. of the 26th and 28th, and sank to 29.649 inches at 9 p.m. of the 19th. The observed range of atmospheric pressure was, therefore, 0.737 inch—slightly less than three-quarters of an inch. The mean temperature deduced from daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 a.m. and 9 p.m. was 60.6° ; that calculated by Kacsmar's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 55.6° , or precisely the average mean temperature for July, calculated in the same way, in the twenty years, 1865–84, inclusive (59.6°). The arithmetical mean of the maximal and minimal readings was 60.8° . On the 25th the thermometers in the screen rose to 77.0° —wind S.E.; on the 1st they fell to 44.7° —wind W.N.W. The minimum on the grass was 33.4° on the 1st. The rainfall was 4.134 inches, distributed over ten days. The average rainfall for July in the twenty years, 1865–84, inclusive, was 2.499 inches, and the average number of rainy days was 17.6. Both rainfall and rainy days, accordingly, were, as in June, decidedly below the average. At Grangestown, Co. Wicklow, the rainfall for the month was 7.30 of an inch, distributed over ten days.

There was no hail; nor did electrical disturbances occur near Dublin. The atmosphere was foggy on the 19th, 22nd, 23rd, and 26th, and frequently hazy during the anticyclonic period after the 20th.

AUGUST.—A very cool, changeable month, periods of broken and of settled weather occurring in marked contrast, and an unusual preponderance of winds from "polar" quarters. More than half the rainfall (50.8 per cent.) was measured on the 4th, and the rainy days were only 14, compared with an average of 15.5, so that the month, although cold, cannot be considered as a wet one.

The mean height of the barometer was 29.904 inches, or 0.083 inch above the average value for August—namely, 29.824 inches. The mercury rose to 30.534 inches at 9 a.m. of the 14th, and sank to 29.246 inches at 9 a.m. of the 16th. The observed range of atmospheric pressure was, therefore, 1.078 inches—slightly less than an inch and one-tenth. The mean temperature deduced from daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 a.m. and 9 p.m. was 56.6° , or 4° below the value for July.

1885; that calculated by Kaenitz's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 55.9° , or precisely 3° below the average mean temperature for August, calculated in the same way, in the twenty years 1865-84, inclusive (58.9°). The arithmetical mean of the maximal and minimal readings was 57.1° . On the 17th the thermometer in the screen rose to 71.4° —wind N.W.; on the 14th they fell to 41.2° —wind also N.W. The minimum on the grass was 33.0° on the 14th. The month was colder than any August in the preceding twenty years, the nearest approach being in 1881, when the mean temperature by Kaenitz's formula was 59.0° . The rainfall was 3.050 inches, distributed over 14 days. On the 4th hail and rain fell in quantities (0.60 inch) between 10.15 and 11.30 a.m., accompanied by distant thunder, and at the last-named hour the temperature was only 45.4° . After 6 p.m. rain again fell in torrents—the total measurement at 9 a.m. of the 5th being 1.719 inches. The local character of this deluge may be appreciated from the fact that at Greystones, Co. Wicklow, the fall was scarcely more than one-tenth the amount mentioned—namely, 1.7° of an inch. The average rainfall in Dublin for August in the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive, was 3.877 inches, and the average number of rainy days was 13.5. The rainfall, therefore, was somewhat above, while the rainy days were perceptibly below, the average. At Greystones, Co. Wicklow, the rainfall for the month was 2.579 inches, distributed over 13 days.

SEPTEMBER.—The weather was very unsettled, rainy and cool during the greater part of this month. The "Atlantic Depression" between the British Isles and Iceland was well developed, and the distribution of atmospheric pressure was generally cyclonic, with prevailing winds from westerly points (S.S.W. to N.W.).

The mean height of the barometer was 29.816 inches, or 0.101 inch below the average value for September—namely, 29.917 inches. The mercury rose to 30.272 inches at 9 p.m. of the 21st, and sank to 29.150 inches at 9 a.m. of the 30th. The observed range of atmospheric pressure was, therefore, 1.122 inches—slightly more than an inch and one-tenth. The mean temperature deduced from daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 a.m. and 9 p.m. was 53.8° , or 3.9° below the value for August, 1885; that calculated by Kaenitz's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 53.2° , or 1.9° below the average mean temperature for September, calculated in the same way, in the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive (55.1°). The arithmetical mean of the maximal and minimal readings was 54.4° . On the 12th the thermometer in the screen rose to 68.9° —wind S.W.; on the 27th they fell to 34.8° —wind N.W. The minimum on the grass was 27.9° on the 27th. The past month was decidedly cold, but not so cold as September in 1886 (M. T. = 51.9°), 1875 (M. T. = 53.0°), 1877 (M. T. = 52.4°), and 1882 (M. T. = 52.0°). The rainfall was 2.662 inches, distributed over as many as 23 days. The average rainfall for September in the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive, was 2.289 inches, and the average number of rainy days was 14.5. The rainfall, therefore, was somewhat above, while the rainy days were very much above the average.

There was hail on the 10th, 25th, and 30th. Lightning was seen on the 2nd, 4th, 28th, 27th, and 30th. An aurore borealis appeared on the 4th. Solar halos were visible on the 11th and 22nd. The atmosphere was foggy on the 14th and 17th.

OCTOBER.—A very cold, unsettled and rainy month, polar winds predominating largely; frequent hail showers, and in Scotland sleet and snow. The month was specially memorable for the number and depth of depressions, which travelled eastwards across the southern portion of the British Islands or up the English Channel, usually as secondaries or subordinates to still more extensive areas of low pressure in the far North. Hence it came about that the weather was more broken and the rainfall was heavier and more persistent in the south than in the north—indeed, Scotland enjoyed comparatively fine weather, even if it was very cold for the time of year.

The mean height of the barometer was 29.773 inches, or 0.074 inch below the average value for October—namely, 29.847 inches. The mercury rose to 30.238 inches at 9 p.m. of the 15th, and sank to 29.044 inches at 6 a.m. of the 26th. The observed range of atmospheric pressure was, therefore, 1.244 inches—slightly less than an inch and a quarter. The mean temperature deduced from daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 a.m. and 9 p.m. was 44.5° , or 8.5° below the value for September, 1885; that calculated by Kaenitz's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 44.6° , or 8.6° below the average mean temperature for October, calculated in the same way, in the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive (49.2°). The arithmetical mean of the maximal and minimal readings was 45.3° . On the 2nd the thermometer in the screen rose to 57.1° —wind S.W.; on the 24th they fell to 33.2° —wind calm. The minimum on the grass was 28.6° on the 25th. The past month was extremely cold, but not quite so cold as October of 1880 (M. T. = 44.5), which was the coldest October in the twenty years 1865-84. The rainfall was 3.500 inches, distributed over as many as 22 days. The average rainfall for October in the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive, was 3.025 inches, and the average number of rainy days was 17.2. The rainfall, therefore, and the rainy days were decidedly above the average.

There was hail on the 8th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 18th, 23rd, and 27th. Lightning was seen on the 12th, and thunder was heard at 8.25 a.m. of the 23rd. A lunar halo was visible on the 20th. The atmosphere was foggy on the 17th, 18th, 19th, 23rd, and 25th.

NOVEMBER.—This was a mild, very dull month—south-easterly and easterly winds predominating to a remarkable extent. As the prevailing winds were off the sea in Dublin, temperature was higher in that city than in most parts of the country. The rainfall was very small up to the 21st, only $.495$ of an inch (not quite half an inch); but a stormy, rainy period followed, lasting nearly to the end of the month.

The mean height of the barometer was 29.638 inches, or 0.039 inch below the average value for November—namely, 29.607 inches. The mercury rose to 30.310 inches at 9 a.m. of the 16th, and sank to 28.799 inches at 11 p.m. of the 26th. The observed range of atmospheric pressure was,

therefore, 1.517 inches—slightly more than an inch and a half. The mean temperature deduced from daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 a.m. and 9 p.m. was 49°, or 0.4° above the value for October, 1885; that calculated by Kaenitz's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 49.1°, or 1.4° above the average mean temperature for November, calculated in the same way in the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive (48.7°). The arithmetical mean of the maximal and minimal readings was 45.0°. On the 3rd the thermometer in the screen rose to 62.1°—wind S.W.; on the 15th they fell to 31.0°—wind N. The minimum on the grass was 24.8° on the 13th. The month was very mild, but not nearly so mild as November of 1881 (M. T. = 49.4°), which was by far the warmest November in the twenty years 1865-84. November was also warmer in 1886 (43.4°) and in 1874 (45.8°) than in the present year. It will be noted that there was actually an increase of temperature from October to November. The rainfall was 2.398 inches, distributed over 17 days. The average rainfall for November in the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive, was 2.312 inches, and the average number of rainy days was 16.8. The rainfall, therefore, and the rainy days were both very slightly above the average.

There was hail on the 13th, and sleet fell on the 4th. A lunar corona was visible on the 21st. The atmosphere was foggy on the 11th, 12th, 15th, 21st, 22nd, and 23rd.

On the night of the 27th a splendid meteor shower was seen in most parts of Europe—the radiant point being in the constellation "Andromeda." This display takes place at intervals of thirteen years, when the earth's path intersects the orbit of Biela's comet. After midnight temperature rose in Dublin to 55.4°.

DECEMBER.—Very changeable as regards temperature, but generally a fine although cloudy month. Both the rainfall and the rainy days were much below the average, while atmospheric pressure was considerably, and temperature was perceptibly, above it. A sharp frost prevailed between the 7th and the 12th, and another brief cold spell occurred after the 27th.

The mean height of the barometer was 30.184 inches, or 0.302 inch above the average value for December—namely, 29.882 inches. The mercury rose to 30.637 inches at 9 a.m. of the 23rd, and sank to 29.170 inches at 11 p.m. of the 3rd. The observed range of atmospheric pressure was, therefore, 1.467 inches—slightly less than an inch and a half. The mean temperature deduced from daily readings of the dry bulb thermometer at 9 a.m. and 9 p.m. was 41.9°, or 3.7° below the value for November, 1885; that calculated by Kaenitz's formula from the means of the daily maxima and minima was 41.2°, or 0.7° above the average mean temperature for December, calculated in the same way, in the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive (40.5°). The arithmetical mean of the maximal and minimal readings was 42.0°. On the 16th the thermometer in the screen rose to 57.7°—wind S.W.; on the 11th the temperature fell to 24.5°—wind calm. The minimum on the grass was 29.1° on the same date. The month was chiefly mild, but there was a spell of frost from the 7th to the 12th, and shorter periods of cold weather occurred towards the close also. The rainfall was only 7.43 inch (less than three quarters of an inch), distributed over 10 days. The average rainfall for December in the twenty years, 1865-84, inclusive, was 2.516 inches, and the average number of rainy days was 17.0. The rainfall, thereafter, and the rainy days were both very remarkably below the average.

There was hail on the 7th and 28th, and snow or sleet fell on the 10th, 25th, 26th, and 30th. A lunar corona and halo were visible on the 23rd. The atmosphere was foggy on the 5th, 11th, 15th, 18th, 20th, 23rd, and 24th. The barometer was persistently high over the southern portion of the British Islands, the Bay of Biscay, and France, while very extensive and deep areas of low pressure passed eastwards or north-eastwards across Scandinavia.

On Friday, the 4th, the barometer ranged from 29.55 inches, at Nairn, in Scotland, to 30.33 inches at Toulon. Violent storms or gales from S.W. and W. raged over the United Kingdom, and in Dublin temperature rose first to 54.8°, but fell a few hours later to 36.8°.

TABLE XIII.—ABSTRACT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 40, VILLALBA-44, WEST, DE HÍA, DURING THE YEAR 1853, BY J. W. MOORE, F.R.C.S., M.D., W.M. ELLIS, F.R.C.S., F.R.S., F.R.A.S., F.R.M.S., F.R.S.

Long. 95° 15' W., Lat. 33° 20' N.; Height above Mean Sea Level, 80 feet; Temperature, 64° above ground; Rain Gage, 3 feet above ground.

TABLE XIV.—Showing the Monthly and Yearly Rainfall at Dublin during the Twenty-one Years 1865 to 1885, inclusive; with the Means for the Twenty Years 1865 to 1884.

* September, 1848, was the third month of the twenty-one years.

⁸ December, 1838, was the zenith of the Indian rule.

1 July, 1971, was the political birthday of the twenty-one year

§ 23000.1 must fill in 24 hours—2,536 teachers, on October 29th, 1916.

TABLE XV.—Showing the Monthly and Yearly Number of Rainy Days* at Dublin during the Twenty-one Years 1863 to 1883, inclusive; with the Means for the Twenty Years 1863 to 1884.

Year.	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total Days
1855, -	18	19	14	9	19	5	17	19	18	17	18	18	109
1866, -	29	29	21	18	13	17	13	20	22	13	18	19	215
1867, -	17	18	22	25	12	6	17	16	13	20	8	15	187
1868, -	17	14	11	12	10	6	5	13	11	18	18	27	160
1869, -	18	18	17	14	19	11	9	10	9	11	17	20	185
1870, -	14	18	11	8	16	9	8	7	11	16	11	16	145
1871, -	20	18	19	20	9	16	18	12	13	16	14	18	191
1872, -	23	20	21	12	22	19	22	27	22	22	24	26	288
1873, -	21	8	22	8	27	13	23	23	15	18	14	7	189
1874, -	14	19	13	16	16	9	19	18	13	22	18	18	186
1875, -	28	17	14	13	15	20	18	16	14	26	19	18	206
1876, -	9	23	23	17	6	16	19	16	17	20	20	22	186
1877, -	25	23	20	21	18	13	13	16	19	18	22	17	229
1878, -	20	14	17	18	23	18	9	22	16	16	11	19	202
1879, -	10	23	16	17	23	24	24	23	18	16	19	16	205
1880, -	8	17	16	20	9	18	24	20	15	25	20	16	188
1881, -	16	18	17	11	15	21	15	21	22	18	18	16	188
1882, -	17	16	17	20	16	26	25	11	15	20	26	21	297
1883, -	20	17	13	10	18	18	22	14	14	18	19	13	188
1884, -	18	20	17	11	16	19	25	9	14	14	16	20	187
Means, -	17.1	17.6	16.3	15.0	15.4	14.7	17.6	15.5	16.5	17.2	18.8	17.0	194.6
1885, -	25	19	18	16	23	8	19	14	20	17	10	198	

* In days on which 90 inches, or upwards, of rain fell within the 24 hours.

¹ Works worth of the University-class price. Total value 4,200 dollars.

1. Direct mouth of the University into profits. Estimated = 200 teachers

§ 80(2) of the 1964 Paul Berman 7000 Index.

TABLE XVI.—Showing the Temperature of the Air in Dublin in 1885, and the Average Temperature for the Twenty Years 1865 to 1884, inclusive.

YEAR.	JAN.	FEB.	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	August	September	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	Jan.
1865.	47.1	49.6	49.4	50.0	56.5	59.5	60.8	60.5	59.2	59.9	54.4	49.6	30.0
1866.	45.0	48.9	41.1	47.0	48.8	50.8	50.5	57.9	51.9	50.5	55.6	54.4	49.6
1867.	45.0	45.9	39.9	48.9	50.9	57.6	57.6	60.2	55.5	49.5	42.6	41.4	49.5
1868.	43.6	44.1	40.3	48.6	54.6	59.9	61.7	59.8	58.8	49.9	42.7	40.1	30.4
1869.	45.4	45.9	40.5	49.1	47.6	54.9	61.9	55.2	58.0	51.1	46.5	39.1	48.6
1870.	40.7	39.9	42.6	48.6	52.9	58.6	62.1	59.5	59.1	48.4	41.6	36.7	48.6
1871.	37.9	42.5	43.6	48.7	52.6	56.0	58.5	60.8	53.6	49.7	42.6	41.4	49.6
1872.	41.6	42.8	43.1	47.8	49.5	50.8	61.3	58.9	54.5	46.8	45.6	41.4	42.2
1873.	43.8	37.1	43.0	48.3	50.7	57.9	60.2	58.5	53.9	47.1	45.1	44.7	48.9
1874.	43.8	41.6	42.8	45.2	49.8	56.6	60.6	58.0	54.9	49.5	42.8	36.1	48.6
1875.	45.5	40.3	43.8	45.6	52.7	55.3	57.0	60.0	57.0	49.8	45.8	40.4	49.3
1876.	42.3	41.6	45.9	46.9	49.4	55.7	60.7	58.4	54.0	52.4	42.5	44.0	49.1
1877.	42.6	42.9	41.6	45.8	48.7	57.5	57.6	57.4	52.1	45.0	43.5	49.7	
1878.	42.4	40.9	42.6	47.8	52.4	57.3	61.0	59.6	55.0	50.7	37.6	32.0	41.6
1879.	34.7	39.5	41.6	45.7	47.6	54.9	58.3	56.6	53.6	49.0	43.1	37.0	49.6
1880.	30.0	44.2	44.4	46.5	51.0	56.0	57.9	60.5	57.6	44.5	43.4	41.6	43.9
1881.	32.6	38.8	45.6	44.7	52.8	55.8	59.9	58.0	53.4	47.2	40.4	36.8	47.7
1882.	45.9	45.6	45.9	46.8	52.6	54.7	55.5	58.2	52.0	49.8	49.7	37.4	43.9
1883.	42.4	43.8	33.0	45.5	53.6	55.8	54.9	58.1	54.3	49.0	43.6	41.6	43.2
1884.	44.5	43.4	44.5	45.5	52.5	58.6	59.7	60.8	58.9	49.2	43.0	40.8	49.6
Average.	40.5	42.0	42.7	47.0	50.9	56.6	58.6	58.8	58.1	47.5	42.7	41.5	47.9
1885.	40.6	42.7	42.7	45.6	47.6	54.8	59.5	55.9	53.5	44.6	42.8	41.2	47.6

N.B.—The temperatures given above were deduced from the maximum and minimum readings of the Thermometer by Knott's Formula—

$$\text{Mean} + \left\{ \frac{\text{Max} - \text{Min}}{2} \right\} = \text{Mean Temperature.}$$

In conclusion I have to thank the occupiers and owners of land for their courtesy in furnishing the information required for these returns to the Enumerators. I have also to express my thanks to the District Inspectors of the Royal Irish Constabulary and the Sergeants of Metropolitan Police, who have furnished the valuable notes on the local circumstances affecting agriculture in the various parts of the country, which will be found at pages 62 to 70, and to add that the Enumerators discharged their duty with their usual efficiency.

I have the honour to remain,

Your Excellency's faithful servant,

T. W. GRIMSHAW,

Registrar-General.

General Register Office,
 Charlemont House, Dublin;
 17th May, 1886.

TILLAGE; MEADOW AND CLOVER; &c.

TABLE 1.—Showing, by COUNTIES and PROVINCES, the NUMBERS of HECTARES, their SIZE in STATUTE ACRES, and the DIVISIONS of LAND in the Year 1885.

COUNTIES.	NUMBER of HECTARES and their SIZE in STATUTE ACRES.								TOTAL HECTARES or STATUTE ACRES.	DIVISIONS of LAND IN HECTARES.								TOTAL			
	STATISTICS									CROPS, including Meadow and Clover.	GRASS.	FALLOW	WOODS and PLANTS GROWN	BARE LAND	BARE MOUNTAIN LAND	WATER, ROADS, etc.					
	1 Acre	10	15	20	40	60	100	400		STATUTE ACRES	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres				
ESTATE.	1,015	2,610	3,175	3,810	6,415	9,615	15,615	51,615	49	21,192	556,115	556,115	49,010	12,314	24,941	26,974	113,320	1,015			
ARMAGH.	1,019	2,620	3,175	3,815	6,425	9,625	15,625	51,625	50	21,212	556,390	556,390	49,025	4,425	12,325	12,325	21,025	1,019			
CARLOW.	1,111	2,865	3,445	4,115	6,665	10,005	15,005	51,005	7	21,322	73,322	73,322	20,075	6,445	20,325	20,325	39,300	1,111			
Cavan.	1,126	2,678	3,268	3,938	6,518	9,718	15,718	51,718	46	21,347	293,718	293,718	18,718	20,715	24,745	26,745	96,745	1,126			
CLERK.	1,040	2,560	3,075	3,695	6,035	9,055	14,055	49,055	52	21,362	473,104	473,104	29,055	20,075	21,005	22,005	102,005	1,040			
CORK.	3,255	8,210	9,655	10,335	17,535	21,535	26,535	86,535	68	21,510	912,156	912,156	85,000	14,245	91,265	91,265	1,215,320	3,255			
DONEGAL.	1,038	2,707	3,172	3,847	6,422	9,622	15,622	51,622	139	51,493	252,719	252,719	49,083	16,729	161,679	161,679	102,024	1,038			
DUBLIN.	1,262	4,415	5,465	6,235	10,445	14,025	20,705	75	25	21,324	48,445	48,445	21,324	5,715	20,325	20,325	415,025	1,262			
DUBLIN.	1,241	2,705	3,152	3,815	6,365	9,565	15,565	51,565	211	51,726	73,726	73,726	20,565	5,805	20,565	20,565	14,845	1,241			
FERMANAGH.	724	181	2,565	4,365	8,280	12,320	18,320	33	35	18,449	209,113	209,113	31,449	4,105	21,465	21,465	115,025	724			
Galway.	1,040	2,679	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	70	21,340	212,340	212,340	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	71	21,341	212,341	212,341	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	72	21,342	212,342	212,342	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	73	21,343	212,343	212,343	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	74	21,344	212,344	212,344	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	75	21,345	212,345	212,345	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	76	21,346	212,346	212,346	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	77	21,347	212,347	212,347	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	78	21,348	212,348	212,348	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	79	21,349	212,349	212,349	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	80	21,350	212,350	212,350	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	81	21,351	212,351	212,351	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	82	21,352	212,352	212,352	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	83	21,353	212,353	212,353	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	84	21,354	212,354	212,354	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	85	21,355	212,355	212,355	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	86	21,356	212,356	212,356	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	87	21,357	212,357	212,357	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	88	21,358	212,358	212,358	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	89	21,359	212,359	212,359	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	90	21,360	212,360	212,360	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	91	21,361	212,361	212,361	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	92	21,362	212,362	212,362	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	93	21,363	212,363	212,363	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	94	21,364	212,364	212,364	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	95	21,365	212,365	212,365	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	96	21,366	212,366	212,366	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	97	21,367	212,367	212,367	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	98	21,368	212,368	212,368	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	99	21,369	212,369	212,369	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	100	21,370	212,370	212,370	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	101	21,371	212,371	212,371	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	102	21,372	212,372	212,372	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	103	21,373	212,373	212,373	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	104	21,374	212,374	212,374	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	105	21,375	212,375	212,375	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	106	21,376	212,376	212,376	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	107	21,377	212,377	212,377	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	108	21,378	212,378	212,378	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	109	21,379	212,379	212,379	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	110	21,380	212,380	212,380	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	111	21,381	212,381	212,381	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9,054	14,054	49,054	112	21,382	212,382	212,382	24,000	24,400	212,025	212,025	1,040,000	1,040			
ARMAGH.	1,040	2,680	3,264	3,934	6,034	9															

TABLE 2.—Showing, by Poor Law Unions, the Number of Holdings, their Size in Statute Acres, and the Division of Land in the Year 1885.

POOR LAW UNION	NUMBER OF HOLDINGS AND THEIR SIZE IN STATUTE ACRES										DIVISION OF LAND								TOTAL	
	NOT exceeding										EXCEEDING									
	1 acre	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		
Altringham, -	269	662	569	506	342	318	179	62	5	2,640	53,585	66,738	54	3,626	7,260	370	3,169	160,767		
Amble, -	313	400	318	1,062	564	116	116	52	4	4,089	47,265	51,373	54	2,149	5,096	720	3,129	117,527		
Arundel, -	317	255	512	671	262	224	185	67	5	5,045	49,190	52,323	54	2,144	4,441	6,471	6,471	50,241		
Arundel, -	318	1,718	556	2,209	874	304	52	54	5	9,096	79,181	61,363	50	2,961	4,149	545	5,330	231,241		
Arundel, -	319	904	1,329	1,259	472	318	324	63	11	4,701	21,434	94,360	565	1,944	26,148	656	5,649	140,840		
Arundel, -	320	656	965	688	420	654	379	156	13	5,096	54,708	29,521	52	3,565	7,123	345	6,922	161,186		
Arundel, -	321	229	1,107	937	304	142	72	1	1	4,097	23,410	53,545	5	939	5,056	575	4,495	65,021		
Arundel, -	322	209	1,051	1,084	365	265	357	69	9	4,216	24,872	55,605	56	1,368	42,437	25,403	5,321	152,615		
Arundel, -	323	180	384	286	381	267	311	188	20	5,091	28,709	61,679	58	3,537	20,961	20	5,064	146,367		
Arundel, -	324	939	1,183	1,181	369	183	118	73	15	4,846	59,815	76,162	63	4,616	13,153	26,423	5,939	140,200		
Balby, -	161	134	366	602	441	205	35	36	15	2,543	20,089	63,347	50	478	6,675	26,405	5,190	160,817		
Balby, -	162	408	577	341	365	585	89	51	5	2,526	24,811	60,675	51	1,256	13,781	215	5,132	160,975		
Balby, -	163	229	1,045	1,084	365	265	357	69	9	4,216	24,872	55,605	56	1,368	42,437	25,403	5,321	152,615		
Balby, -	164	180	384	286	381	267	311	188	20	5,091	28,709	61,679	58	3,537	20,961	20	5,064	146,367		
Balby, -	165	939	1,183	1,181	369	183	118	73	15	4,846	59,815	76,162	63	4,616	13,153	26,423	5,939	140,200		
Balby, -	166	63	186	1,271	262	349	99	34	6	4,175	20,371	66,863	56	1,867	12,981	17,254	5,454	140,240		
Balby, -	167	63	186	181	33	129	100	36	16	717	5,843	47,215	24	1,021	16,350	1,005	71,422			
Balby, -	168	532	424	252	112	186	149	66	4	5,015	27,577	41,606	56	2,044	2,990	519	5,912	75,280		
Balby, -	169	296	516	392	470	422	265	65	9	4,097	25,825	51,967	56	1,494	17,793	4,759	160,817			
Balby, -	170	194	3234	1,617	295	263	55	9	1	4,079	69,112	54,401	72	1,265	1,265	1,000	5,317	152,190		
Balby, -	171	30	166	610	598	545	165	45	1	3,963	20,327	57,247	56	1,268	1,700	4,214	181,245			
Balby, -	172	30	887	731	369	352	182	63	8	5,093	16,211	47,546	1,207	4,200	29,022	2,308	160,817			
Balby, -	173	134	1,445	475	298	41	15	1	1	5,021	31,084	55,274	56	731	11,541	5,323	149,495			
Balby, -	174	65	230	308	745	394	92	5	1	5,054	16,395	55,397	57	986	163	1,673	5,146	65,275		
Balby, -	175	14	424	201	344	301	114	94	43	5,084	6,889	55,804	58	7,043	6,654	6,654	171,527			
Balby, -	176	334	214	217	298	364	217	116	94	4	1,277	56,181	44,888	56	3,200	7,522	2,544	65,275		
Balby, -	177	445	2,126	3,108	878	211	118	43	7	6,081	26,730	56,655	56	3,180	11,183	8,878	5,587	160,817		
Balby, -	178	214	539	143	567	369	114	73	29	5,014	17,450	50,987	59	1,213	25,870	54,879	6,000	160,817		
Balby, -	179	609	526	366	440	457	159	52	1	4,056	26,232	57,523	56	472	4,201	5,286	30,819			
Balby, -	180	324	1,056	811	316	93	93	5	1	5,080	26,942	59,245	56	3,061	6,122	4,200	160,817			
Balby, -	181	1,498	1,286	605	234	89	17	1	1	4,034	24,640	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	182	300	301	304	426	426	3	2	1	5,021	15,348	57,213	56	3,204	2,529	2,113	5,275	160,817		
Balby, -	183	216	512	518	513	257	231	92	56	5,084	3,120	4,265	19,925	56	4,055	4,726	160,817			
Balby, -	184	252	2,246	1,214	418	205	149	55	5	5,041	52,471	54,471	56	2,042	20,943	22,124	160,817			
Balby, -	185	252	1,243	418	205	149	55	5	1	5,080	20,942	42,079	56	3,061	4,200	4,200	160,817			
Balby, -	186	247	615	626	306	206	76	77	1	5,085	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	187	66	262	618	426	459	75	41	12	5,021	15,348	57,213	56	3,204	2,529	2,113	5,275	160,817		
Balby, -	188	712	1,568	1,642	608	167	120	92	56	5,021	34,194	58,988	59	1,213	21,254	5,275	160,817			
Balby, -	189	24	555	655	651	166	48	15	1	5,075	2,457	24,546	19,925	56	4,055	4,726	160,817			
Balby, -	190	652	5,252	5,212	474	216	26	26	2	5,041	47,215	54,215	56	2,042	20,943	22,124	160,817			
Balby, -	191	367	382	265	197	127	63	61	13	5,084	28,508	57,605	50	1,213	22,225	562	3,200	160,817		
Balby, -	192	406	1,182	1,036	398	70	31	1	1	5,021	15,348	57,213	56	1,213	21,254	5,275	160,817			
Balby, -	193	212	512	518	513	257	231	92	56	5,084	34,194	58,988	59	1,213	21,254	5,275	160,817			
Balby, -	194	252	2,246	1,214	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	195	247	615	626	306	206	76	77	1	5,085	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	196	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	197	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	198	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	199	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	200	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	201	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	202	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	203	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	204	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	205	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	206	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	207	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	208	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	209	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	210	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	211	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	212	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	213	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	214	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	215	212	1,721	1,271	418	205	149	55	5	5,080	24,546	55,213	51	669	4,275	5,277	160,817			
Balby, -	216	212	1,721	1,271	418	20														

TABLE 3.—Showing, by Poor Law Unions, the Number of Holdings, their Size in Statute Acres, and the Division of Land in the Year 1885—continued.

POOR LAW UNION.	NUMBER OF HOLDINGS AND THEIR SIZE IN STATUTE ACRES.										EXTENT OWNED.								TOTAL.				
	Not returning					Total Holdings					Dwelling, Kitchen, and Outbuildings		Farm		Follow		Wood, Pasture, and Woods		Fog and Marsh		Burrow, Moors, and Land		
	Land	-8	-10	-12	-14	100	-100	-500	500	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Granard,	459	426	1,248	1,414	177	300	88	38	38	4,464	33,420	13,244	13	1,812	16,228	2,880	4,049	134,386					
Indenham,	267	244	2,077	1,273	418	323	56	10	10	6,079	33,275	17,707	28	418	21,028	6,172	3,203	159,411					
Easton,	45	45	304	306	402	228	53	12	12	2,644	21,797	15,979	33	1,528	10,541	2,273	2,723	75,925					
Kentisbury,	116	146	276	626	513	763	294	398	15	2,720	30,984	11,060	24	2,447	9,947	1,941	4,023	103,803					
Kells,	261	282	681	517	279	245	145	30	30	5,215	27,425	17,977	32	3,203	5,984	10	4,981	109,405					
Kensworth,	16	48	363	597	171	609	811	184	184	2,162	14,288	21,250	4	1,791	90,486	6,024	3,112	180,100					
Kelvedon,	259	267	1,420	798	398	62	19	10	12	4,209	17,730	22,120	24	2,989	14,245	3,295	2,204	81,644					
Kilby,	341	341	689	659	408	394	11	1	1	2,073	14,744	16,524	27	1,216	6,622	2,018	1,043	130,043					
Kilby, (2)	79	73	158	445	418	394	71	15	15	1,538	13,271	16,395	7	1,230	3,261	1,109	2,008	62,345					
Kilham,	43	162	386	458	174	174	55	75	75	2,306	15,244	26,203	24	1,215	4,025	15,151	4,204	164,422					
Kilham, (2)	267	286	495	658	527	362	322	58	58	4,209	24,041	30,578	49	3,028	18,322	7,002	6,348	281,281					
Kilhampton,	213	115	72	114	220	141	24	4	4	1,106	13,754	26,717	23	1,034	12,700	7,261	5,070	61,676					
Kilhampton, (2)	365	237	425	617	593	616	53	53	53	3,214	41,257	46,932	6	1,072	12,724	3,263	5,743	145,150					
Kilhampton, (3)	147	245	326	1,012	371	347	145	21	21	2,308	16,269	32,193	16	1,286	5,085	2,207	3,641	146,780					
Kilhampton, (4)	149	26	194	553	299	353	147	39	39	1,349	22,778	36,843	21	1,706	7,580	2,807	4,908	79,581					
Kilhampton, (5)	260	134	1,014	3,654	730	374	64	13	13	5,954	44,899	55,465	53	1,352	4,456	1,179	3,871	111,871					
Kilhampton, (6)	313	187	313	685	346	261	104	30	30	2,177	20,060	41,278	36	1,063	4,309	10,451	4,852	37,845					
Kilhampton, (7)	249	245	659	1,169	525	382	55	5	5	2,007	20,071	56,531	24	1,255	4,309	4,736	5,614	30,208					
Kilhampton, (8)	227	475	465	671	543	525	261	24	24	3,173	24,525	51,800	2	1,730	15,817	3,225	4,411	131,598					
Kilhampton, (9)	849	177	622	545	755	486	106	94	94	2,602	35,461	38,279	32	1,538	22,367	8,909	144,322						
Kilhampton, (10)	270	242	1,025	1,358	655	221	71	21	21	3,264	30,361	32,416	2	1,063	10,961	347	4,204	109,581					
Kilhampton, (11)	356	416	1,078	1,845	564	981	265	130	130	4,202	36,004	112,311	30	4,260	16,220	36,515	4,972	188,829					
Kilhampton, (12)	615	1,184	1,225	572	368	194	54	2	2	1,038	14,706	27,659	131	1,482	4,412	4,721	5,002	119,189					
Kilhampton, (13)	266	90	148	267	605	503	95	80	4	2,039	20,264	37,658	46	1,204	13,579	2,051	1,442	146,563					
Kilhampton, (14)	249	85	362	218	612	505	36	36	36	1,730	16,129	31,128	46	1,264	12,582	3,716	1,716	146,563					
Kilhampton, (15)	260	242	1,025	1,358	655	221	71	21	21	3,264	30,361	32,416	2	1,063	10,961	347	4,204	109,581					
Kilhampton, (16)	245	239	1,208	1,212	634	319	71	19	19	1,730	22,138	35,790	116	1,278	9,987	9,408	4,972	184,847					
Kilhampton, (17)	261	142	229	695	811	417	251	67	67	3,061	20,641	32,624	51	1,220	11,448	4,719	5,002	117,214					
Kilhampton, (18)	215	267	1,198	1,185	634	319	55	17	17	3,068	20,309	38,731	128	1,334	16,583	7,595	118,354						
Kilhampton, (19)	219	187	364	564	644	356	77	31	31	1,131	20,316	27,260	55	1,165	10,541	3,741	7,408	146,563					
Kilhampton, (20)	373	205	1,029	4,096	420	137	40	8	8	4,921	24,725	32,868	41	1,045	4,211	3,206	5,002	97,896					
Kilhampton, (21)	253	264	2,009	1,021	568	165	32	15	15	3,111	41,525	58,555	59	1,214	2,260	5,282	5,265	117,214					
Kilhampton, (22)	50	479	1,452	548	166	310	31	72	72	3,068	16,363	35,898	56	2,734	22,152	2,210	197,923						
Kilhampton, (23)	210	166	2,026	368	617	154	220	96	96	3,134	40,846	52,223	186	1,777	20,205	33,481	5,002	98,989					
Kilhampton, (24)	260	303	906	635	387	265	146	24	24	4,584	41,868	181,214	56	4,021	17,149	3,543	50,860	98,989					
Kilhampton, (25)	373	205	1,029	4,096	420	137	40	8	8	4,921	24,725	32,868	41	1,045	4,211	3,206	5,002	97,896					
Kilhampton, (26)	253	264	2,009	1,021	568	165	32	15	15	3,111	41,525	58,555	59	1,214	2,260	5,282	5,265	117,214					
Kilhampton, (27)	50	479	1,452	548	166	310	31	72	72	3,068	16,363	35,898	56	2,734	22,152	2,210	197,923						
Kilhampton, (28)	210	166	2,026	368	617	154	220	96	96	3,134	40,846	52,223	186	1,777	20,205	33,481	5,002	98,989					
Kilhampton, (29)	260	303	906	635	387	265	146	24	24	4,584	41,868	181,214	56	4,021	17,149	3,543	50,860	98,989					
Kilhampton, (30)	373	205	1,029	4,096	420	137	40	8	8	4,921	24,725	32,868	41	1,045	4,211	3,206	5,002	97,896					
Kilhampton, (31)	253	264	2,009	1,021	568	165	32	15	15	3,111	41,525	58,555	59	1,214	2,260	5,282	5,265	117,214					
Kilhampton, (32)	50	479	1,452	548	166	310	31	72	72	3,068	16,363	35,898	56	2,734	22,152	2,210	197,923						
Kilhampton, (33)	210	166	2,026	368	617	154	220	96	96	3,134	40,846	52,223	186	1,777	20,205	33,481	5,002	98,989					
Kilhampton, (34)	260	303	906	635	387	265	146	24	24	4,584	41,868	181,214	56	4,021	17,149	3,543	50,860	98,989					
Kilhampton, (35)	373	205	1,029	4,096	420	137	40	8	8	4,921	24,725	32,868	41	1,045	4,211	3,206	5,002	97,896					
Kilhampton, (36)	253	264	2,009	1,021	568	165	32	15	15	3,111	41,525	58,555	59	1,214	2,260	5,282	5,265	117,214					
Kilhampton, (37)	50	479	1,452	548	166	310	31	72	72	3,068	16,363	35,898	56	2,734	22,152	2,210	197,923						
Kilhampton, (38)	210	166	2,026	368	617	154	220	96	96	3,134	40,846	52,223	186	1,777	20,205	33,481	5,002	98,989					
Kilhampton, (39)	260	303	906	635	387	265	146	24	24	4,584	41,868	181,214	56	4,021	17,149	3,543	50,860	98,989					
Kilhampton, (40)	373	205	1,029	4,096	420	137	40	8	8	4,921	24,725	32,868	41	1,045	4,211	3,206	5,002	97,896					
Kilhampton, (41)	253	264	2,009	1,021	568	165	32	15	15	3,111	41,525	58,555	59	1,214	2,260	5,282	5,265	117,214					
Kilhampton, (42)	50	479	1,452	548	166	310	31	72	72	3,068	16,363	35,898	56	2,734	22,152	2,210	197,923						
Kilhampton, (43)	210	166	2,026	368	617	154	220	96	96	3,134	40,846	52,223	186	1,777	20,205	33,481	5,002	98,989					
Kilhampton, (44)	260	303	906	635	387	265	146	24	24	4,584	41,868	181,214	56	4,021	17,149	3,543	50,860	98,989					
Kilhampton, (45)	373	205	1,029	4,096	420	137	40	8	8	4,921	24,725	32,868	41	1,045	4,211	3,206	5,002	97,896					
Kilhampton, (46)	253	264	2,009	1,021	568	165	32	15	15	3,111	41,525	58,555	59	1,214	2,260	5,282	5,265	117,214					
Kilhampton, (47)	50	479	1,452	548	166	310	31	72	72	3,068	16,363	35,898	56	2,734	22,152	2,210	197,923						
Kilhampton, (48)	210	166	2,026	368	617	154	220	96	96	3,134	40,846	52,223	186	1,777	20,205	33,481	5,002	98,989					
Kilhampton, (49)	260	303	906	635	387	265	146	24	24	4,584	41,868	181,214	56	4,021	17,149	3,543	50,860	98,989					
Kilhampton, (50)	373	205	1,029	4,096	420	137	40	8	8	4,921	24,725												

TABLE 4.—Showing, by Poor Law Unions, the Proportion per cent. under Cases (including MEADOW and CLOVER), GRASS, FALLOW, Woods and Plantations, BOG and MARSH, BARREN MOUNTAIN LAND, and WATER, Roads, and FENCES, in 1885.

POOR LAW UNION	PROPORTION IN THE PASTURE QUOTA						PROPORTION IN THE GRASS QUOTA					
	Crops, meadow, and grass, and clover,	Crops,	Fallow,	Woods and plantations,	Bog and marsh,	Barren mountain land,	Water, roads, and fences,	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,
								Crops, meadow, and grass, and clover,	Crops,	Fallow,	Woods and plantations,	Bog and marsh,
Ashley, -	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,	Area,
Ashley, -	35.5	24.5	1	2.4	8.6	0	0.9	23.6	55.9	24.4	2	4.5
Ashley, -	43.2	31.4	1	1.5	10.6	0	4.4	20.4	54.6	24.7	15.6	3.5
Ashley, -	47.3	34.6	1	1.9	10.6	0	4.4	20.7	57.6	25.3	14.1	4.9
Ashley, -	50.7	39.0	1	1.9	9.4	0	4.2	21.0	53.0	25.0	14.6	4.2
Ashley, -	50.9	39.8	1	1.6	10.6	0	4.0	21.9	53.8	25.3	14.7	4.0
Ardford, -	48.1	43.8	1	2.1	4.4	0	3.1	7.2	48.8	21.1	39.6	2.4
Ballykilcough, -	33.4	20.2	1	1.2	4.6	0	6.0	22.0	27.4	14.8	41.6	2.5
Ballykilcough, -	16.5	23.8	1	2.9	28.6	0	6.6	23.0	27.8	14.6	34.8	2.5
Ballykilcough, -	18.2	27.1	1	2.2	19.8	0	5.2	23.1	27.8	14.5	34.8	2.4
Ballykilcough, -	19.2	31.0	1	3.0	32.4	0	4.0	23.6	27.8	14.5	34.8	2.1
Ballykilcough, -	22.4	37.6	1	2.8	9.5	0	3.1	19.9	42.8	20.5	39.9	2.6
Ballykilcough, -	23.9	40.6	1	2.9	11.7	0	3.7	21.1	39.4	20.5	39.6	2.5
Ballykilcough, -	23.2	36.7	1	2.9	9.6	0	3.4	21.5	36.9	19.6	32.0	2.5
Ballykilcough, -	26.0	45.2	1	2.6	9.2	0	3.9	21.6	41.1	20.3	34.9	2.3
Ballykilcough, -	18.4	38.8	1	1.6	9.6	0	3.1	22.4	30.8	14.4	34.3	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	24.4	46.6	1	2.6	9.6	0	3.1	22.9	30.8	14.4	34.3	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	26.6	50.2	1	2.6	9.4	0	3.1	23.9	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	27.1	41.6	1	2.1	9.8	0	3.0	24.2	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	28.2	45.0	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	28.3	44.9	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	28.4	44.8	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	28.5	44.7	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	28.6	44.6	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	28.7	44.5	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	28.8	44.4	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	28.9	44.3	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	29.0	44.2	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	29.1	44.1	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	29.2	44.0	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	29.3	43.9	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	29.4	43.8	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	29.5	43.7	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	29.6	43.6	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	29.7	43.5	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	29.8	43.4	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	29.9	43.3	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	30.0	43.2	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	30.1	43.1	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	30.2	43.0	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	30.3	42.9	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	30.4	42.8	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	30.5	42.7	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	30.6	42.6	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	30.7	42.5	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	30.8	42.4	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	30.9	42.3	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	31.0	42.2	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	31.1	42.1	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	31.2	42.0	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	31.3	41.9	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	31.4	41.8	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	31.5	41.7	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	31.6	41.6	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	31.7	41.5	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	31.8	41.4	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	31.9	41.3	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	32.0	41.2	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	32.1	41.1	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	32.2	41.0	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	32.3	40.9	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	32.4	40.8	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	32.5	40.7	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	32.6	40.6	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	32.7	40.5	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	32.8	40.4	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	32.9	40.3	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	33.0	40.2	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	33.1	40.1	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	33.2	40.0	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	33.3	39.9	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	33.4	39.8	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	33.5	39.7	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	33.6	39.6	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	33.7	39.5	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	33.8	39.4	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	33.9	39.3	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	34.0	39.2	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	34.1	39.1	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	34.2	39.0	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	34.3	38.9	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	34.4	38.8	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	34.5	38.7	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	34.6	38.6	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	34.7	38.5	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	34.8	38.4	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	34.9	38.3	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	35.0	38.2	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	35.1	38.1	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	35.2	38.0	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	35.3	37.9	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	35.4	37.8	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	35.5	37.7	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	35.6	37.6	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	35.7	37.5	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	35.8	37.4	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	35.9	37.3	1	2.6	11.2	0	3.0	24.7	32.5	14.5	34.7	2.0
Ballykilcough, -	36.0	37.2	1									

TABLE 5.—SHOWING, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES, THE TOTAL EXTENT

OF VARIOUS CROPS

COUNTIES.	CORN, BEANS, AND PEAS.									SIXTY-THREE COUNTIES			
	WHEAT	OATS	BARLEY	RICE	BEANS	PEAS	WHEAT	OATS	BARLEY	WHEAT AND OATS			
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
ARMAGH,	1,004	71,057	1,164	1	35	1,021	94	75,073	45,058	8,704	214	206	
ANTRIM,	2,053	55,223	65	3	37	521	9	47,112	29,048	1,364	206	206	
CARLISLE,	980	59,480	5,007	2	—	—	—	26,250	9,085	4,714	634	634	
CARLTON,	133	41,007	24	1	35	7	—	42,150	22,225	9,717	391	391	
CLARE,	1,497	15,649	872	11	703	372	1	10,500	24,088	4,977	2,283	2,283	
CO. KILD.	11,072	300,258	18,179	54	168	4	5	131,327	62,614	33,521	6,394	6,394	
DOWN,	363	50,937	1,056	44	727	185	165	34,502	44,734	15,477	602	602	
DUBLIN,	13,913	193,743	384	1	182	772	543	121,061	45,454	18,363	1,241	1,241	
DUBLIN,	4,015	12,819	3,738	1	45	7	53	11,560	9,191	9,191	735	735	
FERMANAGH,	497	21,120	11	9	139	19	4	21,073	15,164	3,267	370	370	
GALWAY,	1,570	18,531	4,554	16	1,456	12	172	10,114	45,366	12,587	1,733	1,733	
KERRY,	756	55,384	4,671	55	338	15	5	30,124	26,943	3,123	1,298	1,298	
KILDARE,	1,730	24,986	12,000	2	172	5	5	29,485	9,668	11,373	1,608	1,608	
KILKENNY,	3,289	22,722	16,154	1	1	—	5	35,180	16,272	8,703	1,235	1,235	
KINSEY,	658	22,375	13,223	24	436	23	13	27,341	15,165	6,344	1,429	1,429	
LIMERICK,	87	10,485	13	6	131	3	—	12,754	17,764	1,292	177	177	
LONDONDERRY,	2,730	21,486	1,002	6	25	2	5	23,583	9,159	4,570	1,141	1,141	
LONDONDERRY,	1,085	22,297	1,247	37	877	240	15	28,436	38,301	12,841	839	839	
LONDONDERRY,	45	12,298	87	—	156	8	19	14,286	11,473	2,969	370	370	
LOUGH, and DRAUGHTON, County of TOWN.	1,289	27,594	14,853	2	45	23	78	64,185	11,725	9,446	487	487	
MEATH,	826	84,971	814	29	1,857	3	9	58,971	28,906	8,428	305	305	
MONMOUTH,	1,073	58,332	732	3	73	7	25	30,239	13,894	8,070	1,085	1,085	
MONMOUTH,	895	49,211	287	9	71	30	3	30,079	23,837	7,643	499	499	
QUEEN'S,	444	21,278	19,013	8	6	—	—	43,049	15,206	11,389	1,264	1,264	
RATHFARNHAM,	303	55,343	56	8	586	1	—	26,124	95,438	4,344	440	440	
SLIGO,	934	92,789	877	1	153	2	9	25,708	19,736	3,524	503	503	
TYRONE,	5,074	50,196	17,980	20	46	6	3	33,739	32,042	11,186	2,068	2,068	
TYRONE,	1,613	184,648	29	5	160	23	6	108,813	40,538	15,381	657	657	
WATERFORD,	2,068	30,278	1,170	—	21	1	6	23,329	14,218	6,906	1,025	1,025	
WICKLOW,	83	20,786	163	4	72	—	—	21,804	11,980	5,339	1,024	1,024	
WICKLOW,	5,337	48,181	17,000	—	20	2,199	10	93,658	93,369	13,887	2,941	2,941	
WICKLOW,	1,096	25,308	531	11	—	3	2	27,449	11,283	4,901	621	621	
PROVINCES.													
LÉINSTER,	21,789	204,955	123,664	33	910	1,285	158	452,385	153,473	55,395	15,174	15,174	
MÉATH,	25,702	204,951	43,895	126	1,272	381	25	313,364	196,589	76,115	18,623	18,623	
ULSTER,	292,14	613,847	5,724	36	1,934	3,845	206	617,346	290,878	55,261	6,231	6,231	
CONNEMARA,	3,313	104,914	6,487	67	4,268	18	103	356,723	160,399	30,772	3,105	3,105	
TOTAL.		71,817	1,202,369	179,123	346	8,389	6,405	740	1,094,300	797,282	206,054	31,379	31,379

OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN THE YEAR 1885, AND THE VALUATION AND POPULATION IN 1881.

IN STATUTE ACRES.											Population in 1881.	Population in 1881.	COSTS.			
CROPS.																
Crop or Fruitage.	Colt.	Wheat	Other Grains.	Flax	Rape	Small seeds Wheat	Miscellaneous seeds	Total Acreage under Crops	Acre.	£						
Barley	4,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	421,813	421,813	Antwerp.			
03	225	722	1,118	1,118	1,118	11,269	11,269	11	145,000	86,913	230,428	1,173,133	230,428			
45	289	818	1,222	32,215	32,215	11,730	11,730	17	106,754	67,687	154,200	650,719	154,200			
118	790	58	246	15,646	15,646	-	-	8	43,141	31,183	73,259	163,022	40,508			
20	1,306	97	225	31,621	31,621	1,268	1,268	66	58,284	32,580	142,810	271,642	120,475			
91	1,604	35	624	39,942	39,942	74	54,824	56,323	165,364	814,211	141,457	Clare.				
302	3,912	1,079	1,069	111,132	111,132	55	137	243,033	182,238	485,781	1,074,897	485,781	Cork.			
32	9,115	468	702	65,726	65,726	3,039	3,039	9	183,118	84,649	232,175	396,104	206,028			
337	681	1,128	1,812	71,265	71,265	52,267	52,267	69	215,363	98,080	284,645	825,892	272,317			
137	1,164	49	1,554	14,622	14,622	-	-	18	84,980	43,984	78,364	1,351,268	418,310			
36	317	45	636	10,633	10,633	3,194	3,194	25	43,290	58,292	185,412	233,496	54,879			
29	8,036	983	994	63,380	63,380	39	2,719	125,769	36,358	212,185	473,754	942,003	Galway.			
155	4,116	115	618	41,126	41,126	31	294	70,322	18,200	163,202	297,422	281,039	Kerry.			
167	339	94	618	22,369	22,369	1	131	62,177	36,684	119,481	228,513	75,094	Waterford.			
39	1,114	167	226	28,213	28,213	-	-	32	61,403	62,679	147,000	580,894	174,321			
154	690	83	663	27,735	27,735	1	415	65,473	45,476	214,911	243,993	72,059	Wexford.			
19	1,141	9	817	29,209	29,209	59	3	21,088	16,110	51,172	186,004	58,029	Limerick.			
122	1,019	99	248	36,018	36,018	9	32	86,213	31,845	178,378	330,221	180,020	Limerick.			
102	1,147	806	1,025	50,404	50,404	18,073	18,073	131	142,644	37,695	180,598	378,583	164,391	London.		
23	815	72	485	25,783	25,783	73	18	35,238	33,703	89,021	153,182	61,008	Longford.			
64	264	250	627	32,386	32,386	578	6	83,375	91,308	51,567	186,719	77,634	Louth & Monaghan County of Tola.			
28	2,686	295	1,066	63,682	63,682	112	396	120,686	51,826	174,396	211,448	215,013	Mayo.			
106	438	41	1,154	28,080	28,080	50	139	81,100	13,208	134,999	545,833	57,189	Meath.			
18	439	162	826	28,522	28,522	11,144	81	91,376	33,946	155,465	265,798	103,743	Meath.			
84	563	63	266	25,544	25,544	-	135	72,745	57,713	156,538	360,450	72,158	Queen's.			
36	1,131	38	543	33,519	33,519	3	629	68,021	68,384	129,253	298,513	122,493	Roscommon.			
19	1,185	226	747	26,339	26,339	58	4	45,849	36,067	89,018	211,027	111,573	Sligo.			
295	6,586	172	665	25,612	25,612	6	196	129,392	222,479	986,878	603,990	189,813	Tipperary.			
22	1,813	343	1,242	33,286	33,286	16,354	40	181,094	16,454	237,325	655,790	137,713	Tyrone.			
147	1,494	118	473	25,044	25,044	3	-	58,374	93,345	31,613	314,962	112,761	Waterford.			
22	734	17	767	23,060	23,060	-	134	46,193	33,584	95,702	213,522	71,708	Wexford.			
935	1,353	183	588	45,971	45,971	-	14	335,844	92,589	201,390	374,275	135,834	Wicklow.			
69	897	43	859	18,180	18,180	-	17	45,026	38,291	103,817	267,421	76,336	Wicklow.			
													PROVINCES.			
1,567	9,541	946	8,018	281,299	281,299	1,000	1,851	726,223	621,073	1,107,388	4,020,696	1,251,869	Limerick.			
1,058	15,653	2,083	2,085	361,246	361,246	226	629	618,065	614,080	1,070,708	3,555,023	1,251,113	Monster.			
488	7,255	4,960	10,379	455,726	455,726	165,089	457	1,131,730	506,089	1,013,390	4,280,009	1,765,079	Ulster.			
179	5,187	637	4,868	266,038	266,038	330	3,046	252,343	210,674	615,214	1,436,397	601,457	Connacht.			
3,655	43,123	8,643	76,254	1,213,546	1,213,546	108,147	5,716	9,026,238	2,684,768	4,387,137	15,721,145	5,124,838	TOTAL.			

TABLE 6.—SHOWING, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES THE

COUNTIES.	PRODUCE							
	CORN, BEANS, AND PEAS.							
	WHEAT	RICE	BARLEY	BEANS	PEAS	BEANS	PEAS	
Quo. of 100 lbs.	Quo. of 100 lbs.	Quo. of 100 lbs.	Quo. of 100 lbs.	Quo. of 100 lbs.	Quo. of 100 lbs.	Quo. of 100 lbs.	Quo. of 100 lbs.	
ANTRIM,	38,443	1,161,062	—35,967	14	—	370	32,347	1,165
ARMAGH,	44,511	698,719	813	98	435	6,373	—	37
CARLISLE,	12,877	284,479	25,271	20	—	—	—	—
CARLISLE,	3,753	470,129	233	17	704	—	—	—
CORK,	29,189	510,669	12,369	166	7,039	4,480	—	16
CORK,	101,980	1,240,311	368,329	254	1,901	85	802	—
DONEGAL,	5,591	1,075,754	10,701	496	4,089	3,422	858	—
DONEGAL,	292,358	1,200,565	8,380	13	1,286	14,303	2,489	—
DONEGAL,	96,725	214,056	26,111	17	633	138	408	—
FERMANAGH,	6,422	323,195	—	109	2,433	253	34	—
GALWAY,	21,203	719,143	75,307	296	10,736	347	1,862	—
KERRY,	14,565	448,582	63,144	363	3,496	82	83	—
KILDARE,	26,613	379,027	211,469	39	9,776	43	65	—
KILKENNY,	73,629	480,057	221,263	14	13	—	82	—
KILDARE,	11,369	365,481	596,537	525	4,263	218	143	—
LIMERICK,	826	143,158	165	61	2,258	28	—	—
LIMERICK,	45,743	549,307	22,883	87	207	34	45	—
LONDONDERRY,	17,367	1,169,637	34,815	296	7,081	7,308	339	—
LONDONDERRY,	782	189,468	354	—	1,760	142	382	—
LEITRIM and TRODLEHILL, County of TOWN.	55,985	373,194	262,303	96	562	1,227	1,343	—
MEATH,	11,480	720,111	16,981	486	27,036	55	194	—
MEATH,	11,002	484,554	12,064	45	842	112	226	—
MONAGHAN,	5,257	477,068	11,030	116	877	615	81	—
MONROE,	6,585	346,029	214,144	70	66	—	—	—
ROSCOMMON,	9,059	323,578	1,887	89	7,206	38	—	—
SLIGO,	4,307	360,482	8,935	12	8,708	85	21	—
TIPPERARY,	74,203	756,919	214,557	487	618	76	32	—
TRIM,	14,751	1,072,587	258	84	2,038	1,035	45	—
WATERFORD,	29,800	661,268	11,163	—	210	33	74	—
WESTMEATH,	824	261,710	1,544	86	856	—	—	—
WEXFORD,	65,078	690,288	867,849	—	207	41,669	514,	—
WICKLOW,	10,480	363,487	14,303	121	—	32	37	—
PROVINCES.								
LONDONDERRY,	200,985	4,404,830	1,054,353	732	12,375	45,784	3,147	—
MONAGHAN,	348,662	5,695,664	1,380,906	1,034	14,206	5,204	252	—
ULSTER,	842,800	7,511,278	84,480	1,153	22,672	66,367	5,520	—
CONNACT,	46,781	9,976,204	83,708	644	26,928	362	1,176	—
TOWN,	1,097,195	15,120,677	3,585,537	4,625	106,650	114,355	9,054	—

PRODUCTION OF THE CROPS IN THE YEAR 1885

OF THE CROPS.									COUNTIES.	
OF THE CROPS.										
PRODUC.	TONS.	HARVESTED TONS.	ONCE PLANTED TONS.	DAMAGED	WASTED.	PLANT.	SEED.	MANUFACTURED TONS.		
994,376	1,011,301	9,386	3,077	1,268	30,741	430,361	79	164,317	ANTRIM.	
117,213	91,432	3,789	353	2,680	4,712	264,754	584	96,739	ARMAGH.	
36,653	62,045	3,963	354	7,456	136	-	30	68,300	CARLOW.	
89,319	29,415	4,115	354	32,038	890	182,429	310	132,305	CAVAN.	
86,174	71,284	22,339	804	23,112	989	1,010	498	904,329	CLARE.	
299,937	354,665	203,367	3,378	21,080	17,267	1,781	1,030	365,382	CO. K.	
182,061	230,003	8,099	452	21,082	3,725	364,721	154	103,381	DOWN.	
222,070	194,285	14,738	1,038	6,585	13,633	640,639	772	131,485	DUBLIN.	
45,375	29,825	12,207	867	17,271	369	-	70	64,300	FERMANAGH.	
57,518	33,749	7,554	361	4,636	269	13,066	187	117,394	FERMANAGH.	
161,934	131,190	26,304	681	21,961	1,449	791	15,740	179,371	GALWAY.	
182,226	43,594	18,625	1,008	27,166	735	1,522	1,216	173,326	KERRY.	
26,445	139,571	14,088	1,517	5,210	586	26	725	104,403	KILDARE.	
61,155	84,889	11,510	803	11,301	731	-	137	116,229	KILKENNY.	
92,259	119,015	17,744	1,408	6,935	604	85	2,120	306,756	KINSEY.	
65,454	16,188	3,017	198	10,224	38	1,027	14	114,309	LIMERICK.	
80,116	48,320	18,873	979	19,785	612	277	369	284,349	LIMERICK.	
130,235	154,735	15,879	976	15,785	4,500	436,802	922	81,418	LONDONDERRY.	
55,658	28,454	3,311	133	6,241	229	3,297	98	60,368	LONDONDERRY.	
50,745	98,289	3,873	428	9,898	2,108	21,877	83	63,109	LOUTH and DUBLIN, County of TOWN.	
121,080	93,089	8,385	299	23,587	1,681	3,303	1,758	197,693	MAN.	
41,073	52,997	16,036	1,215	4,563	302	2,373	729	142,218	MIDTS.	
77,178	64,154	8,217	130	4,235	1,184	451,455	137	71,399	MONAGHAN.	
65,996	376,120	26,760	1,118	5,236	560	-	1,912	103,455	QUEEN'S.	
53,069	54,355	4,954	336	14,033	247	89	3,323	148,355	ROSCOMMON.	
58,472	45,669	6,053	193	13,381	1,360	405	21	97,364	Sligo.	
132,387	210,369	35,946	1,626	27,383	1,566	132	1,018	256,035	TIPPERARY.	
131,076	125,163	6,336	238	7,586	3,043	523,395	197	127,543	TYRONE.	
55,292	72,122	21,829	858	7,554	1,083	57	-	45,022	WEXFORD.	
37,496	65,245	12,311	419	7,880	315	-	1,661	102,251	WICKLOW.	
56,559	387,301	42,565	5,204	12,734	466	-	68	136,503	WICKLOW.	
62,239	68,431	10,083	373	4,438	426	-	53	103,364	WICKLOW.	
PROVINCES.										
584,603	1,032,754	100,034	11,986	35,785	6,071	20,381	6,120	1,136,325	LEINSTER.	
722,554	572,404	34,273	3,437	55,043	21,072	8,529	3,085	1,075,636	MUNSTER.	
1,092,173	1,063,593	67,013	3,941	73,022	40,079	3,234,137	5,757	1,048,042	ULSTER.	
226,805	397,813	39,080	1,032	50,148	5,398	6,585	22,438	828,959	CONNACTIC.	
5,773,738	5,651,703	430,738	36,806	385,708	52,148	3,986,316	36,727	4,195,895	TOTAL.	

TABLE I.—SHOWING, IN POOR LAW UNIONS, THE EXTENT OF LAND

POOR LAW UNION.	CROPS, DIET, AND TRADE.											EXTENT UNDER CROPS				
	WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY, RICE, RYE, BEANS.						PEAS, TURNIPS, TURNIPS, TURNIPS, TURNIPS.					WHEAT, OATS.				
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		
ABERDEEN,	72	6,176	5,061	—	—	—	2,5	—	12,267	4,343	3,058	475				
ADMIRALTY,	461	14,002	24	—	—	—	50	14,744	7,000	1,831	1,831	65				
ARMER,	503	20,267	4,050	—	12	9	50	17,311	5,000	3,059	3,059	229				
ASHTON,	1,744	26,150	4	—	4	202	6	26,411	12,581	5,718	5,718	499				
AVONBURY,	40	9,745	9	10	121	—	—	—	6,302	3,594	2,864	2,864	331			
AYTH,	73	12,146	14,958	—	22	—	—	—	29,346	4,627	3,409	471				
BALLOCHMIE,	5	1,062	—	—	—	—	—	—	8,967	1,257	304	10				
BALLOONIE,	56	1,616	154	—	127	—	—	—	4	3,269	5,014	3,116	65			
BALLOONIE,	74	5,766	2,26	—	89	—	—	—	—	4,114	4,617	1,946	291			
BALLOONIE,	825	6,334	219	10	135	—	—	—	—	7,429	4,395	5,267	127			
BALLOONIE,	—	8,854	761	—	—	565	13	12,250	4,455	3,269	5					
BALLOONIE,	91	6,886	1	—	82	6	5	—	5,180	3,003	3,057	387				
BALLOONIE,	23	10,998	7	—	6	12	—	—	15,975	11,309	4,804	47				
BALLOONIE,	23	12,007	11	—	6	15	—	—	17,116	5,144	5,144	499				
BALLOONIE,	104	8,000	39	10	131	56	9	—	3,485	4,424	97	338				
BALLOONIE,	73	806	91	—	4	45	—	—	560	808	209	48				
BALLOONIE,	1,229	4,042	1,327	—	39	1	—	—	7,007	3,265	813	260				
BALLOONIE,	139	6,400	749	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,611	2,914	3,254	148			
BALLOONIE,	367	24,048	4	—	9	34	—	—	22,670	9,455	2,399	48				
BALLOONIE,	795	7,273	1,264	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,141	7,005	3,626	372			
BALLOONIE,	489	1,701	3	—	22	1	—	—	3,225	5,477	559	65				
BALLOONIE,	7	4,075	3	—	2	—	—	—	—	4,286	4,286	184	22			
BALLOONIE,	311	3,723	6	—	—	7	—	—	—	4,095	1,814	363	363			
BALLOONIE,	17	3,974	280	—	188	—	—	—	—	4,897	4,897	948	3			
BALLOONIE,	124	4,044	8,581	—	6	2	—	—	10,285	5,334	3,411	389				
BALLOONIE,	25	6,666	1	—	41	—	—	—	—	6,621	5,922	749	48			
BALLOONIE,	1	3,344	—	—	22	—	—	—	—	4,271	4,286	143	143			
BALLOONIE,	2,279	4,525	1,165	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,014	2,671	2,709	254			
BALLOONIE,	369	13,114	4,694	—	—	—	—	—	—	20,906	6,113	2,709	254			
BALLOONIE,	506	18,043	531	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11,625	4,394	1,368	62		
CARLISLE AND SALTBOURNE,	30	3,885	—	—	2	34	1	—	—	3,441	4,872	365	38			
CARLISLE AND SALTBOURNE,	986	9,279	65	—	—	—	—	—	—	6,017	3,733	2,219	308			
CARLISLE,	1,071	9,016	1,635	—	20	—	—	—	—	10,416	4,218	4,236	418			
CARLISLE,	48	5,489	30	—	154	—	—	—	—	5,908	8,898	1,111	48			
CARLISLE,	6	17,037	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	17,037	—	—	43			
CARLISLE,	58	2,206	976	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,412	5,504	641	37			
CARLISLE,	—	5,512	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,512	5,504	1,860	13			
CARLISLE,	4	2,405	4	—	38	—	—	—	—	5,615	5,606	2,681	24			
CARLISLE,	45	1,023	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,018	1,018	118	118		
CARLISLE,	57	13,384	15	—	22	2	—	—	—	13,465	4,456	3,456	212			
CARLISLE,	208	6,481	236	—	7	3	—	35	6,476	1,859	1,123	313				
CARLISLE,	12	8,110	19	—	115	—	—	—	—	—	7,865	1,544	12			
CARLISLE,	9	2,075	252	—	726	1	—	—	—	2,009	4,791	585	107			
CARLISLE,	2,072	7,486	59	—	—	—	—	—	—	9,918	4,445	1,261	198			
CARLISLE,	302	21,389	6	—	9	18	—	—	—	11,463	4,713	1,381	61			
CARLISLE,	684	3,544	9,626	—	17	—	—	—	—	7,807	3,263	2,363	318			
CARLISLE,	292	5,429	14	—	94	4	—	—	—	7,708	4,479	4,479	218			
CARLISLE,	506	4,449	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,406	5,511	558	156			
CARLISLE,	65	16,786	1,285	—	182	—	—	—	—	16,219	6,575	2,732	264			
CARLISLE,	394	16,042	25	—	103	12	—	—	—	14,576	6,617	2,867	149			
CORNWALL,	16	16,887	5	—	11	—	—	—	—	14,496	6,870	1,289	65			
CORNWALL,	431	10,294	9,611	—	—	—	—	—	—	10,947	6,993	4,025	1,785			
CORNWALL,	289	297	224	—	24	—	—	—	—	12,176	1,473	647	119			
CORNWALL,	414	3,099	317	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,509	3,260	3,260	395			
CORNWALL,	12	6,681	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,468	1,874	1,874	209			
COOKSDALE,	0	2,737	581	—	11	143	—	—	—	5,548	2,879	462	82			
COOKSDALE,	53	1,085	1,020	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,074	1,815	1,177	130			
COOKSDALE,	24	5,045	40	—	14	26	—	—	—	5,033	5,033	284	117			
COOKSDALE,	6,000	27,367	14	—	62	186	47	47	31,465	15,658	5,073	412				
COOKSDALE,	594	8,530	2,020	—	—	—	—	—	—	11,297	4,934	2,967	241			
COOKSDALE, WEST,	45	8,167	440	—	26	—	—	—	—	8,071	6,444	1,199	138			
COOKSDALE, WEST,	1,263	4,414	400	—	4	5	—	30	—	5,623	5,236	1,614	169			
COOKSDALE, WEST,	565	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,000	1,238	2,000	155			
COOKSDALE, WEST,	382	13,004	7,213	—	67	85	47	47	—	24,641	1,204	4,710	247			
COOKSDALE, WEST,	9	4,262	80	—	198	—	—	—	—	5,458	4,443	4,443	3			
COOKSDALE,	319	15,845	3	—	63	32	—	—	17,434	8,722	3,862	154				
COOKSDALE,	444	5,040	204	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,623	4,869	1,183	355			
COOKSDALE,	1,026	5,425	52	—	36	—	—	—	—	4,200	5,857	1,145	114			
COOKSDALE,	244	5,088	17	—	6	—	—	—	—	5,889	3,889	529	157			
COOKSDALE,	205	7,074	1,073	—	122	—	—	—	—	6,217	6,477	2,187	462			
COOKSDALE,	218	8,208	93	—	43	35	—	—	—	6,684	4,225	1,141	363			
COOKSDALE,	1,071	20,000	15,963	—	—	—	—	—	—	10,611	8,111	6,346	354			
COOKSDALE,	78	7,451	—	—	64	7	—	—	—	7,204	5,184	1,024	187			
COOKSDALE,	314	1,069	12	—	139	131	—	—	—	5,889	4,225	1,141	363			
COOKSDALE,	314	1,069	12	—	139	131	—	—	—	5,889	4,225	1,141	363			
COOKSDALE,	337	14,931	166	—	—	—	—	—	—	14,027	5,422	4,096	389			
COOKSDALE,	256	8,000	1,027	—	—	—	—	—	—	8,071	4,869	3,273	442			
COOKSDALE,	98	7,044	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	7,044	5,699	4,869	42			
COOKSDALE,	6	6,007	243	—	—	—	—	—	—	7,044	5,699	4,869	42			
COOKSDALE,	226	1,614	51	—	3	—	—	—	—	4,200	1,897	1,118	87			
COOKSDALE,	1,055	10,000	8,613	—	—	—	—	—	—	8,071	4,225	3,273	389			
COOKSDALE,	458	2,143	1,873	—	6	—	—	—	—	81	5,419	3,291	3,291	387		
COOKSDALE,	9,051	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	5,611	3,172	3,172	387			

UNION CROPS IN THE YEAR 1885, AND THE VALUATION AND POPULATION IN 1881.

IN STATUTE ACRES.

UNION CROPS.

Census and Parishes	Crops	Number	STATUTE ACRES CROPS	Total	Taxes	Rate.	Total under Taxes	Method of Cultivation	Total ESTATE ACRES CROPS	Population in 1881		POPULATION UNION	
										Population in 1881	Population in 1881		
1	Barley	15	74	1,200	1,000	10	100	14,000	14,000	55,500	52,446	55,181	
2	Barley	141	67	9,015	1,000	2	20	20,000	20,000	47,000	42,234	42,181	
3	Barley	26	343	7,807	2	20	20,000	22,336	72,336	66,100	64,479	62,206	
4	Barley	223	404	10,807	6,684	34	25,440	25,440	52,381	50,361	52,355	49,800	
5	Barley	12	2,685	1	387	12,750	12,750	31,434	31,434	80,000	80,000	80,000	
6	Barley	153	61	263	14,014	94	61,022	22,020	64,750	51,940	51,940	47,792	
7	Barley	143	39	128	5,129	1,200	21,000	5,129	21,000	43,261	17,186	16,538	
8	Barley	35	505	5,000	48	2	20,000	5,000	20,000	48,000	46,739	46,739	
9	Barley	32	77	6,000	386	10	10,000	6,000	10,000	35,000	33,412	33,412	
10	Barley	244	38	281	8,262	4	11,000	8,262	11,000	30,000	28,120	28,120	
11	Barley	28	52	84	6,475	1,215	15,848	6,475	15,848	32,966	46,792	16,735	
12	Barley	47	308	5,216	21	12	18,000	12,000	12,000	40,000	37,000	37,000	
13	Barley	21	345	12,903	4,523	45	45,200	12,903	45,200	14,000	12,739	12,739	
14	Barley	25	73	519	18,104	6,705	44,200	12,000	44,200	52,000	49,045	49,045	
15	Barley	27	37	5,347	86	4	9,122	6,000	9,122	35,000	36,977	36,977	
16	Barley	38	4	3,986	-	3	2,289	1,516	2,289	18,074	18,074	18,074	
17	Barley	27	208	4,496	-	7	13,570	1,587	13,570	21,000	20,820	20,820	
18	Barley	4	4,264	-	55	55	20,000	5,000	20,000	73,000	16,488	16,488	
19	Barley	45	217	12,311	7,003	92	44,000	18,000	44,000	61,100	59,000	59,000	
20	Barley	45	21	7,201	-	56	20,000	5,000	20,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	
21	Barley	56	29	7,265	-	1	8,000	6,000	8,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	
22	Barley	157	5,615	11	9,004	1,000	34,000	20,000	34,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	
23	Barley	30	599	5,770	294	96	9,000	6,000	9,000	30,000	29,500	29,500	
24	Barley	1	3,029	-	5	5,000	5,000	1,400	1,400	12,000	12,000	12,000	
25	Barley	55	31	9,027	-	57	16,543	5,000	16,543	24,000	41,000	16,000	
26	Barley	0	226	9,248	8	14	16,000	10,234	16,000	51,750	73,000	41,260	
27	Barley	28	366	8,787	17	8,208	6,284	12,000	12,000	52,000	28,150	28,150	
28	Barley	7	36	8,000	-	15	14,000	14,000	14,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	
29	Barley	15	226	12,603	6,000	56	51,073	9,000	51,073	50,000	49,025	49,025	
30	Barley	55	90	8,045	304	9	15,000	8,045	15,000	34,000	33,477	33,477	
31	Barley	144	55	9,045	-	9	15,000	8,045	15,000	34,000	33,477	33,477	
32	Barley	37	5715	-	-	9,116	15,000	26,000	26,000	45,230	30,881	29,048	
33	Barley	39	4,704	-	11	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	
34	Barley	19	4,903	-	21	21,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	14,000	14,000	14,000	
35	Barley	22	113	7,202	45	50	16,700	7,202	16,700	25,000	25,000	25,000	
36	Barley	34	11	545	3,063	1	20,200	5,000	20,200	30,000	29,750	29,750	
37	Barley	2	44	4,113	-	6,005	12,019	32,644	32,644	32,644	32,644	32,644	
38	Barley	37	62	6,750	1,259	49	16,000	4,700	16,000	29,000	28,307	13,385	
39	Barley	5	204	10,011	-	55	20,000	10,000	20,000	33,000	32,984	32,984	
40	Barley	27	22	3,187	9	40	4,000	3,000	4,000	7,000	6,987	6,987	
41	Barley	36	32	3,187	1,161	30	36,000	3,187	36,000	42,000	41,987	41,987	
42	Barley	32	113	7,202	45	50	16,700	7,202	16,700	25,000	25,000	25,000	
43	Barley	34	11	545	3,063	1	20,200	5,000	20,200	30,000	29,750	29,750	
44	Barley	219	2	44	4,113	-	6,005	12,019	32,644	32,644	32,644	32,644	
45	Barley	34	27	62	6,750	1,259	49	16,000	4,700	16,000	29,000	28,307	13,385
46	Barley	5	204	10,011	-	55	20,000	10,000	20,000	33,000	32,984	32,984	
47	Barley	27	32	3,187	9	40	4,000	3,000	4,000	7,000	6,987	6,987	
48	Barley	36	32	3,187	1,161	30	36,000	3,187	36,000	42,000	41,987	41,987	
49	Barley	32	113	7,202	45	50	16,700	7,202	16,700	25,000	25,000	25,000	
50	Barley	34	11	545	3,063	1	20,200	5,000	20,200	30,000	29,750	29,750	
51	Barley	219	2	44	4,113	-	6,005	12,019	32,644	32,644	32,644	32,644	
52	Barley	34	27	62	6,750	1,259	49	16,000	4,700	16,000	29,000	28,307	13,385
53	Barley	5	204	10,011	-	55	20,000	10,000	20,000	33,000	32,984	32,984	
54	Barley	27	32	3,187	9	40	4,000	3,000	4,000	7,000	6,987	6,987	
55	Barley	36	32	3,187	1,161	30	36,000	3,187	36,000	42,000	41,987	41,987	
56	Barley	32	113	7,202	45	50	16,700	7,202	16,700	25,000	25,000	25,000	
57	Barley	34	11	545	3,063	1	20,200	5,000	20,200	30,000	29,750	29,750	
58	Barley	219	2	44	4,113	-	6,005	12,019	32,644	32,644	32,644	32,644	
59	Barley	34	27	62	6,750	1,259	49	16,000	4,700	16,000	29,000	28,307	13,385
60	Barley	5	204	10,011	-	55	20,000	10,000	20,000	33,000	32,984	32,984	
61	Barley	27	32	3,187	9	40	4,000	3,000	4,000	7,000	6,987	6,987	
62	Barley	36	32	3,187	1,161	30	36,000	3,187	36,000	42,000	41,987	41,987	
63	Barley	32	113	7,202	45	50	16,700	7,202	16,700	25,000	25,000	25,000	
64	Barley	34	11	545	3,063	1	20,200	5,000	20,200	30,000	29,750	29,750	
65	Barley	219	2	44	4,113	-	6,005	12,019	32,644	32,644	32,644	32,644	
66	Barley	34	27	62	6,750	1,259	49	16,000	4,700	16,000	29,000	28,307	13,385
67	Barley	5	204	10,011	-	55	20,000	10,000	20,000	33,000	32,984	32,984	
68	Barley	27	32	3,187	9	40	4,000	3,000	4,000	7,000	6,987	6,987	
69	Barley	36	32	3,187	1,161	30	36,000	3,187	36,000	42,000	41,987	41,987	
70	Barley	32	113	7,202	45	50	16,700	7,202	16,700	25,000	25,000	25,000	
71	Barley	34	11	545	3,063	1	20,200	5,000	20,200	30,000	29,750	29,750	
72	Barley	219	2	44	4,113	-	6,005	12,019	32,644	32,644	32,644	32,644	
73	Barley	34	27	62	6,750	1,259	49	16,000	4,700	16,000	29,000	28,307	13,385
74	Barley	5	204	10,011	-	55	20,000	10,000	20,000	33,000	32,984	32,984	
75	Barley	27	32	3,187	9	40	4,000	3,000	4,000	7,000	6,987	6,987	
76	Barley	36	32	3,187	1,161	30	36,000	3,187	36,000	42,000	41,987	41,987	
77	Barley	32	113	7,202	45	50	16,700	7,202	16,700	25,000	25,000	25,000	
78	Barley	34	11	545	3,063	1	20,200	5,000	20,200	30,000	29,750	29,750	
79	Barley	219	2	44	4,113	-	6,005	12,019	32,644	32,644	32,644	32,644	
80	Barley	34	27	62	6,750	1,259	49	16,000	4,700	16,000	29,000	28,307	13,385
81	Barley	5	204	10,011	-	55	20,000	10,000	20,000	33,000	32,984	32,984	
82	Barley	27	32	3,187	9	40	4,000	3,000	4,000	7,000	6,987	6,987	
83	Barley	36	32	3,187	1,161	30	36,000	3,187	36,000	42,000	41,987	41,987	
84	Barley	32	113	7,202	45	50	16,700	7,202	16,700	25,000	25,000	25,000	
85	Barley	34	11	545	3,063	1	20,200	5,000	20,200	30,000	29,750	29,750	
86	Barley	219	2	44	4,113	-	6,005	12,019	32,644	32,644	32,644	32,644	
87	Barley	34	27	62	6,750	1,259	49	16,000	4,700	16,000	29,000	28,307	13,385
88	Barley	5	204	10,011	-	55	20,000	10,000	20,000	33,000	32,984	32,984	
89	Barley	27	32	3,187	9	40	4,000	3,000	4,000	7,000	6,987	6,987	
90	Barley	36	32	3,187	1,161	30	36,000	3,187	36,000	42,000	41,987	41,987	
91	Barley	32	113	7,202	45	50	16,700	7,202	16,700	25,000	25,000	25,000	
92	Barley	34	11	545	3,063	1	20,200	5,000	20,200	30,000	29,750	29,750	
93	Barley	219	2	44	4,113	-	6,005	12,019	32,644	32,644	32,644	32,644	
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TABLE 7.—SHOWING BY POOR LAW UNION, THE EXTENT OF LAND

POOR LAW UNION.	CROPS, BEANS, AND PEAS.								EXTENT UNDER CROPS			
	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Rye	Rye	Flax	Total	Barley	Beans	Peas	
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	
CHAMBERS, -	4	2,318	3	32	32	32	1	3,337	9,121	1,345	288	
CHAMBERS, -	12	15,241	908	52	218	1	1	16,864	7,202	2,274	44	
CHAMBERS, -	28	7,075	1	4	41	1	1	7,114	3,221	881	54	
CHAMBERS, -	1,018	5,009	17	2	2	1	1	5,146	4,626	950	100	
CHAMBERS, -	13	2,880	2	1	1	1	1	2,944	2,022	569	34	
CHAMBERS, -	8	2,315	1	1	7	1	1	2,333	3,344	495	57	
CHAMBERS, -	602	4,259	61	1	1	1	1	4,340	4,723	120	18	
CHAMBERS, -	1,205	7,059	1,324	1	1	1	1	8,200	4,903	1,026	205	
CHAMBERS, -	262	1,069	17	1	1	1	1	1,142	3,067	363	107	
CHAMBERS, -	1	2,040	26	1	1	1	1	2,046	2,471	461	16	
CHAMBERS, -	305	6,447	22	5	25	5	1	6,547	6,670	965	74	
CHAMBERS, -	378	3,525	104	1	1	1	1	3,630	1,647	761	93	
CHAMBERS, -	613	3,170	1	1	41	1	1	3,261	4,626	822	72	
CHAMBERS, -	538	3,089	20	1	1	1	1	3,188	7,125	1,299	591	
CHAMBERS, -	608	6,517	3,075	1	1	1	1	9,684	2,113	3,272	366	
CHAMBERS, -	600	8,912	36	1	7	547	1	10,000	4,348	362	12	
CHAMBERS, -	11,633	11,633	1	1	1	1	1	11,641	3,024	2,344	65	
CHAMBERS, -	204	9,454	170	1	41	36	1	20,002	7,204	1,005	87	
CHAMBERS, -	246	6,465	51	1	25	1	1	7,471	6,211	1,005	87	
CHAMBERS, -	1,172	12,247	72	1	31	131	1	19,389	10,397	2,553	147	
CHAMBERS, -	410	7,577	45	1	16	2	1	8,000	3,200	1,726	425	
CHAMBERS, -	218	6,029	8	1	34	1	1	6,200	4,106	882	125	
CHAMBERS, -	196	4,285	185	1	112	1	1	5,247	2,059	861	36	
CHAMBERS, -	95	20,013	36	1	6	145	1	22,485	7,487	6,214	355	
CHAMBERS, -	24	8,936	87	1	185	1	1	7,144	5,214	1,161	184	
CHAMBERS, -	164	3,415	20	1	7	1	1	3,500	2,700	6,285	136	
CHAMBERS, -	1,064	13,287	365	1	35	247	1	14,321	5,075	1,000	121	
CHAMBERS, -	790	7,208	65	1	14	31	1	21,279	10,000	2,244	265	
CHAMBERS, -	784	26,543	26	1	31	1	1	27,325	4,245	9,203	891	
CHAMBERS, -	390	5,453	35	1	9	1	1	5,500	4,145	9,023	891	
CHAMBERS, -	6	3,840	5	1	2	56	1	3,938	6,228	485	45	
CHAMBERS, -	582	11,259	7,363	10	51	41	1	12,204	5,081	4,274	1,200	
CHAMBERS, -	5	12,034	252	1	1	1	1	12,206	5,205	2,365	39	
CHAMBERS, -	240	2,648	1	1	1	1	1	2,655	2,785	574	54	
CHAMBERS, -	443	2,817	1	1	1	1	1	4,982	5,527	884	73	
CHAMBERS, -	40	3,040	1	1	89	1	1	3,138	3,984	467	92	
CHAMBERS, -	95	17,867	10	1	19	1	1	17,969	7,107	2,345	281	
CHAMBERS, -	12	4,208	1	1	29	1	1	4,255	2,671	728	127	
CHAMBERS, -	135	10,829	1,322	1	9	1	1	10,961	7,454	8,000	661	
CHAMBERS, -	9	6,680	45	1	4	1	1	6,710	4,456	2,127	281	
CHAMBERS, -	254	80,000	1,854	1	108	1	1	81,907	4,206	2,743	528	
CHAMBERS, -	154	54,105	14	1	12	1	1	54,126	3,708	3,988	161	
CHAMBERS, -	390	1,088	1,088	1	1	1	1	9,070	5,618	2,000	594	
CHAMBERS, -	716	1,088	18	1	6	1	1	9,173	4,120	979	57	
CHAMBERS, -	2	2,088	4	1	550	1	1	2,186	2,088	298	6	
NEW BORN, -	1,212	14,265	13,160	1	11	21	1	24,435	7,200	2,217	862	
NEW BORN, -	685	29,077	19	1	15	15	1	29,317	11,007	5,544	113	
NEW BORN, -	8,054	15,215	1	1	19	1	1	16,289	7,063	4,009	243	
NEW BORN, -	7	7,802	5	1	1	1	1	7,814	5,207	1,113	108	
NEW BORN, -	-	24,027	-	1	1	1	1	24,037	7,051	2,946	58	
NEW BORN, -	261	3,840	735	1	1	1	1	4,011	3,235	322	56	
NEW BORN, -	249	3,840	6,894	1	1	1	1	16,680	6,243	4,249	579	
NEW BORN, -	273	2,393	350	1	1	1	1	2,454	2,341	946	531	
NEW BORN, -	445	2,393	142	1	1	1	1	2,482	2,469	572	139	
NEW BORN, -	275	17,219	561	1	12	1	1	17,230	4,206	2,206	485	
NEW BORN, -	785	4,275	734	1	1	1	1	5,281	3,001	1,239	380	
NEW BORN, -	85	4,205	5	1	1	1	1	4,226	3,000	1,027	54	
NEW BORN, -	119	4,208	2,329	1	1	1	1	4,235	3,416	2,444	364	
NEW BORN, -	98	1,021	63	1	1	1	1	2,108	2,260	436	107	
NEW BORN, -	75	9,090	204	1	1	1	1	16,209	4,625	1,582	304	
NEW BORN, -	1,251	4,086	375	1	1	1	1	5,285	6,823	1,751	45	
NEW BORN, -	377	5,124	521	1	1	1	1	5,341	2,215	1,215	39	
NEW BORN, -	175	6,414	87	1	1	1	1	6,477	2,215	1,120	297	
NEW BORN, -	185	26,213	5	1	1	1	1	26,285	7,048	3,744	774	
NEW BORN, -	35	9,040	6	1	1	1	1	9,089	4,490	1,750	394	
NEW BORN, -	51	3,837	2	1	1	1	1	4,242	4,779	495	116	
NEW BORN, -	3	12,004	41	1	1	1	1	12,019	12,162	801	56	
NEW BORN, -	205	5,245	5,244	1	1	1	1	14,479	2,052	2,245	261	
NEW BORN, -	37	6,187	6,078	1	1	1	1	13,653	3,419	3,005	933	
NEW BORN, -	421	4,908	38	1	1	1	1	5,026	3,084	1,008	568	
NEW BORN, -	2	6,055	1	1	1	1	1	6,060	5,220	1,752	28	
TRADEN, -	615	6,125	1,024	1	1	1	1	6,230	5,965	1,185	507	
TRADEN, -	363	6,108	25	1	1	1	1	6,184	3,217	1,180	245	
TRADEN, -	243	10,622	185	1	1	1	1	11,000	3,418	3,000	870	
TRADEN, -	103	5,209	31	1	1	1	1	5,209	3,007	800	552	
TRADEN, -	207	6,116	8,209	1	62	22	1	12,188	5,820	1,755	494	
TRADEN, -	266	4,520	3,049	1	1	1	1	7,429	2,260	1,215	310	
TRADEN, -	291	10,145	417	1	1	1	1	10,150	3,291	2,071	894	
TRADEN, -	47	6,205	67	1	1	1	1	6,236	4,136	518	22	
TRADEN, -	1,026	8,573	10,229	1	18	1,018	1	21,301	5,759	1,752	624	
TRADEN, -	306	7,065	2,153	1	1	1	1	9,468	3,001	2,279	433	
TOTAL,	-	31,017	1,226,049	170,133	346	9,009	6,431	740	1,094,000	707,092	986,894	57,129

THEIR CROPS IN THE YEAR 1885, AND THE VALUATION AND POPULATION IN 1881.

IN STATUTE ACRES.

OFFICE CLASS.												VALUATION IN £100.	POPULATION IN 1881.	POOR LAW UNION.
Parishes and Boroughs	Debts	Valuation.	Number of Poor Beggs	Total	Per Acre	Rate	Total Number of Poor Beggs	Number and Rate per Acre	Acre	Rate				
Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.	Asiles.
19	371	19	275	5,551	51	15	12,289	27,456	25,450	61,256	51,273	GRANADA.		
20	479	508	29	11,241	59	9	25,520	4,105	22,305	20,302	25,434	EDINBURGH.		
21	72	8	89	1,072	1,072	20	16,153	5,001	21,780	45,096	17,565	EDINBURGH.		
22	507	588	6	4,095	659	20	12,523	95,016	22,984	77,245	30,634	EDINBURGH.		
23	53	4	165	5,370	52	36	20,039	14,734	27,113	95,296	19,052	KELVINGE.		
27	485	12	26	4,495	1	1	6,758	7,000	14,085	10,496	15,790	EDINBURGH.		
2	54	22	189	5,017	1,283	1	10,267	3,751	15,136	44,052	19,577	KELVINGE.		
22	432	15	171	6,031	1	1	20,435	14,444	40,520	16,126	35,717	KELVINGTON.		
3	121	4	39	3,054	26	13	4,303	1,000	19,521	32,987	11,520	KELVINGTON.		
1	92	13	23	3,035	21	-	5,536	3,410	9,260	30,486	18,136	KELVINGTON.		
19	967	53	549	8,739	21	34	19,372	27,256	27,000	21,270	46,263	KILMARNOCK.		
18	192	6	41	5,079	1	1	7,039	2,784	9,214	23,307	18,785	KILMARNOCK.		
19	386	9	241	5,352	1	-	8,308	55,235	88,647	121,024	32,579	KILMARNOCK.		
23	479	143	143	8,004	23	35	14,008	15,041	61,380	86,962	38,095	KILMARNOCK.		
14	65	55	32	6,214	-	-	18,774	9,936	9,278	55,790	35,997	KILMARNOCK.		
1	8	43	126	6,124	140	9	16,558	14,231	9,000	35,206	36,206	KILMARNOCK.		
11	193	102	69	6,115	1,086	19	18,666	2,649	25,644	41,195	18,270	KILMARNOCK.		
26	249	48	183	12,559	2,123	1	44,706	4,942	41,365	65,261	34,653	KILMARNOCK.		
55	149	7	229	5,365	2	1	16,807	22,561	41,977	186,418	35,561	KILMARNOCK.		
63	64	244	323	14,254	2,603	36	57,863	18,037	64,926	17,430	35,511	KILMARNOCK.		
22	487	43	36	5,286	-	-	14,358	3,722	29,065	49,132	17,294	KILMARNOCK.		
7	85	12	173	5,263	775	-	15,473	14,288	25,201	55,675	28,044	KILMARNOCK.		
62	525	53	22	7,239	6	17	12,579	25,289	34,525	35,109	35,653	KILMARNOCK.		
25	573	298	589	16,189	1,329	114	47,395	5,769	56,581	180,643	35,621	KILMARNOCK.		
19	367	58	134	7,204	39	5	14,389	15,302	36,361	60,295	35,511	KILMARNOCK.		
11	944	16	147	6,469	9	875	15,974	17,849	36,414	35,220	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
24	425	425	12,664	1,087	26	26	25,466	2,766	44,284	14,134	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
16	314	446	143	4,013	1	1	16,023	1,929	25,289	35,220	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
24	39	156	459	16,116	7,938	12	4,450	4,897	48,713	92,361	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
24	354	73	7,314	-	3	16,638	15,606	32,004	106,323	35,220	KILMARNOCK.			
8	563	5	219	6,162	5	5	1,073	55,262	27,465	43,035	25,113	KILMARNOCK.		
16	157	308	159	16,724	-	-	30,537	2,386	45,003	54,825	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
5	363	152	125	5,239	1,023	-	32,994	2,225	25,286	35,220	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
7	171	139	84	4,986	1	1	7,211	5,455	16,189	37,949	18,211	KILMARNOCK.		
6	321	12	158	4,035	-	-	5,583	19,543	18,020	48,129	18,781	KILMARNOCK.		
9	273	2	129	7,207	65	15	15,216	12,588	94,292	38,037	28,005	KILMARNOCK.		
6	119	22	151	16,614	4,672	1	22,914	12,202	46,184	83,040	23,047	KILMARNOCK.		
7	192	22	151	4,937	1	1	15,247	4,939	11,224	40,711	17,015	KILMARNOCK.		
22	364	42	122	12,008	-	-	22,988	24,000	26,512	103,484	24,000	KILMARNOCK.		
53	295	65	229	5,643	-	-	16,873	9,161	40,061	153,264	30,422	KILMARNOCK.		
41	227	23	267	8,917	1	3	91,320	26,582	48,584	183,076	38,948	KILMARNOCK.		
58	34	5	125	4,109	-	-	7,208	14,265	25,493	85,468	37,481	KILMARNOCK.		
15	533	20	83	5,429	4	1	18,506	25,380	45,355	84,935	30,938	KILMARNOCK.		
4	233	6	115	4,139	-	-	7,209	1,749	9,080	15,161	18,224	KILMARNOCK.		
24	825	29	210	18,211	-	-	45,811	13,080	84,581	194,616	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
45	268	59	448	14,376	1,033	14	44,937	14,746	24,032	183,059	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
29	145	829	493	12,649	4,028	1	36,689	12,008	24,326	16,279	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
4	172	2	247	3,107	157	19	12,480	11,002	22,302	62,879	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
4	285	63	243	12,664	4,088	3	20,988	30,046	94,704	45,275	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
4	93	2	19	4,126	1	9	8,137	2,025	10,236	14,364	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
20	261	12	241	12,281	1	126	22,733	20,214	40,074	193,878	40,264	KILMARNOCK.		
3	141	9	77	2,519	6	1	7,466	16,178	12,023	39,419	12,210	KILMARNOCK.		
14	93	19	944	2,029	-	-	5,726	5,008	14,042	261,604	47,318	KILMARNOCK.		
24	154	26	249	7,085	-	14	29,565	24,062	44,839	225,313	32,463	KILMARNOCK.		
26	29	13	86	4,739	-	-	39,990	5,299	36,407	65,172	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
23	30	4	123	3,220	-	124	7,727	2,221	64,885	90,083	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
33	329	13	123	5,336	-	87	33,276	1,200	26,515	71,492	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
5	180	3	35	4,482	-	36	14,003	12,003	12,003	50,028	13,094	KILMARNOCK.		
33	295	11	167	6,176	-	8	10,448	25,245	25,245	90,010	13,094	KILMARNOCK.		
24	887	47	82	7,201	4	92	8,755	15,603	22,200	90,812	21,734	KILMARNOCK.		
1	193	38	50	4,037	-	-	8,037	3,945	3,945	18,440	12,208	KILMARNOCK.		
25	361	26	295	5,000	18	4	12,749	21,759	34,044	95,381	46,021	KILMARNOCK.		
9	346	92	171	14,086	4,206	-	47,028	7,987	44,084	184,675	37,316	KILMARNOCK.		
1	137	6	30	5,435	1,049	-	17,365	6,414	34,860	42,254	17,440	KILMARNOCK.		
10	137	5	39	5,245	-	87	8,755	15,603	22,200	90,812	21,734	KILMARNOCK.		
25	583	35	118	14,114	1	88	20,949	6,694	45,202	60,293	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
24	560	63	36	5,285	-	6	20,747	6,035	22,058	95,354	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
20	580	21	308	10,211	-	-	22,134	17,088	40,074	90,849	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
17	584	63	36	5,285	-	-	12,261	25,585	45,780	165,947	41,435	KILMARNOCK.		
2	176	45	126	6,432	-	-	15,082	6,930	35,023	68,755	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
65	964	59	73	3,655	45	92	25,001	20,999	44,038	65,471	55,573	KILMARNOCK.		
34	196	6	247	4,626	-	48	11,015	17,712	20,211	306,373	132,341	KILMARNOCK.		
8	148	27	151	13,980	1,035	735	20,281	10,038	14,268	71,254	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
1	137	6	30	5,215	1,049	-	6,048	4,998	12,453	35,220	16,801	KILMARNOCK.		
100	223	65	206	16,777	-	100	36,197	12,872	32,943	63,244	22,702	KILMARNOCK.		
5	284	5	50	5,233	-	14	12,076	9,212	9,212	45,753	12,363	KILMARNOCK.		
36	262	29	371	7,658	-	-	20,827	8,252	57,489	183,047	55,168	KILMARNOCK.		
1	154	5	30	4,485	-	6	5,285	4,278	14,485	52,244	24,761	KILMARNOCK.		
122	205	80	706	10,503	-	-	22,147	10,955	61,355	165,947	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
65	272	74	630	6,304	-	-	15,670	15,247	15,247	59,061	35,220	KILMARNOCK.		
3,655	45,137	3,649	25,254	1,203,348	108,147	6,208	3,801,259	3,024,793	4,997,022	182,988,348	374,096	35,220	35,220	35,220
														35,220

TOTAL.

TABLE 8.—Snowshoe, as Poor Law Union, 1900

FROM LAW DIVISION	COURT, TRIBUNAL, AND JURISDICTION								PROPOSED
	Writs	Cases	Bank	Prob.	Expt.	Prob.	Bank	Prob.	
	Open, of 1st Div.	Open, of 2nd Div.	Open, of 3rd Div.	Open, of 4th Div.	Open, of 5th Div.	Open, of 6th Div.	Open, of 7th Div.	Open, of 8th Div.	
ABERDEEN, -	1,145	56,746	77,903	-	-	172	1,863	742	
ADMIRALTY, -	1,258	51,382	538	-	-	304	1,118	1,059	
AKER, -	1,828	14,075	98,932	-	-	42	2,038	81	
AKLAW, -	1,897	96,539	82	27	41	8,159	-	-	
ATHLONE, -	478	26,344	142	-	-	-	-	-	
APPEAL, -	9,419	277,307	246,614	34	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	128	32,853	24	-	-	12	-	-	
BAILEY, -	1,364	67,641	1,435	18	-	1,604	-	24	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,358	97,468	2,174	22	-	1,266	-	38	
BAILEYBROOK, -	6,947	68,318	3,476	129	-	3,219	-	36	
BAILEYBROOK, -	25	149,318	14,853	-	-	-	11,600	146	
BAILEYBROOK, -	124	8,346	8	-	-	837	-	102	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,367	290,044	142	-	-	327	-	19	
BAILEYBROOK, -	224	579,470	287	-	-	316	-	8	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,369	42,388	448	186	-	1,819	1,136	247	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,211	4,723	2,283	12	-	46	-	716	
BAILEYBROOK, -	29,192	86,633	33,146	37	-	448	-	114	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,713	124,009	14,444	-	-	-	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	7,418	281,471	31	-	-	22	-	26	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	-	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	14,363	106,489	18,423	35	-	315	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	8,307	26,329	44	35	-	315	-	16	
BAILEYBROOK, -	94	55,121	44	-	-	29	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	4,199	54,904	108	-	-	-	113	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	377	57,329	2,027	-	-	3,057	-	-	
BAILEYBROOK, -	1,366	106,489	18,423	3					

PRODUCTION OF THE CROPS IN THE YEAR 1885.

OF THE CROPS;										FOOD LAW EXTENSIONS.	
OTHER CROPS.											
POSITION	BARNS.	SEED AND PLANT	GREEN	VEGETABLES.	FRUIT	WHEAT	PEAS.	BEANS	MAP.		
TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS		
18,762	55,636	6,064	145	1,364	196	10	56,542			ARMAGH.	
25,549	12,944	4,438	39	409	2,652	47,438	19	22,067		ASTRAC.	
11,665	65,361	3,186	205	1,164	1,041	50	56,482			ARMER.	
12,044	31,418	2,665	122	1,034	9,120	145,224	20	45,065		ARMSTR.	
13,172	8,198	4,433	81	2,738	74	20	1,827	25,237		ARMSTR.	
14,612	141,351	6,077	563	2,039	384	741	49,392			ARL.	
14,686	4,377	36	10	1,584	296	31,327	189	35,475		ARMSTRONG.	
91,947	16,112	719	55	4,711	502	1,117	19	17,045		ARMSTR.	
13,844	22,490	3,058	67	5,948	344	1,009	44,117			ARMSTR.	
58,148	26,398	1,647	175	3,679	386	113	6,72	16,094		ARMSTR.	
22,059	28,856	582	17	450	970	44,379		10,334		ARMSTR.	
15,169	19,907	1,126	59	1,074	130	4,656	75	25,024		ARMSTR.	
32,621	10,704	216	20	395	120	17,430	24	41,042		ARMSTR.	
41,864	24,465	242	49	3,064	1,442	150,855	2	25,451		ARMSTR.	
16,259	7,044	2,111	209	7,141	921	5,255	52	4,055		ARMSTR.	
1,521	3,394	625	10	1,220	-	-	15	3,328		ARMSTR.	
15,513	12,047	9,349	618	1,276	106	-	49	30,726		ARMSTR.	
15,215	25,263	1,362	459	1,026	26	-	29	40,844		ARMSTR.	
43,908	24,472	376	21	286	459	180,618	14	26,177		ARMSTR.	
14,879	22,689	9,644	637	1,263	465	-	20	10,726		ARMSTR.	
18,415	5,031	661	10	1,087	389	7	64	9,239		ARMSTR.	
59,662	5,919	262	10	5,238	204	-	27,151			ARMSTR.	
2,428	10,142	2,126	42	5,119	419	2,806	-	21,851		ARMSTR.	
7,521	3,518	43	-	1,447	7	-	27,67			ARMSTR.	
16,721	40,771	4,540	987	1,207	267	-	323	17,554		ARMSTR.	
34,347	12,858	713	20	5,425	98	60	6	6,369		ARMSTR.	
14,554	2,167	1,369	205	4,834	14	-	195	12,548		ARMSTR.	
15,144	12,255	2,436	218	2,748	51	-	85	20,208		ARMSTR.	
37,758	48,865	6,238	730	5,265	305	-	35,243	3,407		ARMSTR.	
17,568	7,314	964	20	453	259	98,619	12	17,554		ARMSTR.	
13,036	6,982	317	15	2,887	-	-	-	20,745		ARMSTR.	
21,442	15,079	8,624	147	2,035	167	-	-	15,777		ARMSTR.	
17,344	29,594	4,715	42	2,919	81	-	394	4,485		ARMSTR.	
22,224	14,116	744	21	2,946	111	1,212	194	1,415		ARMSTR.	
21,230	11,118	349	17	2,653	43	120,049	7	17,398		ARMSTR.	
7,807	4,140	681	20	1,445	14	-	-	10,331		ARMSTR.	
16,208	2,041	141	10	1,329	293	45,238	-			ARMSTR.	
31,872	14,655	712	20	1,587	28	-	109	42,115		ARMSTR.	
8,873	1,035	186	-	189	-	-	36	30,925		ARMSTR.	
30,843	10,980	3,739	115	4,589	215	36,326	145	6,182		ARMSTR.	
6,274	14,001	3,065	257	683	68	-	84	29,987		ARMSTR.	
24,514	39,889	2,382	38	8,881	1,703	-	89	14,989		ARMSTR.	
7,348	4,412	349	47	1,735	21	-	18	5,137		ARMSTR.	
26,217	14,161	2,121	177	3,957	104	96	20,745			ARMSTR.	
10,209	10,889	316	18	3,684	129	53,054	-			ARMSTR.	
13,036	26,435	4,131	719	3,465	262	304	10	18,154		ARMSTR.	
18,183	8,446	4,517	58	4,495	41	21,141	58	23,319		ARMSTR.	
10,849	4,382	1,356	212	2,545	24	10	22	12,426		ARMSTR.	
21,531	4,212	4,639	164	1,654	1,623	10,436	26	21,969		ARMSTR.	
30,124	24,421	5,186	48	1,653	251	10,419	218	57,741		ARMSTR.	
10,386	12,307	916	45	1,298	304	104,224	62	26,146		ARMSTR.	
20,073	67,075	59,860	673	9,087	3,890	22	109	69,990		CORN.	
2,804	1,049	1,437	49	1,079	10	-	106	10,116		CORN.	
12,000	8,764	3,062	108	2,036	144	-	14	27,303		CORN.	
5,021	15,389	2,071	118	1,609	5	-	208	10,040		CORN.	
11,592	4,729	377	18	3,031	69	318	-	3,757		CORN.	
5,496	14,522	1,720	103	1,047	49	6,264	23	30,094		CORN.	
15,548	4,129	1,028	7	1,047	49	10,163	184	29,395		CORN.	
7,537	16,411	4,607	208	2,069	1,015	101,611	184	20,745		CORN.	
12,189	21,736	8,341	159	1,261	664	103	36	20,745		CORN.	
18,186	10,981	1,713	49	2,074	-	-	-	10,331		CORN.	
10,296	5,577	4,059	132	1,659	130	-	-	11,485		CORN.	
17,734	5,386	1,730	17	8,095	34	-	-	20,745		CORN.	
20,214	64,430	3,153	261	1,755	896	20,889	23	10,620		CORN.	
11,454	5,751	45	7	1,308	106	7,068	-	1,039		CORN.	
45,290	94,270	2,345	45	431	205	104,206	-	30,737		CORN.	
37,192	11,268	8,112	99	1,040	72	47	-	27,513		CORN.	
14,337	32,551	1,486	26	4,444	1,094	326	103	5,646		CORN.	
5,038	2,345	2,217	46	492	76	-	10	10,620		CORN.	
30,216	24,447	3,074	264	1,032	104	-	1,073	20,745		CORN.	
31,053	16,448	3,150	263	2,211	46	437	13	27,513		CORN.	
21,250	75,122	10,065	269	4,210	92	-	-	61,463		CORN.	
26,181	10,989	4,641	49	1,214	264	8,861	69	45,317		CORN.	
12,210	7,660	4,159	65	4,638	26	84	12	11,154		CORN.	
12,080	47,206	2,262	263	2,018	254	20,9	2	26,059		CORN.	
25,940	58,645	4,268	137	1,881	104	129	5,737	11,459		CORN.	
17,745	18,862	251	20	4,004	434	-	-	11,262		CORN.	
30,987	494	82	-	2,273	118	-	4	18,434		CORN.	
5,289	5,442	3,264	82	1,039	26	-	11	8,164		CORN.	
30,941	52,409	7,064	268	1,039	45	-	-	11,262		CORN.	
13,082	14,985	3,799	99	1,438	216	104	109	11,459		CORN.	
11,180	16,865	-	-	604	101	1,743	-	7,733		CORN.	

TABLE 6.—Snow-white, or Poor Law Unions, THE

POOR LAW UNION.	PRODUCE						
	COTTON, FLAX, AND FLAX.						
	WHEAT	RICE	BARLEY	BEAN	RYE	BEANS	PEAS
	Quint. of 100 lbs.	Quint. of 100 lbs.	Quint. of 100 lbs.	Quint. of 100 lbs.	Quint. of 100 lbs.	Quint. of 100 lbs.	Quint. of 100 lbs.
GLENROTHES,	100	150,000	10	—	181	—	—
GLENROTHES,	127	175,414	0,216	240	1,967	54	11
GLENROTHES,	429	84,373	12	33	961	308	22
GLENROTHES,	37,270	74,062	226	—	21	34	22
GLENROTHES,	308	181,098	36	—	56	—	—
GLENROTHES,	62	30,243	—	—	47	62	—
GLENROTHES,	1,200	38,641	1,006	—	35	16	—
GLENROTHES,	21,400	90,369	25,000	—	—	—	—
GLENROTHES,	6,018	11,082	94	—	494	29	—
GLENROTHES,	18	46,008	1,076	—	60	—	—
GLENROTHES,	2,614	38,877	1,062	30	469	36	37
GLENROTHES,	2,267	30,419	1,086	—	—	—	—
GLENROTHES,	6,737	58,123	1,086	—	—	—	—
GLENROTHES,	7,372	35,219	1,276	22	3,652	2,207	39
GLENROTHES,	4,352	34,324	2,002	14	—	—	—
GLENROTHES,	18,889	186,245	348	—	71	15,400	42
GLENROTHES,	—	127,052	38	—	34	29	27
GLENROTHES,	4,218	59,186	2,008	45	3,359	4,979	193
GLENROTHES,	5,458	103,496	1,018	30	333	41	27
GLENROTHES,	14,589	286,600	932	38	256	1,460	137
GLENROTHES,	6,265	117,297	268	—	123	—	94
GLENROTHES,	2,063	56,225	48	22	354	—	34
GLENROTHES,	2,533	36,474	10,000	38	1,365	—	—
GLENROTHES,	3,281	473,407	1,064	151	3,826	—	29
GLENROTHES,	454	73,005	804	—	1,247	36	139
GLENROTHES,	2,397	52,000	1,216	—	113	42	29
GLENROTHES,	9,079	110,397	4,528	55	496	2,642	24
GLENROTHES,	11,109	101,209	946	—	93	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,649	70,258	284	151	3,826	—	129
GLENROTHES,	1,365	120,000	420	—	13	—	—
GLENROTHES,	16	21,381	38	—	633	36	—
GLENROTHES,	6,239	111,408	114,304	148	—	—	14
GLENROTHES,	65	218,205	4,055	19	492	35	338
GLENROTHES,	5,705	45,563	—	—	—	—	—
GLENROTHES,	7,561	60,354	—	—	21	—	—
GLENROTHES,	359	55,128	13	—	795	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,498	105,084	128	—	296	681	38
GLENROTHES,	304	91,471	97	—	303	29	18
GLENROTHES,	1,047	103,489	130,071	29	134	—	—
GLENROTHES,	187	124,038	920	56	398	—	—
GLENROTHES,	3,186	148,147	28,313	—	1,270	25	38
GLENROTHES,	4,088	62,462	207	—	475	42	34
GLENROTHES,	1,271	101,209	28,369	314	31	35	—
GLENROTHES,	14,286	54,362	201	—	72	16	16
GLENROTHES,	32	24,243	45	—	17,000	—	—
GLENROTHES,	18,720	207,782	200,015	—	135	709	69
GLENROTHES,	19,386	217,745	247	—	165	344	15
GLENROTHES,	19,571	207,789	247	—	135	11,355	1,115
GLENROTHES,	86	105,447	132	—	84	—	—
GLENROTHES,	207,013	—	—	13	87	—	—
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15
GLENROTHES,	1,076	30,299	389	12	3,86	30	—
GLENROTHES,	1,074	160,408	9,236	171	—	12	18
GLENROTHES,	2,004	35,812	9,816	37	24	—	—
GLENROTHES,	305	50,800	340	—	1,019	—	—
GLENROTHES,	1,497	63,677	35,481	107	368	19	15

PRODUCTION OF THE CROPS IN THE YEAR 1855—continued.

OF THE CROPS.

District.	Parishes.	OTHER CROPS.								POOR LAW UNIONS.
		Wheat and Barley and Corn.	Maize and Maize and Corn.	Oats	Yardage	Yardage	Flax	Hops	Wool	
South.	Two.	Two.	Two.	Two.	Two.	Two.	Two.	Two.	Two.	
18,626	14,255	3,063	28	3,024	86	3,400	131	26,176	GRANGE.	
20,078	20,078	987	22	3,024	405	3,445	60	9,182	DAVENPORT.	
9,536	70,667	362	33	625	41	30,205	24	17,029	EDINBURGH.	
11,215	10,505	1,013	55	4,010	726	450	129	25,007	EDINBURGH.	
14,331	14,023	2,090	204	3,972	24	2,400	234	25,201	EDINBURGH.	
14,277	1,204	212	195	3,024	21	—	137	5,953	EDINBURGH.	
18,209	7,043	556	16	3,024	447	44,941	—	5,520	EDINBURGH.	
14,541	14,541	1,206	220	3,024	135	—	2	25,357	EDINBURGH.	
14,281	8,227	2,117	12	1,713	65	582	61	16,789	EDINBURGH.	
14,281	4,300	194	20	350	95	402	—	1,097	EDINBURGH.	
21,265	1,201	984	67	4,298	545	480	347	21,265	EDINBURGH.	
2,207	5,264	921	139	811	89	—	—	6,659	EDINBURGH.	
15,000	5,116	1,281	115	3,024	41	—	—	76,278	EDINBURGH.	
22,309	17,159	18,987	82	4,098	19	660	179	44,054	EDINBURGH.	
14,008	8,073	2,023	203	3,120	1,160	—	—	22,048	EDINBURGH.	
15,226	9,738	100	3	37	459	4,814	16	26,482	EDINBURGH.	
14,202	20,209	963	65	2,026	854	21,487	—	1,195	EDINBURGH.	
20,720	27,720	718	294	2,043	728	63,275	12	14,027	EDINBURGH.	
20,441	20,202	8,200	481	4,298	43	62	9	75,949	EDINBURGH.	
40,220	20,136	1,245	433	312	3,860	35,361	215	37,055	EDINBURGH.	
13,187	15,255	4,978	210	2,245	414	—	—	13,037	EDINBURGH.	
15,047	15,014	5,189	70	451	64	26,393	53	98,613	EDINBURGH.	
15,054	15,054	5,003	350	3,420	125	105	53	46,076	EDINBURGH.	
20,273	15,257	7,210	484	3,024	2,731	62,536	675	16,857	EDINBURGH.	
15,303	16,019	1,044	70	3,024	34	341	15	34,458	EDINBURGH.	
15,298	30,629	1,089	124	9,045	130	—	—	31,293	EDINBURGH.	
42,089	11,404	1,247	168	3,024	425	22,508	189	36,748	EDINBURGH.	
55,799	20,425	4,225	121	3,024	4,947	193	159	55,799	EDINBURGH.	
47,381	20,136	525	85	1,438	347	183,003	129	31,023	EDINBURGH.	
16,319	20,652	4,719	295	1,585	1,151	—	155	39,041	EDINBURGH.	
15,364	4,284	585	87	6,435	34	92	14	44,475	EDINBURGH.	
12,264	20,204	5,028	143	1,571	421	—	—	14,648	EDINBURGH.	
92,912	21,028	443	33	4,376	986	20,080	97	32,262	EDINBURGH.	
5,300	7,008	663	54	1,444	1,047	—	—	24,047	EDINBURGH.	
12,343	7,013	909	33	3,024	77	—	15	24,047	EDINBURGH.	
15,736	4,246	387	93	2,197	39	1,670	—	31,197	EDINBURGH.	
25,114	31,269	5,628	52	1,338	723	145,468	147	38,197	EDINBURGH.	
16,002	9,271	5,711	62	2,026	158	—	—	35,798	EDINBURGH.	
41,202	41,202	5,267	652	3,024	337	—	—	43,323	EDINBURGH.	
25,114	27,108	4,207	244	4,270	45	—	673	36,993	EDINBURGH.	
15,447	20,185	4,914	233	1,819	171	—	—	45,205	EDINBURGH.	
20,202	20,202	5,605	202	347	25	—	—	55,265	EDINBURGH.	
20,202	31,798	5,683	209	3,024	105	—	15	55,265	EDINBURGH.	
17,530	3,084	1,223	18	3,024	105	973	63	55,265	EDINBURGH.	
7,444	9,481	104	5	3,168	29	—	24	4,185	EDINBURGH.	
20,212	10,250	4,950	492	4,818	132	—	—	31,180	EDINBURGH.	
47,343	25,011	7,758	250	1,582	365	100,523	31	39,084	EDINBURGH.	
65,491	6,4270	5,027	279	3,024	8,613	100,948	159	41,493	EDINBURGH.	
50,165	11,984	1,581	41	3,024	89	5,073	69	50,165	EDINBURGH.	
27,243	32,015	589	15	1,022	390	130,006	31	34,739	EDINBURGH.	
11,262	2,034	345	28	70	7	24	45	5,081	EDINBURGH.	
21,343	45,421	4,000	263	1,755	25	—	—	43,770	EDINBURGH.	
7,142	11,009	2,000	23	1,755	165	359	1250	31,984	EDINBURGH.	
5,003	10,779	5,023	71	3,024	165	—	—	35,985	EDINBURGH.	
10,205	32,039	5,486	314	1,022	391	—	673	47,256	EDINBURGH.	
11,268	31,606	3,159	222	454	89	—	—	35,471	EDINBURGH.	
14,279	20,278	122	1,022	4,057	27	—	333	31,458	EDINBURGH.	
12,803	42,234	4,054	127	4,058	116	—	333	30,003	EDINBURGH.	
12,648	4,216	1,134	45	1,418	46	20	67	14,263	EDINBURGH.	
13,244	23,238	5,024	47	2,173	94	—	7	23,374	EDINBURGH.	
20,143	21,202	5,438	265	3,024	820	130	12	13,215	EDINBURGH.	
8,253	4,208	1,123	19	1,697	204	—	—	12,215	EDINBURGH.	
25,271	14,202	4,430	184	7,248	205	—	—	26,365	EDINBURGH.	
44,429	30,013	5,008	63	3,024	1,724	14,650	63	12,395	EDINBURGH.	
20,888	30,719	1,062	18	1,022	45	64,120	—	10,793	EDINBURGH.	
10,619	8,625	596	171	1,143	85	—	155	38,614	EDINBURGH.	
40,264	1,332	124	18	4,113	89	338	182	17,046	EDINBURGH.	
15,312	10,265	2,218	192	1,922	97	—	46	17,581	EDINBURGH.	
25,477	48,859	5,284	178	3,024	170	—	—	20,088	EDINBURGH.	
30,111	14,211	5,058	490	3,024	68	—	—	60,132	EDINBURGH.	
10,543	8,841	347	93	1,047	427	—	—	13,058	EDINBURGH.	
26,025	10,400	4,419	276	3,024	205	724	205	34,139	EDINBURGH.	
7,308	18,390	5,025	267	1,133	734	—	23	31,072	EDINBURGH.	
32,529	35,048	3,182	66	2,589	237	—	4,590	37,013	EDINBURGH.	
9,239	3,069	2,008	18	3,164	98	37	—	36,703	EDINBURGH.	
15,221	17,553	5,209	508	3,147	278	—	1,126	35,829	EDINBURGH.	
7,261	20,201	3,155	61	1,022	38	—	47	17,171	EDINBURGH.	
4,441	26,264	12,269	192	2,022	223	—	—	18,089	EDINBURGH.	
4,413	2,053	344	15	1,018	14	176	23	13,043	EDINBURGH.	
16,362	58,390	12,015	1,784	3,024	507	—	—	37,001	EDINBURGH.	
12,215	18,517	4,028	266	1,343	479	—	—	36,641	EDINBURGH.	
3,311,759	3,341,743	666,729	26,366	88,708	68,145	3,300,555	36,297	4,146,692	EDINBURGH.	

TABLE 9.—SHOWING THE NUMBER OF HOLDINGS EXCEEDING ONE ACRE, AND EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1883, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES.

COUNTRY	TIME	ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTIONS OF SELECTED COUNTRIES IN EACH YEAR FROM 1890 TO 1900										TOTAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION	
		GAS, OIL, AND PETROLEUM					WATER POWER						
		WHEAT	SOYBEAN	PEAS	BEANS	WHEAT	SOYBEAN	PEAS	BEANS	WHEAT	SOYBEAN		
Austria:	1876	39,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	39,000	
	1877	39,000	11,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	39,000	
	1878	39,000	10,500	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	39,000	
	1879	39,100	11,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	39,100	
	1880	39,000	11,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	39,000	
	1881	39,500	11,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	39,500	
Asia, 1890-1900	1890	59,000	4,400	76,443	1,323	2	37	2,000	8,170	65,807	9,471	59,000	
	1891	59,000	4,900	81,205	1,100	50	2,000	2,000	2,000	61,207	11,207	59,000	
	1892	59,000	5,400	76,443	1,323	2	37	2,000	8,170	65,807	9,471	59,000	
	1893	59,100	5,900	74,448	1,300	50	2,000	2,000	2,000	61,407	11,407	59,100	
	1894	59,500	5,900	74,448	1,300	50	2,000	2,000	2,000	61,807	11,807	59,500	
	1895	59,500	5,900	73,507	1,184	—	—	2,000	7,678	61,607	8,791	59,500	
Australia:	1878	12,045	4,673	61,500	2,077	11	2,000	7,670	10,600	11,400	11,400	12,045	
	1879	12,045	6,123	61,500	2,077	11	2,000	7,670	10,600	11,400	11,400	12,045	
	1880	12,045	6,623	62,117	2,077	11	2,000	7,670	10,600	11,400	11,400	12,045	
	1881	12,145	7,200	62,117	2,077	11	2,000	7,670	10,600	11,400	11,400	12,145	
	1882	16,000	6,455	58,000	2,000	6	2,000	4,070	8,510	21,100	3,000	16,000	
	1883	16,000	7,100	54,000	2,000	6	2,000	4,070	8,510	21,100	3,000	16,000	
Austria:	1890	18,000	7,100	54,000	2,000	6	2,000	4,070	8,510	21,100	3,000	18,000	
	1891	18,000	7,100	54,000	2,000	6	2,000	4,070	8,510	21,100	3,000	18,000	
	1892	18,000	7,100	54,000	2,000	6	2,000	4,070	8,510	21,100	3,000	18,000	
	1893	18,000	7,100	54,000	2,000	6	2,000	4,070	8,510	21,100	3,000	18,000	
	1894	18,000	7,100	54,000	2,000	6	2,000	4,070	8,510	21,100	3,000	18,000	
	1895	18,000	7,100	54,000	2,000	6	2,000	4,070	8,510	21,100	3,000	18,000	
Ceylon:	1878	4,700	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,414	10,000	5,400	4,700	
	1879	4,700	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,415	10,000	5,400	4,700	
	1880	4,710	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,416	10,000	5,400	4,700	
	1881	4,720	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,417	10,000	5,400	4,700	
	1882	4,720	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,418	10,000	5,400	4,700	
	1883	4,730	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,419	10,000	5,400	4,700	
Asia, 1890-1900	1890	4,900	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,420	10,000	5,400	4,900	
	1891	4,900	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,421	10,000	5,400	4,900	
	1892	4,900	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,422	10,000	5,400	4,900	
	1893	4,900	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,423	10,000	5,400	4,900	
	1894	4,900	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,424	10,000	5,400	4,900	
	1895	4,900	2,300	22,000	4,645	—	—	—	9,20,425	10,000	5,400	4,900	
Canada:	1876	18,800	2,600	68,000	82	15	15	8	58,800	28,815	4,200	18,800	
	1877	18,200	2,600	68,000	82	15	15	8	58,800	28,815	4,200	18,200	
	1878	18,200	2,600	68,000	82	15	15	8	58,800	28,815	4,200	18,200	
	1879	18,200	2,600	68,000	82	15	15	8	58,800	28,815	4,200	18,200	
	1880	18,200	2,600	68,000	82	15	15	8	58,800	28,815	4,200	18,200	
	1881	18,200	2,600	68,000	82	15	15	8	58,800	28,815	4,200	18,200	
China:	1890	18,212	270	48,000	26,200	16	21	10	20,915	2,915	899	18,212	
	1891	18,212	270	48,000	26,200	16	21	10	20,915	2,915	899	18,212	
	1892	18,212	270	48,000	26,200	16	21	10	20,915	2,915	899	18,212	
	1893	18,212	270	48,000	26,200	16	21	10	20,915	2,915	899	18,212	
	1894	18,212	270	48,000	26,200	16	21	10	20,915	2,915	899	18,212	
	1895	18,212	270	48,000	26,200	16	21	10	20,915	2,915	899	18,212	
China:	1876	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,414	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1877	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,415	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1878	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,416	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1879	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,417	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1880	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,418	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1881	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,419	10,000	5,400	17,800	
China:	1890	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,420	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1891	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,421	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1892	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,422	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1893	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,423	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1894	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,424	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1895	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,425	10,000	5,400	17,800	
China:	1876	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,426	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1877	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,427	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1878	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,428	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1879	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,429	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1880	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,430	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1881	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,431	10,000	5,400	17,800	
China:	1890	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,432	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1891	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,433	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1892	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,434	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1893	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,435	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1894	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,436	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1895	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,437	10,000	5,400	17,800	
China:	1876	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,438	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1877	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,439	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1878	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,440	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1879	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,441	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1880	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,442	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1881	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,443	10,000	5,400	17,800	
China:	1890	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,444	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1891	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,445	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1892	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,446	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1893	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,447	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1894	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,448	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1895	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,449	10,000	5,400	17,800	
China:	1876	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,450	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1877	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,451	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1878	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,452	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1879	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,453	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1880	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,454	10,000	5,400	17,800	
	1881	17,800	1,700	16,800	1,600	8	9	9	9,20,455	10,000	5,400	17,800	

TABLE 9.—SHewing THE NUMBER OF HOLDINGS EXCEEDING ONE ACRE, AND EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1885, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES—continued.

COUNTIES.	YEAR	EXTENT UNDER CROPS IN STATUTE ACRES IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1885.										TOTAL NUMBER HOLDINGS ONE ACRE.	
		CROPS, BEANS, AND PEAS					OTHER CROPS						
		WHEAT	OATS	BARLEY	RICE	PEAS	WHEAT	OATS	BARLEY	RICE	PEAS		
DORSET:—	1876	6,286	4,000	2,197	5,370	1,000	4,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,000	
	1877	6,336	4,000	2,197	5,370	1,000	4,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,000	
	1878	6,325	4,000	2,197	5,370	1,000	4,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,000	
	1879	6,180	4,000	2,197	5,370	1,000	4,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,000	
	1880	6,125	4,000	2,197	5,370	1,000	4,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,000	
	1881	6,055	4,000	2,197	5,370	1,000	4,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,000	
DEVON:—	1876	8,709	34,512	2,108	2,25	2,25	32,365	5,421	2,045	652	3,004	14,733	
	1877	8,744	34,600	2,118	2,48	2,48	32,361	5,256	2,044	648	3,004	14,718	
	1878	8,721	34,551	2,144	0	0	32,364	5,183	2,041	644	3,004	14,693	
	1879	8,672	34,551	2,144	0	0	32,364	5,110	2,039	639	3,004	14,668	
	1880	8,649	34,510	2,162	25	25	32,364	5,030	2,035	635	3,004	14,643	
	1881	8,622	34,510	2,170	1	1	32,364	5,000	2,031	631	3,004	14,618	
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	10,036	345	24,404	21	0	120	21	20,041	16,702	2,745	962	10,859
	1879	10,009	345	24,378	24	0	265	24	19,938	16,702	2,745	962	10,744
	1880	10,079	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,810	16,702	2,745	962	10,645
	1881	10,039	345	25,963	26	26	170	26	19,760	16,702	2,745	962	10,573
DORSET:—	1876	10,094	345	24,25	21	0	120	21	20,281	16,702	2,745	962	11,069
	1877	10,049	345	25,02	21	0	120	21	20,181	16,702	2,745	962	10,974
	1878	1											

TABLE 9.—SHOWING THE NUMBER OF HELDERS RECEIVING ONE ACRE, AND EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1885, BY COUNTIES AND PARISHES—continued.

COUNTIES.	PARISHES.	YEAR.	EXTENT UNDER CROPS IN STATUTE ACRES IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1885.										TOTAL EXTENT UNDER CROPS.	
			ONE, HALF, AND QUARTER ACRES.						OTHER CROPS.					
			WEEK	ONE	HALF	QUARTER	ONE	HALF	QUARTER	ONE	HALF	QUARTER		
LINCOLNSHIRE:		1876	14,619	5,926	2,286	4,456	7	10	10	21,011	2,043	1,298	1,778	16,023
Area,	682,173	1877	14,620	5,925	2,285	4,455	7	10	10	21,020	2,042	1,297	1,778	16,024
Area,	682,173	1878	14,619	5,924	2,284	4,454	7	10	10	21,029	2,041	1,296	1,777	16,025
Area,	682,173	1879	14,519	5,899	1,944	3,589	6	9	9	21,024	2,040	1,295	1,776	16,026
Area,	682,173	1880	14,513	5,893	1,938	3,583	6	9	9	21,023	2,039	1,294	1,775	16,027
Area,	682,173	1881	14,513	5,893	1,938	3,583	6	9	9	21,022	2,038	1,293	1,774	16,028
Area,	682,173	1882	14,513	5,893	1,938	3,583	6	9	9	21,021	2,037	1,292	1,773	16,029
Area,	682,173	1883	14,513	5,893	1,938	3,583	6	9	9	21,020	2,036	1,291	1,772	16,030
Area,	682,173	1884	14,513	5,893	1,938	3,583	6	9	9	21,019	2,035	1,290	1,771	16,031
Area,	682,173	1885	14,513	5,893	1,938	3,583	6	9	9	21,018	2,034	1,289	1,770	16,032
LEICESTERSHIRE:		1876	18,701	1,208	7,477	1,184	16	615	692	21,199	19,065	4,018	20,415	18,681
Area,	513,208	1877	18,696	1,207	7,476	1,183	16	614	691	21,198	19,064	4,017	20,414	18,680
Area,	513,208	1878	18,695	1,206	7,475	1,182	16	613	690	21,197	19,063	4,016	20,413	18,679
Area,	513,208	1879	18,695	1,205	7,474	1,181	16	612	689	21,196	19,062	4,015	20,412	18,678
Area,	513,208	1880	18,695	1,204	7,473	1,180	16	611	688	21,195	19,061	4,014	20,411	18,677
Area,	513,208	1881	18,695	1,203	7,472	1,179	16	610	687	21,194	19,060	4,013	20,410	18,676
Area,	513,208	1882	18,695	1,202	7,471	1,178	16	609	686	21,193	19,059	4,012	20,409	18,675
Area,	513,208	1883	18,695	1,201	7,470	1,177	16	608	685	21,192	19,058	4,011	20,408	18,674
Area,	513,208	1884	18,695	1,200	7,469	1,176	16	607	684	21,191	19,057	4,010	20,407	18,673
Area,	513,208	1885	18,695	1,199	7,468	1,175	16	606	683	21,190	19,056	4,009	20,406	18,672
LEEDS AND BRADFORD, C. L.		1876	8,915	480	10,470	26	24	576	8	29,229	13,102	2,200	1,121	27,095
Area,	500,818	1877	8,907	480	10,469	26	24	574	8	29,228	13,099	2,199	1,120	27,094
Area,	500,818	1878	8,906	480	10,468	26	24	573	8	29,227	13,098	2,198	1,119	27,093
Area,	500,818	1879	8,905	480	10,467	26	24	572	8	29,226	13,097	2,197	1,118	27,092
Area,	500,818	1880	8,905	480	10,466	26	24	571	8	29,225	13,096	2,196	1,117	27,091
Area,	500,818	1881	8,905	480	10,465	26	24	570	8	29,224	13,095	2,195	1,116	27,090
Area,	500,818	1882	8,905	480	10,464	26	24	569	8	29,223	13,094	2,194	1,115	27,089
Area,	500,818	1883	8,905	480	10,463	26	24	568	8	29,222	13,093	2,193	1,114	27,088
Area,	500,818	1884	8,905	480	10,462	26	24	567	8	29,221	13,092	2,192	1,113	27,087
Area,	500,818	1885	8,905	480	10,461	26	24	566	8	29,220	13,091	2,191	1,112	27,086
LOTHIAN AND ESTRICK, C. L.		1876	5,765	720	25,794	22,445	29	—	298	49,496	14,276	16,231	16,367	44,167
Area,	500,818	1877	5,765	719	25,793	22,444	29	—	297	49,495	14,275	16,230	16,366	44,166
Area,	500,818	1878	5,765	718	25,792	22,443	29	—	296	49,494	14,274	16,231	16,365	44,165
Area,	500,818	1879	5,765	717	25,791	22,442	29	—	295	49,493	14,273	16,232	16,364	44,164
Area,	500,818	1880	5,765	716	25,790	22,441	29	—	294	49,492	14,272	16,233	16,363	44,163
Area,	500,818	1881	5,765	715	25,789	22,440	29	—	293	49,491	14,271	16,234	16,362	44,162
Area,	500,818	1882	5,765	714	25,788	22,439	29	—	292	49,490	14,270	16,235	16,361	44,161
Area,	500,818	1883	5,765	713	25,787	22,438	29	—	291	49,489	14,269	16,236	16,360	44,160
Area,	500,818	1884	5,765	712	25,786	22,437	29	—	290	49,488	14,268	16,237	16,359	44,159
Area,	500,818	1885	5,765	711	25,785	22,436	29	—	289	49,487	14,267	16,238	16,358	44,158
MARSHES:		1876	35,978	1,091	16,838	1,589	9	1,474	26	26,753	308	1,248	2,476	25,359
Area,	1,245,156	1877	35,978	1,090	16,837	1,588	9	1,473	26	26,752	307	1,247	2,475	25,358
Area,	1,245,156	1878	35,978	1,089	16,836	1,587	9	1,472	26	26,751	306	1,246	2,474	25,357
Area,	1,245,156	1879	35,978	1,088	16,835	1,586	9	1,471	26	26,750	305	1,245	2,473	25,356
Area,	1,245,156	1880	35,978	1,087	16,834	1,585	9	1,470	26	26,749	304	1,244	2,472	25,355
Area,	1,245,156	1881	35,978	1,086	16,833	1,584	9	1,469	26	26,748	303	1,243	2,471	25,354
Area,	1,245,156	1882	35,978	1,085	16,832	1,583	9	1,468	26	26,747	302	1,242	2,470	25,353
Area,	1,245,156	1883	35,978	1,084	16,831	1,582	9	1,467	26	26,746	301	1,241	2,469	25,352
Area,	1,245,156	1884	35,978	1,083	16,830	1,581	9	1,466	26	26,745	300	1,240	2,468	25,351
Area,	1,245,156	1885	35,978	1,082	16,829	1,580	9	1,465	26	26,744	299	1,239	2,467	25,350
MANORSHIRE:		1876	16,201	1,711	26,372	1,599	18	64	21	34,082	7,973	1,630	2,215	24,868
Area,	500,005	1877	16,195	1,710	26,371	1,598	18	63	21	34,081	7,972	1,629	2,214	24,867
Area,	500,005	1878	16,194	1,709	26,370	1,597	18	62	21	34,080	7,971	1,628	2,213	24,866
Area,	500,005	1879	16,193	1,708	26,369	1,596	18	61	21	34,079	7,970	1,627	2,212	24,865
Area,	500,005	1880	16,192	1,707	26,368	1,595	18	60	21	34,078	7,969	1,626	2,211	24,864
Area,	500,005	1881	16,191	1,706	26,367	1,594	18	59	21	34,077	7,968	1,625	2,210	24,863
Area,	500,005	1882	16,190	1,705	26,366	1,593	18	58	21	34,076	7,967	1,624	2,209	24,862
Area,	500,005	1883	16,189	1,704	26,365	1,592	18	57	21	34,075	7,966	1,623	2,208	24,861
Area,	500,005	1884	16,188	1,703	26,364	1,591	18	56	21	34,074	7,965	1,622	2,207	24,860
Area,	500,005	1885	16,187	1,702	26,363	1,590	18	55	21	34,073	7,964	1,621	2,206	24,859
QUEEN'S:		1876	15,222	701	20,746	20,895	54	29	38	32,025	10,285	2,177	2,077	19,095
Area,	421,041	1877	15,220	700	20,745	20,894	54	29	38	32,024	10,284	2,176	2,076	19,094
Area,	421,041	1878	15,219	699	20,744	20,893	54	29	38	32,023	10,283	2,175	2,075	19,093
Area,	421,041	1879	15,218	698	20,743	20,892	54	29	38	32,022	10,282	2,174	2,074	19,092
Area,	421,041	1880	15,217	697	20,742	20,891	54	29	38	32,021	10,281	2,173	2,073	19,091
Area,	421,041	1881	15,216	696	20,741	20,890	54	29	38	32,020	10,280	2,172	2,072	19,090
Area,	421,041	1882	15,215	695	20,740	20,889	54	29	38	32,019	10,279	2,171	2,071	19,089
Area,	421,041	1883	15,214	694	20,739	20,888	54	29	38	32,018	10,278	2,170	2,070	19,088
Area,	421,041	1884	15,213	693	20,738	20,887	54	29	38	32,017	10,277	2,169	2,069	19,087
Area,	421,041	1885	15,212	692	20,737	20,886	54	29	38	32,016	10,276	2,168	2,068	19,086

TABLE 9.—SHOWING THE NUMBER OF HOLDINGS EXCEEDING ONE ACRE, AND EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROP IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1883, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES—continued.

COUNTIES,	YRS.	EXTENT UNDER CROP IN STATE ACRES IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1883												TOTAL NUMBER OF HOLDINGS ONE ACRE OR MORE		
		CORN, BEANS, AND PEAS,						OTHER CROPS								
		FEET	QUA.	FEET	QUA.	FEET	QUA.	FEET	QUA.	FEET	QUA.	FEET	QUA.			
KINGSTON DISTRICT:	1876	20,615	490	40,429	105	10,100	2,737	20,072	4,286	30,406	2,438	29,194	1,510	4,014		
	1877	19,082	418	39,267	94	9,723	2,619	20,344	4,784	24,436	2,263	25,628	1,310	3,542		
	1878	20,055	425	39,579	107	11,706	3,075	21,256	5,779	23,304	2,719	26,981	1,300	3,984		
	1879	19,522	416	35,145	86	9,799	2,877	20,877	4,577	23,208	2,321	24,943	1,243	3,180		
	1880	20,336	775	26,132	611	10,362	2,976	20,370	3,551	27,578	4,433	23,235	1,791	3,293		
	1881	19,726	410	27,399	226	9,241	2,933	20,993	4,249	25,388	3,729	20,235	1,606	3,024		
Area, 62,432 Acres.	1882	20,506	657	37,449	185	4,470	582	20,479	4,114	24,119	2,159	25,799	1,421	3,227		
	1883	20,245	532	35,148	190	6,648	2,961	20,645	3,778	24,964	2,501	24,137	1,575	3,030		
	1884	21,475	584	36,246	129	4,452	581	20,641	3,778	24,989	2,501	24,137	1,575	3,030		
	1885	19,454	519	24,743	91	5,306	2,981	20,491	3,547	24,353	2,253	24,341	1,496	3,024		
	1886	14,677	369	28,347	867	6,120	2,970	20,720	3,809	148	1,224	29,124	1,310	3,205		
	1887	14,671	370	26,638	539	5,126	2,946	20,445	3,549	24,299	2,010	24,310	1,300	3,205		
Area, 61,129 Acres.	1888	14,710	354	27,436	549	5,127	2,946	20,513	3,549	24,299	2,010	24,310	1,300	3,205		
	1889	14,714	398	26,402	749	5,127	2,946	20,680	3,607	24,411	2,140	24,443	1,373	3,231		
	1890	14,712	328	26,849	749	5,127	2,946	20,631	3,607	24,411	2,140	24,443	1,373	3,231		
	1891	14,700	361	27,007	981	5,128	2,947	20,734	3,608	24,463	2,141	24,483	1,374	3,232		
	1892	14,726	456	26,175	940	5,128	2,947	20,535	3,607	24,463	2,141	24,483	1,374	3,232		
	1893	14,728	458	24,184	940	5,128	2,947	20,535	3,607	24,463	2,141	24,483	1,374	3,232		
TOMMYTHORPE:	1876	92,382	16,804	61,164	13,561	92,165	6	53,003	20,122	22,546	2,555	5,302	6,474	10,214,249	268,317	
	1877	92,093	15,838	67,098	14,559	54,165	6	50,301	20,611	22,184	2,555	5,284	6,244	9,118,418	272,349	
	1878	92,025	15,411	61,369	13,735	52,178	6	50,065	21,255	24,454	3,120	5,264	6,265	9,116,388	268,319	
	1879	20,266	24,212	47,403	16,419	55,136	6	50,435	21,184	21,189	4,788	5,203	19,16,384	262,424		
	1880	20,264	21,783	49,047	12,088	51,631	6	50,028	21,001	20,900	4,800	5,142	7,113,312	265,367		
	1881	20,743	14,528	54,248	17,368	36,124	12	16,493	24,486	18,998	3,200	3,811	6,301	96,301		
Area, 1,343,829 Acres.	1882	20,245	15,549	57,508	13,880	50,128	12	16,724	24,486	18,998	3,200	3,811	6,301	96,305		
	1883	21,245	16,554	55,146	14,394	46,128	12	15,947	24,486	18,998	3,200	3,811	6,301	96,305		
	1884	21,246	14,998	54,180	14,021	44,721	12	15,947	24,486	18,998	3,200	3,811	6,301	96,305		
	1885	21,240	14,874	55,176	17,708	39,465	12	15,947	24,486	18,998	3,200	3,811	6,301	96,305		
	1886	21,241	14,525	54,248	17,368	36,124	12	16,493	24,486	18,998	3,200	3,811	6,301	96,305		
	1887	21,242	14,525	54,248	17,368	36,124	12	16,493	24,486	18,998	3,200	3,811	6,301	96,305		
TRENTON:	1876	23,666	1,245,25	26	2	102	156	134,236	44,365	17,497	708	2,962	6,191	23,861	350,261	
	1877	23,671	1,245,23	26	15	102	156	134,231	44,365	17,497	708	2,962	6,191	23,861	350,260	
	1878	23,581	1,245,21	32	15	102	156	134,235	44,365	17,497	708	2,962	6,191	23,860	350,260	
	1879	23,581	1,245,20	32	15	102	156	134,235	44,365	17,497	708	2,962	6,191	23,860	350,260	
	1880	23,584	1,245,18	34	15	102	156	134,238	44,368	17,497	708	2,962	6,191	23,860	350,260	
	1881	24,471	5,208	16,603	96	4,210	191	118,470	45,268	14,026	6,205	5,247	45,425	15,599	45,593	
Area, 77,045 Acres.	1882	24,769	16,203	11,201	64	4,210	191	118,471	45,268	14,026	6,205	5,247	45,425	15,597	45,594	
	1883	24,769	14,441	81	12	118	191	118,467	45,268	14,021	6,205	5,247	45,425	15,597	45,594	
	1884	24,265	14,203	11,201	29	4,210	191	118,462	45,268	14,021	6,205	5,247	45,425	15,597	45,594	
	1885	24,265	14,049	10,948	29	4,210	191	118,462	45,268	14,021	6,205	5,247	45,425	15,597	45,594	
	1886	24,265	14,049	10,948	29	4,210	191	118,462	45,268	14,021	6,205	5,247	45,425	15,597	45,594	
	1887	24,265	14,049	10,948	29	4,210	191	118,462	45,268	14,021	6,205	5,247	45,425	15,597	45,594	
WATERLOO:	1876	9,020	10,518	97,461	1,269	2	94	1	55,562	15,729	5,110	2,864	2,204	26,299	9,209	99,209
	1877	9,173	17,241	21,414	2,448	2	94	1	46,428	15,729	5,110	2,864	2,204	26,299	9,245	99,334
	1878	9,173	16,479	25,581	2,409	2	94	1	46,063	16,295	5,145	2,779	2,405	26,299	9,245	99,334
	1879	9,173	11,494	24,062	2,401	2	94	1	46,063	16,295	5,145	2,779	2,405	26,299	9,245	99,334
	1880	9,173	9,619	20,475	2,408	2	94	1	46,063	16,295	5,145	2,779	2,405	26,299	9,245	99,334
	1881	9,173	9,538	20,413	2,448	2	94	1	46,354	14,458	5,025	2,864	2,118	2,405	9,209	96,306
Area, 434,817 Acres.	1882	9,071	9,598	21,548	2,448	2	94	1	46,354	14,458	5,025	2,864	2,118	2,405	9,210	96,478
	1883	9,071	10,621	21,548	2,448	2	94	1	46,354	14,458	5,025	2,864	2,118	2,405	9,210	96,478
	1884	9,071	10,621	21,548	2,448	2	94	1	46,354	14,458	5,025	2,864	2,118	2,405	9,210	96,478
	1885	9,071	10,621	21,548	2,448	2	94	1	46,354	14,458	5,025	2,864	2,118	2,405	9,210	96,478
	1886	9,071	10,621	21,548	2,448	2	94	1	46,354	14,458	5,025	2,864	2,118	2,405	9,210	96,478
	1887	9,071	10,621	21,548	2,448	2	94	1	46,354	14,458	5,025	2,864	2,118	2,405	9,210	96,478
WEXFORD:	1876	14,510	5,267	47,008	52,315	6	29	3,202	16,190	20,204	19,204	4,828	2,214	9,840	16,307	99,307
	1877	14,672	7,694	49,295	49,459	9	23	3,210	16,309	20,204	19,204	4,828	2,214	9,840	16,307	99,307
	1878	14,672	14,086	49,295	49,459	9	23	3,205	16,315	20,209	19,209	4,830	2,207	9,796	16,315	99,308
	1879	14,672	7,694	49,007	50,329	9	23	4,458	16,315	20,209	19,209	4,830	2,207	9,796	16,315	99,308
	1880	14,672	7,694	49,007	50,329	9	23	4,458	16,315	20,209	19,209	4,830	2,207	9,796	16,315	99,308
	1881	14,672	7,694	49,007	50,329	9	23	4,458	16,315	20,209	19,209	4,830	2,207	9,796	16,315	99,308
Area, 573,793 Acres.	1882	14,500	13,789	49,151	9	24	4,500	16,191	20,211	19,211	4,844	2,214	9,842	16,307	99,308	
	1883	14,500	13,789	49,151	9	24	4,500	16,191	20,211	19,211	4,844	2,214	9,842	16,307	99,308	
	1884	14,500	13,789	49,151	9	24	4,500	16,191	20,211	19,211	4,844	2,214	9,842	16,307	99,308	
	1885	14,500	13,789	49,151	9	24	4,500	16,191	20,211	19,211	4,844	2,214	9,842	16,307	99,308	
	1886	14,500	13,789	49,151	9	24	4,500	16,191	20,211	19,211	4,844	2,214	9,842	16,307	99,308	
	1887	14,500	13,789	49,151	9	24	4,500	16,191	20,211	19,211	4,844	2,214	9,842	16,307	99,308	
WICKLOW:	1876	7,626	3,371	25,208	1,293	1	94	3,205	16,214	5,201	5,201	2,214	2,214	9,843	16,308	99,308
	1877	7,626	3,371	25,208	1,293	1	94	3,205	16,214	5,201	5,201	2,214	2,214	9,843	16,308	99,308
	1878	7,626	3,371	25,208	1,293	1	94	3,205	16,214	5,201	5,201	2,214	2,214	9,843		

TABLE 9.—SHOWING THE NUMBER OF HOLDINGS EXCEEDING ONE ACRE, AND EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1885, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES—continued.

PROVINCES.

PROVINCE	Year	No. of Holdings exceeding one acre	EXTENT UNDER CROPS IN STATUTE ACRES IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1885.												Total extent under Crops.		
			CORN, BEANS, AND PEAS.						OTHER CROPS.								
			Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Maize	Other	Flax	Oats	Barley	Rye	Maize	Other			
LÉINSTER.	1876	204,801	322,791	320,611	189,571	270	1,009	5,281	82,475	184,089	109,507	10,711	22,259	1,024,616	1,134,869,311		
	1877	301,345	326,975	324,209	184,571	270	1,009	5,281	82,475	184,089	109,507	10,711	22,259	1,024,616	1,451,462		
	1878	305,345	328,705	326,718	17,566	261	1,414	4,279	55,583	184,089	109,507	10,711	22,259	1,024,616	1,451,462		
	1879	311,265	328,705	326,290	174,346	261	1,414	4,279	55,583	184,089	109,507	10,711	22,259	1,024,616	1,451,462		
	1880	316,027	344,011	307,416	182,363	197	293	4,056	113,208	184,089	109,507	10,711	22,259	1,024,616	1,451,462		
MÉATH.	1881	189,556	48,117	31,255	1,428	262	223	6,835	112,775	187,465	88,034	16,245	18,831	236,559	1,003,820,213		
	1882	187,702	50,085	57,187	1,261	186	1,207	4,855	104,787	186,205	87,400	16,049	26,540	236,368	1,017,370,072		
	1883	186,411	41,473	41,115	18,964	186	305	4,295	92,208	186,829	81,007	14,406	26,152	236,368	1,017,370,072		
	1884	185,202	39,408	40,008	18,109	186	305	4,295	92,208	186,829	81,007	14,406	26,152	236,368	1,017,370,072		
	1885	184,402	31,046	31,406	18,361	35	354	5,531	82,586	182,509	81,806	18,126	21,261	236,368	1,017,370,072		
	1886	172,546	45,405	57,103	45,285	31	1,009	5,281	82,039	200,250	95,912	15,961	24,024	241,916	1,003,847,584		
ANTRIM.	1876	107,491	37,307	27,429	45,805	316	1,542	5,279	82,146	201,731	93,737	18,000	24,442	248,165	943,840,000		
	1877	112,181	63,029	65,724	55,034	316	1,042	5,279	264,814	195,012	94,038	17,046	22,025	248,165	967,580,000		
	1878	112,704	63,007	65,089	60,616	316	1,021	4,443	262,920	189,720	81,114	20,170	22,017	248,165	1,014,660,000		
	1879	114,169	57,009	48,783	45,574	316	1,290	4,443	266,067	181,265	77,088	20,030	24,024	248,165	1,014,660,000		
	1880	113,804	50,134	33,260	49,254	55	1,009	4,566	181,914	186,036	77,791	17,000	21,000	215,246	709,532		
	1881	113,714	51,174	33,270	44,811	45	1,290	4,566	185,438	186,036	75,493	5,524	21,218	215,246	904,520,000		
ARMAGH.	1876	188,589	51,118	32,570	41,206	55	1,261	6,223	255,254	190,165	76,745	14,216	22,025	255,254	909,429,000		
	1877	187,723	51,243	31,814	41,373	78	1,172	6,223	214,843	187,474	73,109	12,299	22,025	255,254	911,429,000		
	1878	187,028	52,702	34,641	42,816	55	1,270	6,205	213,981	186,356	74,195	16,630	20,526	255,254	911,429,000		
	1879	186,978	48,521	61,426	5,405	55	1,009	6,181	209,295	186,356	75,003	6,772	21,040	251,369	1,027,216,000		
	1880	186,748	41,026	61,727	5,405	55	1,009	6,181	209,295	186,356	75,003	6,772	21,040	251,369	1,027,216,000		
	1881	186,842	41,521	61,409	5,405	55	1,009	6,181	209,295	186,356	75,003	6,772	21,040	251,369	1,027,216,000		
ULSTER.	1876	180,000	35,703	67,729	7,379	189	2,063	7,267	220,503	82,945	108,810	6,361	25,324	184,406	129,001,870,859		
	1877	189,272	36,648	69,227	7,732	200	2,127	5,081	241,230	84,461	108,306	7,300	29,210	184,406	130,000,852,054		
	1878	189,116	36,249	69,493	7,588	217	2,069	6,039	121,987	100,461	83,841	17,454	18,000	184,406	131,000,852,054		
	1879	187,973	42,268	64,813	8,076	189	1,783	6,073	204,268	125,529	102,027	18,958	24,968	186,907	132,000,852,054		
	1880	187,107	38,267	64,861	7,905	189	1,783	6,073	204,268	125,529	102,027	18,958	24,968	186,907	132,000,852,054		
	1881	186,978	48,521	61,426	5,405	55	1,009	6,181	209,295	186,356	75,003	6,772	21,040	251,369	1,027,216,000		
CONNAHRT.	1876	110,012	5,199	184,829	2,416	46	3,780	55	210,857	186,154	15,325	4,002	28,212	214,379	650,290		
	1877	110,168	6,205	184,829	2,888	75	4,581	216	215,455	186,023	14,423	5,020	16,673	214,379	713,035		
	1878	110,212	7,082	186,845	2,888	86	4,699	33	215,255	186,180	14,423	5,020	16,736	214,379	717,747		
	1879	110,609	5,001	178,126	3,126	45	4,130	314	207,349	186,180	14,423	5,020	16,736	214,379	717,747		
	1880	110,354	7,065	180,107	3,073	86	4,589	73	206,861	174,000	28,893	6,048	14,141	214,379	689,861		
	1881	110,708	4,875	187,163	7,362	49	3,542	542	205,638	177,970	28,962	5,962	21,040	214,379	1,027,216,000		
MÉATH.	1882	110,203	4,898	187,163	7,362	49	3,542	542	205,638	177,970	28,962	5,962	21,040	214,379	1,027,216,000		
	1883	110,203	5,771	181,561	4,561	41	5,081	186	187,349	186,023	29,043	6,421	21,429	214,379	1,027,216,000		
	1884	110,203	5,771	181,561	4,561	41	5,081	186	187,349	186,023	29,043	6,421	21,429	214,379	1,027,216,000		
	1885	110,203	5,771	181,561	4,561	41	5,081	186	187,349	186,023	29,043	6,421	21,429	214,379	1,027,216,000		
	1886	110,203	5,771	181,561	4,561	41	5,081	186	187,349	186,023	29,043	6,421	21,429	214,379	1,027,216,000		
	1887	110,203	5,771	181,561	4,561	41	5,081	186	187,349	186,023	29,043	6,421	21,429	214,379	1,027,216,000		
TOTAL OF IRELAND.	1876	102,870	211,764	140,376	270,214	242	8,080	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	1,020,000,000		
	1877	100,888	170,175	147,376	195,314	242	8,080	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	1,020,000,000		
	1878	99,128	154,360	142,374	195,404	242	8,080	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	1,020,000,000		
	1879	100,384	137,410	138,371	204,221	242	8,080	18,211	18,211	18,211	18,211	18,211	18,211	18,211	1,020,000,000		
	1880	100,000	146,769	140,376	205,417	242	7,107	16,121	17,101	17,101	17,101	17,101	17,101	17,101	1,020,000,000		
	1881	99,542	220,724	148,376	196,100	414	7,285	17,034	17,034	17,034	17,034	17,034	17,034	17,034	1,020,000,000		
ARMAGH.	1882	100,415	150,916	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1883	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1884	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1885	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1886	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1887	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1888	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
TOTAL OF IRELAND.	1889	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1890	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1891	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1892	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1893	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1894	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1895	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
MÉATH.	1896	101,415	151,340	141,376	207,204	242	7,279	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	17,171	1,020,000,000		
	1897	101,415	15														

TABLE 10.—SHOWING THE AVERAGE RATES OF PRODUCTION OF CROPS TO THE STATUTE ACRE, IN EACH YEAR, FROM 1876 TO 1885.

TABLE 10.—SHOWING THE AVERAGE RATES OF PROGRESS TO THE STATUTE ACRE—continued.

CONTINENT.	Year.	First.	Second.	Third.	Fourth.	Fifth.	Sixth.	Seventh.	Progress.	Population.	Progress.	Progress.	Rate of Progress.	Population.	Progress.	Population.	Progress.	Rate of Progress.	
		1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	
IRELAND.		1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	
	1876	21.5	22.9	20.9	20.4	19.4	18.5	17.9	17.1	17.5	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.1	
	1877	12.4	12.0	12.4	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	
	1878	20.1	17.4	16.9	24.0	18.3	18.0	17.2	16.1	16.2	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	
	1879	12.6	12.5	12.6	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	
	1880	20.7	19.2	17.2	18.0	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	
DOMINION.		1876	21.8	27.7	19.0	22.6	9.3	20.4	18.4	18.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	
	1877	18.9	19.4	20.9	18.5	7.1	19.6	16.1	16.1	16.1	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	
	1878	19.8	20.2	20.1	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	
	1879	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	
	1880	15.9	15.4	15.9	17.8	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9	19.9	
PEMBRIGE.		1876	17.6	14.7	19.8	15.6	13.9	31.4	7.2	4.5	19.5	39.1	9.6	26.8	19.8	26.8	19.8	26.8	
	1877	15.6	16.0	20.0	12.3	12.9	31.5	7.5	7.4	9.3	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.6	
	1878	17.6	12.5	12.1	11.4	10.6	3.5	10.6	10.6	10.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	
	1879	15.6	15.6	15.2	15.0	12.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.4	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	
	1880	15.1	15.3	14.7	12.0	12.6	16.1	15.2	15.2	15.2	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	
MONMOUTH.		1876	18.9	18.5	21.1	15.2	11.7	15.9	15.6	8.5	15.9	15.0	9.7	20.7	20.9	20.7	20.9	20.9	
	1877	12.1	9.5	11.7	13.0	13.0	14.0	12.6	12.6	12.6	7.5	7.5	7.5	27.8	29.0	27.8	29.0	29.0	
	1878	18.6	19.7	12.1	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	
	1879	14.4	10.7	16.1	14.9	15.5	10.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	12.0	12.0	12.0	8.5	8.0	19.9	12.0	8.0	
	1880	12.3	10.5	12.6	13.2	13.7	17.6	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.4	12.4	12.4	39.5	12.4	39.5	12.4	39.5	
GALWAY.		1876	24.0	19.6	18.4	19.6	22.9	22.9	4.9	4.9	21.2	19.4	19.4	20.7	20.7	19.4	20.7	19.4	20.7
	1877	19.7	14.8	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	
	1878	22.3	18.7	18.7	19.6	19.4	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6	
	1879	18.1	14.1	17.8	16.7	15.6	11.7	18.0	18.0	18.0	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	
	1880	12.4	14.0	11.2	9.8	9.4	11.9	10.4	10.4	10.4	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	
KERRY.		1876	17.1	15.3	12.5	18.2	9.2	31.9	13.5	8.6	21.2	12.5	5.7	18.2	20.9	5.7	18.2	20.9	5.7
	1877	13.5	13.1	13.7	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	12.9	12.9	12.9	21.7	22.8	12.9	21.7	22.8	12.9
	1878	13.8	13.8	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
	1879	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7
	1880	12.8	12.5	12.7	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9
KILDARE.		1876	20.8	20.6	16.6	20.9	18.8	20.6	14.0	3.8	14.6	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0
	1877	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	
	1878	17.3	15.0	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0
	1879	14.9	16.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6
	1880	15.7	15.7	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2
KILKENNY.		1876	17.5	16.6	16.9	17.0	13.2	17.0	12.0	3.5	14.6	13.6	9.4	21.2	21.2	9.4	21.2	21.2	9.4
	1877	16.9	16.0	16.4	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	12.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	22.6	12.0	22.6	22.6	12.0
	1878	16.3	13.2	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	22.7	22.7	12.0	22.7	22.7	12.0
	1879	15.7	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.4	12.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	22.6	12.0	22.6	22.6	12.0
	1880	15.6	15.5	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	12.0	12.0	12.0	21.6	21.6	12.0	21.6	21.6	12.0
KILDARE.		1876	20.5	14.4	27.8	26.0	15.0	14.0	14.0	3.8	14.0	3.8	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
	1877	17.7	15.8	29.1	17.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	12.0	12.0	12.0	14.1	14.1	12.0	14.1	14.1	12.0
	1878	19.1	13.3	22.5	12.1	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.0	12.0	12.0	17.8	17.8	12.0	17.8	17.8	12.0
	1879	19.6	15.9	16.2	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1880	16.7	14.7	19.1	15.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
KERRY.		1876	20.5	14.4	18.9	12.9	11.6	15.6	14.3	4.3	13.6	21.6	9.4	18.6	15.6	9.4	18.6	15.6	9.4
	1877	16.5	16.6	19.1	15.5	14.1	15.8	11.7	11.7	11.7	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1878	16.0	16.0	18.4	17.9	15.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1879	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1880	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
LIMERICK.		1876	21.8	14.6	20.9	20.9	19.6	18.9	12.0	3.8	12.0	3.8	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1877	19.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1878	19.6	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1879	19.1	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1880	17.2	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
LIMERICK.		1876	21.8	14.6	20.9	20.9	19.6	18.9	12.0	3.8	12.0	3.8	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1877	19.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1878	19.6	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1879	19.1	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1880	17.2	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
LIMERICK.		1876	14.1	14.8	18.9	12.9	11.6	15.6	14.3	4.3	13.6	12.0	3.8	12.0	12.0	3.8	12.0	12.0	3.8
	1877	15.2	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1878	15.3	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1879	15.2	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
	1880	14.5	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
LIMERICK.		1876	14.1	14.8	18.9	12.9	11.6	15.6	14.3										

TABLE 10.—SHOWING THE AVERAGE RATES OF PAYMENT TO THE STATUTE ACRE—continued.

COUNTRY.	TOWN.	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Sesame	Tare	Barley	Pease	Dukens	Tunings	AVERAGE WORLD AND TOWN		Average	Wheat	Barley	Rye
		TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.
LAMMERES, +	1874	15.0	14.5	15.0	10.2	15.0	22.5	21.0	1.2	21.0	19.0	9.6	45.0	1.0			
	1875	14.5	14.0	14.5	11.0	15.0	21.0	20.0	1.0	20.0	19.0	9.0	45.0	1.0			
	1876	14.5	14.0	14.5	11.0	15.0	21.0	20.0	1.0	20.0	19.0	9.0	45.0	1.0			
	1877	14.5	14.0	14.5	11.0	15.0	21.0	20.0	1.0	20.0	19.0	9.0	45.0	1.0			
	1878	14.5	14.0	14.5	11.0	15.0	21.0	20.0	1.0	20.0	19.0	9.0	45.0	1.0			
	1879	14.5	14.0	14.5	11.0	15.0	21.0	20.0	1.0	20.0	19.0	9.0	45.0	1.0			
	1880	14.5	14.0	14.5	11.0	15.0	21.0	20.0	1.0	20.0	19.0	9.0	45.0	1.0			
	1881	15.0	14.5	15.0	10.5	15.0	21.0	20.0	1.0	20.0	19.0	9.0	45.0	1.0			
	1882	14.5	14.0	14.5	11.0	15.0	21.0	20.0	1.0	20.0	19.0	9.0	45.0	1.0			
	1883	15.0	14.5	15.0	10.5	15.0	21.0	20.0	1.0	20.0	19.0	9.0	45.0	1.0			
	1884	15.0	14.5	15.0	10.5	15.0	21.0	20.0	1.0	20.0	19.0	9.0	45.0	1.0			
LUDGEBECKE, +	1875	29.0	18.5	21.4	19.2	12.0	15.0	10.0	4.7	12.0	12.0	11.3	58.0	2.0			
	1876	29.0	18.5	21.4	19.2	12.0	15.0	10.0	4.7	12.0	12.0	11.3	58.0	2.0			
	1877	29.0	18.5	21.4	19.2	12.0	15.0	10.0	4.7	12.0	12.0	11.3	58.0	2.0			
	1878	29.0	18.5	21.4	19.2	12.0	15.0	10.0	4.7	12.0	12.0	11.3	58.0	2.0			
	1879	29.0	18.5	21.4	19.2	12.0	15.0	10.0	4.7	12.0	12.0	11.3	58.0	2.0			
	1880	29.0	18.5	21.4	19.2	12.0	15.0	10.0	4.7	12.0	12.0	11.3	58.0	2.0			
	1881	29.0	18.5	21.4	19.2	12.0	15.0	10.0	4.7	12.0	12.0	11.3	58.0	2.0			
	1882	29.0	18.5	21.4	19.2	12.0	15.0	10.0	4.7	12.0	12.0	11.3	58.0	2.0			
	1883	29.0	18.5	21.4	19.2	12.0	15.0	10.0	4.7	12.0	12.0	11.3	58.0	2.0			
	1884	29.0	18.5	21.4	19.2	12.0	15.0	10.0	4.7	12.0	12.0	11.3	58.0	2.0			
LONSDALE, +	1876	19.5	15.2	20.9	8.8	21.0	25.0	5.1	35.0	14.7	18.2	2.0	52.0	2.0			
	1877	19.5	15.2	20.9	8.8	21.0	25.0	5.1	35.0	14.7	18.2	2.0	52.0	2.0			
	1878	19.5	15.2	20.9	8.8	21.0	25.0	5.1	35.0	14.7	18.2	2.0	52.0	2.0			
	1879	19.5	15.2	20.9	8.8	21.0	25.0	5.1	35.0	14.7	18.2	2.0	52.0	2.0			
	1880	19.5	15.2	20.9	8.8	21.0	25.0	5.1	35.0	14.7	18.2	2.0	52.0	2.0			
	1881	19.5	15.2	20.9	8.8	21.0	25.0	5.1	35.0	14.7	18.2	2.0	52.0	2.0			
	1882	19.5	15.2	20.9	8.8	21.0	25.0	5.1	35.0	14.7	18.2	2.0	52.0	2.0			
	1883	19.5	15.2	20.9	8.8	21.0	25.0	5.1	35.0	14.7	18.2	2.0	52.0	2.0			
	1884	19.5	15.2	20.9	8.8	21.0	25.0	5.1	35.0	14.7	18.2	2.0	52.0	2.0			
	1885	19.5	15.2	20.9	8.8	21.0	25.0	5.1	35.0	14.7	18.2	2.0	52.0	2.0			
LONSDALE, +	1876	19.0	14.5	19.0	15.0	15.0	19.0	6.0	9.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	52.0	1.0			
	1877	19.0	14.5	19.0	15.0	15.0	19.0	6.0	9.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	52.0	1.0			
	1878	19.0	14.5	19.0	15.0	15.0	19.0	6.0	9.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	52.0	1.0			
	1879	19.0	14.5	19.0	15.0	15.0	19.0	6.0	9.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	52.0	1.0			
	1880	19.0	14.5	19.0	15.0	15.0	19.0	6.0	9.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	52.0	1.0			
	1881	19.0	14.5	19.0	15.0	15.0	19.0	6.0	9.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	52.0	1.0			
	1882	19.0	14.5	19.0	15.0	15.0	19.0	6.0	9.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	52.0	1.0			
	1883	19.0	14.5	19.0	15.0	15.0	19.0	6.0	9.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	52.0	1.0			
	1884	19.0	14.5	19.0	15.0	15.0	19.0	6.0	9.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	52.0	1.0			
	1885	19.0	14.5	19.0	15.0	15.0	19.0	6.0	9.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	52.0	1.0			
LOWE AND DUNDEE, Co. of Towns.	1876	15.5	14.0	18.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	5.6	32.0	15.0	32.0	9.0			
	1877	15.5	14.0	18.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	5.6	32.0	15.0	32.0	9.0			
	1878	15.5	14.0	18.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	5.6	32.0	15.0	32.0	9.0			
	1879	15.5	14.0	18.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	5.6	32.0	15.0	32.0	9.0			
	1880	15.5	14.0	18.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	5.6	32.0	15.0	32.0	9.0			
	1881	15.5	14.0	18.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	5.6	32.0	15.0	32.0	9.0			
	1882	15.5	14.0	18.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	5.6	32.0	15.0	32.0	9.0			
	1883	15.5	14.0	18.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	5.6	32.0	15.0	32.0	9.0			
	1884	15.5	14.0	18.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	5.6	32.0	15.0	32.0	9.0			
	1885	15.5	14.0	18.0	23.0	20.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	5.6	32.0	15.0	32.0	9.0			
MATHESON,	1876	18.0	18.4	17.8	27.2	11.0	18.0	18.0	11.1	5.1	22.7	25.0	22.4	35.0	2.0		
	1877	18.0	18.4	17.8	27.2	11.0	18.0	18.0	11.1	5.1	22.7	24.9	21.7	35.0	2.0		
	1878	18.0	18.4	17.8	27.2	11.0	18.0	18.0	11.1	5.1	22.7	24.9	21.7	35.0	2.0		
	1879	18.0	18.4	17.8	27.2	11.0	18.0	18.0	11.1	5.1	22.7	24.9	21.7	35.0	2.0		
	1880	18.0	18.4	17.8	27.2	11.0	18.0	18.0	11.1	5.1	22.7	24.9	21.7	35.0	2.0		
	1881	18.0	18.4	17.8	27.2	11.0	18.0	18.0	11.1	5.1	22.7	24.9	21.7	35.0	2.0		
	1882	18.0	18.4	17.8	27.2	11.0	18.0	18.0	11.1	5.1	22.7	24.9	21.7	35.0	2.0		
	1883	18.0	18.4	17.8	27.2	11.0	18.0	18.0	11.1	5.1	22.7	24.9	21.7	35.0	2.0		
	1884	18.0	18.4	17.8	27.2	11.0	18.0	18.0	11.1	5.1	22.7	24.9	21.7	35.0	2.0		
	1885	18.0	18.4	17.8	27.2	11.0	18.0	18.0	11.1	5.1	22.7	24.9	21.7	35.0	2.0		
MORAY,	1876	21.5	14.0	18.4	11.0	12.5	14.0	10.0	9.6	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1877	21.5	14.0	18.4	11.0	12.5	14.0	10.0	9.6	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1878	21.5	14.0	18.4	11.0	12.5	14.0	10.0	9.6	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1879	21.5	14.0	18.4	11.0	12.5	14.0	10.0	9.6	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1880	21.5	14.0	18.4	11.0	12.5	14.0	10.0	9.6	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1881	21.5	14.0	18.4	11.0	12.5	14.0	10.0	9.6	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1882	21.5	14.0	18.4	11.0	12.5	14.0	10.0	9.6	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1883	21.5	14.0	18.4	11.0	12.5	14.0	10.0	9.6	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1884	21.5	14.0	18.4	11.0	12.5	14.0	10.0	9.6	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1885	21.5	14.0	18.4	11.0	12.5	14.0	10.0	9.6	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
QUEENS'	1876	20.1	14.0	17.9	11.0	12.5	17.0	10.0	9.7	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1877	20.1	14.0	17.9	11.0	12.5	17.0	10.0	9.7	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1878	20.1	14.0	17.9	11.0	12.5	17.0	10.0	9.7	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
	1879	20.1	14.0	17.9	11.0	12.5	17.0	10.0	9.7	6.0	36.3	25.5	8.7	55.0	1.0		
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TABLE 10.—SHOWING THE AVERAGE RATIO OF PROTON TO THE STATIC ALBEDO—continued

TABLE 10.—SHOWING THE AVERAGE RATES OF PAYMENT TO THE STATUTE ACRE—continued.

AVERAGE OF PROVINCES.

Provinces.	Year	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Flax	Rye	Flax	Potatoes	Turnips	Average Weight and Price per Bushel		Cabbages	Flax	Rye
											Per cent.	Per cent.			
LÉINSTER.	1875	17.5	14.5	27.1	1.4	10.0	10.4	3.8	4.4	12.2	14.7	2.0	20.6	1.6	
	1876	14.7	12.6	25.6	1.4	14.6	14.7	2.9	2.4	12.2	13.2	2.2	27.6	2.0	
	1877	16.1	16.2	22.2	1.4	14.6	13.6	3.4	3.1	15.2	15.5	1.8	21.0	2.0	
	1878	12.1	12.9	15.0	1.4	11.7	17.8	12.0	1.5	7.6	9.6	0.5	24.6	1.0	
	1879	18.1	15.4	15.4	1.4	13.9	29.1	17.0	4.0	15.7	16.3	3.0	23.3	1.0	
	1880	15.4	12.7	12.9	1.4	12.2	29.1	14.0	4.3	14.0	13.0	1.9	25.0	1.0	
	1881	16.4	13.7	12.9	1.4	12.2	29.1	14.0	4.3	14.0	13.0	2.7	25.0	1.0	
	1882	14.7	14.4	14.7	2.2	12.4	16.0	14.0	3.0	12.0	12.7	2.0	24.3	2.0	
	1883	15.6	12.6	13.7	2.2	14.1	16.5	14.5	3.3	12.7	14.1	2.0	24.4	2.0	
	1884	15.6	14.6	14.7	2.2	14.5	14.0	13.4	4.2	12.0	12.0	1.5	19.6	1.0	
	1885	16.6	15.9	14.2	2.2	12.2	16.7	15.1	3.8	12.0	12.7	2.4	23.5	1.0	
MÉATH.	1875	17.0	14.2	27.4	20.0	10.2	12.0	6.1	4.2	2.9	12.2	2.1	23.4	1.0	
	1876	22.7	17.5	15.2	15.3	10.5	7.2	5.5	5.1	20.0	11.9	4.5	26.4	2.0	
	1877	22.7	17.5	15.2	15.3	10.5	7.2	5.5	5.1	22.0	19.7	4.5	25.5	2.0	
	1878	22.7	17.5	15.2	15.3	10.5	7.2	5.5	5.1	22.0	19.7	4.5	25.5	2.0	
	1879	22.7	17.5	15.2	15.3	10.5	7.2	5.5	5.1	22.0	19.7	4.5	25.5	2.0	
	1880	12.1	17.5	12.5	12.5	8.4	11.2	13.1	1.8	7.4	9.8	0.5	27.6	2.0	
	1881	14.0	12.2	16.1	11.0	10.2	12.0	12.0	4.0	15.7	14.7	2.0	31.0	2.0	
	1882	15.0	14.0	15.3	14.0	9.0	12.7	12.7	4.0	15.0	15.0	2.0	28.2	2.0	
	1883	15.0	12.6	16.9	12.5	12.5	10.0	12.0	4.0	15.0	15.0	2.0	27.2	2.0	
	1884	14.0	13.7	12.2	12.9	10.4	10.7	10.4	4.0	12.0	12.7	2.0	28.2	2.0	
	1885	14.7	14.9	13.4	12.4	11.2	12.7	12.0	4.0	12.0	12.7	2.0	28.2	2.0	
ULSTER.	1875	28.1	26.6	27.6	20.2	14.0	17.7	8.9	5.0	16.9	16.9	1.6	30.7	2.0	
	1876	22.0	22.0	24.7	19.7	12.0	14.6	8.5	5.5	19.2	19.2	1.6	29.0	2.0	
	1877	23.0	23.0	22.5	17.5	10.0	12.8	8.5	5.5	16.6	15.2	1.8	29.0	2.0	
	1878	21.0	19.0	19.0	18.0	9.1	12.8	7.6	1.1	4.5	9.5	0.5	22.9	2.0	
	1879	19.0	18.4	18.1	13.9	9.8	10.8	8.9	2.0	16.0	16.0	2.0	22.9	2.0	
	1880	18.0	18.2	18.0	13.9	9.8	10.8	8.9	2.0	16.0	16.0	2.0	22.9	2.0	
	1881	14.0	12.2	18.0	12.6	10.2	21.6	12.4	4.2	12.0	20.0	2.0	28.0	2.0	
	1882	12.0	12.6	19.5	12.5	9.8	20.8	11.4	2.2	12.0	20.0	2.0	28.0	2.0	
	1883	12.0	12.4	19.0	12.5	9.8	20.7	11.2	2.2	12.0	20.0	2.0	28.0	2.0	
	1884	12.0	12.4	19.0	12.5	9.8	20.7	11.2	2.2	12.0	20.0	2.0	28.0	2.0	
Connacht.	1875	12.0	14.0	15.4	14.6	7.0	22.6	2.9	5.1	22.0	14.9	2.7	22.0	1.6	
	1876	12.0	12.0	18.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	2.9	5.1	21.5	14.5	2.7	22.0	1.6	
	1877	12.0	12.0	18.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	2.9	5.1	21.5	14.5	2.7	22.0	1.6	
	1878	12.0	12.0	18.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	2.9	5.1	21.5	14.5	2.7	22.0	1.6	
	1879	12.0	12.0	18.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	2.9	5.1	21.5	14.5	2.7	22.0	1.6	
	1880	12.0	12.0	18.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	2.9	5.1	21.5	14.5	2.7	22.0	1.6	
	1881	12.0	12.0	18.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	2.9	5.1	21.5	14.5	2.7	22.0	1.6	
	1882	12.0	12.0	18.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	2.9	5.1	21.5	14.5	2.7	22.0	1.6	
	1883	12.0	12.0	18.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	2.9	5.1	21.5	14.5	2.7	22.0	1.6	
	1884	12.0	12.0	18.0	12.0	12.0	22.6	2.9	5.1	21.5	14.5	2.7	22.0	1.6	
DIAIRG.	1875	17.0	14.2	27.6	19.6	6.6	20.9	2.9	4.7	14.2	14.4	1.2	28.7	1.4	
	1876	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1877	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1878	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1879	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1880	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1881	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1882	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1883	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1884	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1885	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	

AVERAGE OF IRELAND.

—	Year	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Flax	Rye	Flax	Potatoes	Turnips	Average Weight and Price per Bushel		Cabbages	Flax	Rye
											Per cent.	Per cent.			
DIAIRG.	1876	12.0	14.2	27.6	19.6	6.6	20.9	2.9	4.7	14.2	14.4	1.2	28.7	1.4	
	1877	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1878	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1879	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1880	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1881	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1882	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1883	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1884	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	
	1885	22.1	19.0	12.4	12.4	12.7	22.6	2.9	4.8	18.7	12.5	1.2	29.3	2.0	

Table 11.—Showing the Number of Greenhouses, and the Quantity of Land Stock in such Country and Provinces of Ireland, in 1885.

TABLE 12.—SHOWING THE NUMBER OF SPECIMENS AND THE QUANTITY OF SPECIES IN EACH FOOD GROUP OF TANAKA, OF 1885—CONTINUED.

TABLE 15.—SHOWING THE NUMBERS OF SQUATTERS AND THE QUANTITY OF STOCK IN EACH STATE UNDER THE LAW UNION OF 1885—continued.

STATE LAW UNION	No. of States.	No. of Counties.				No. of Areas.				No. of Farms.				No. of Pastures.				
		Population of rural districts		Population of towns		Total		Population of rural districts		Population of towns		Total		Population of rural districts		Population of towns		Total
		Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban
Delaware,	1	2,643	73	21	1,026	3,741	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026
Pennsylvania,	54	1,165	222	1,041	1,041	2,206	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165
Massachusetts,	5	1,085	111	1,144	1,144	2,226	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085
Connecticut,	5	1,075	121	14	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061
Rhode Island,	5	589	1	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589
Virginia,	44	1,742	162	1,804	1,804	3,544	1,742	1,742	1,742	1,742	1,742	1,742	1,742	1,742	1,742	1,742	1,742	1,742
North Carolina,	44	1,374	151	1,425	1,425	2,895	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,374
South Carolina,	44	1,126	167	1,293	1,293	2,419	1,126	1,126	1,126	1,126	1,126	1,126	1,126	1,126	1,126	1,126	1,126	1,126
Georgia,	5	1,413	14	1,427	1,427	2,840	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413
Tennessee,	5	1,489	11	1,500	1,500	2,989	1,489	1,489	1,489	1,489	1,489	1,489	1,489	1,489	1,489	1,489	1,489	1,489
Alabama,	5	1,399	62	1,461	1,461	2,860	1,399	1,399	1,399	1,399	1,399	1,399	1,399	1,399	1,399	1,399	1,399	1,399
Mississippi,	5	1,444	32	1,476	1,476	2,926	1,444	1,444	1,444	1,444	1,444	1,444	1,444	1,444	1,444	1,444	1,444	1,444
Arkansas,	5	1,089	11	1,100	1,100	2,289	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089
Louisiana,	5	1,214	11	1,225	1,225	2,439	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,214
Missouri,	5	1,081	122	1,081	1,081	2,162	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081
Iowa,	5	1,059	134	1,059	1,059	2,118	1,059	1,059	1,059	1,059	1,059	1,059	1,059	1,059	1,059	1,059	1,059	1,059
Wisconsin,	5	1,054	135	1,054	1,054	2,109	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	136	1,054	1,054	2,110	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Illinois,	5	1,054	137	1,054	1,054	2,109	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	138	1,054	1,054	2,110	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Minnesota,	5	1,054	139	1,054	1,054	2,109	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Wisconsin,	5	1,054	140	1,054	1,054	2,110	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	141	1,054	1,054	2,111	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	142	1,054	1,054	2,112	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	143	1,054	1,054	2,113	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	144	1,054	1,054	2,114	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	145	1,054	1,054	2,115	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	146	1,054	1,054	2,116	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	147	1,054	1,054	2,117	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	148	1,054	1,054	2,118	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	149	1,054	1,054	2,119	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	150	1,054	1,054	2,120	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	151	1,054	1,054	2,121	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	152	1,054	1,054	2,122	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	153	1,054	1,054	2,123	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	154	1,054	1,054	2,124	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	155	1,054	1,054	2,125	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	156	1,054	1,054	2,126	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	157	1,054	1,054	2,127	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	158	1,054	1,054	2,128	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	159	1,054	1,054	2,129	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	160	1,054	1,054	2,130	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	161	1,054	1,054	2,131	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	162	1,054	1,054	2,132	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	163	1,054	1,054	2,133	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	164	1,054	1,054	2,134	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	165	1,054	1,054	2,135	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	166	1,054	1,054	2,136	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	167	1,054	1,054	2,137	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	168	1,054	1,054	2,138	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	169	1,054	1,054	2,139	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	170	1,054	1,054	2,140	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	171	1,054	1,054	2,141	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	172	1,054	1,054	2,142	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	173	1,054	1,054	2,143	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	174	1,054	1,054	2,144	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	175	1,054	1,054	2,145	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	176	1,054	1,054	2,146	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	177	1,054	1,054	2,147	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	178	1,054	1,054	2,148	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Michigan,	5	1,054	179	1,054	1,054	2,149	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,							

TABLE 13.—SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF LIVE STOCK IN EACH YEAR FROM 1870 TO 1880, BY COUNTIES AND PARISHES.

TABLE 13.—SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF LEAF STOCK IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1885, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES—continued.

COUNTIES.	Year	No. of BEEFERS.		NOVEMBER AND APRIL.		No. of CATTLE.		No. of SHEEP.		No. of PIGS.		No. of Sheep per sheepherd.
		Over 1-year-old and upwards	Under 1-year-old and upwards	No. of Sheep	No. of Sheep over 1-year-old and upwards	No. of Sheep under 1-year-old	No. of Sheep over 1-year-old and upwards	No. of Sheep under 1-year-old	No. of Sheep over 1-year-old and upwards	No. of Sheep under 1-year-old	No. of Sheep over 1-year-old and upwards	
		Over 1-year-old and upwards	Under 1-year-old and upwards									
DUBLIN.	1876	10,192	956	634	262	2,129	18,490	2,207	5,929	44,410	29,079	1,591
	1877	10,799	1,117	789	200	2,129	18,290	2,209	5,929	42,450	28,085	1,548
	1878	10,281	1,254	735	394	2,046	17,925	2,149	5,816	41,013	28,155	1,498
	1879	10,399	1,177	860	313	2,046	18,314	2,052	5,827	40,895	28,314	1,523
	1880	10,480	1,184	684	325	1,984	18,420	18,048	5,824	40,924	19,884	1,603
	1881	10,751	1,261	621	305	1,857	18,548	18,589	33,538	18,981	1,681	13,279
Area, 220,000 Acres.	1876	10,750	1,261	621	305	1,857	18,510	18,589	33,538	18,981	1,681	13,279
	1877	10,750	1,261	621	305	1,857	18,510	18,589	33,538	18,981	1,681	13,279
	1878	10,750	1,261	621	305	1,857	18,510	18,589	33,538	18,981	1,681	13,279
	1879	10,750	1,261	621	305	1,857	18,510	18,589	33,538	18,981	1,681	13,279
	1880	10,750	1,261	621	305	1,857	18,510	18,589	33,538	18,981	1,681	13,279
	1881	10,750	1,261	621	305	1,857	18,510	18,589	33,538	18,981	1,681	13,279
FERNAMORE.	1876	5,647	245	912	125	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
	1877	5,648	639	720	240	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
	1878	5,645	632	641	158	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
	1879	5,646	516	632	146	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
	1880	5,646	516	632	146	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
	1881	5,645	516	632	146	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
Area, 417,965 Acres.	1876	5,645	245	912	125	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
	1877	5,645	639	720	240	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
	1878	5,645	632	641	158	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
	1879	5,646	516	632	146	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
	1880	5,646	516	632	146	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
	1881	5,645	516	632	146	4,855	58,571	14,298	22,586	7,386	5,365	3,141
GALWAY.	1876	11,380	3,279	4,375	1,620	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
	1877	11,371	3,496	4,411	1,621	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
	1878	11,360	3,495	4,409	1,621	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
	1879	11,362	4,252	5,209	1,621	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
	1880	11,361	4,276	5,233	1,620	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
	1881	11,362	4,276	5,233	1,620	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
Area, 1,480,000 Acres.	1876	11,380	3,279	4,375	1,620	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
	1877	11,371	3,496	4,411	1,621	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
	1878	11,360	3,495	4,409	1,621	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
	1879	11,362	4,252	5,209	1,621	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
	1880	11,361	4,276	5,233	1,620	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
	1881	11,362	4,276	5,233	1,620	14,220	11,120	21,272	23,986	46,200	18,937	2,207
KERRY.	1876	11,445	1,278	1,021	1,627	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,417	20,084	2,046
	1877	11,478	1,289	1,020	1,627	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,418	20,085	2,047
	1878	11,452	1,287	1,021	1,628	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,419	20,086	2,047
	1879	11,479	1,282	1,022	1,627	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,419	20,086	2,047
	1880	11,458	1,282	1,022	1,627	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,419	20,086	2,047
	1881	11,457	1,282	1,022	1,627	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,419	20,086	2,047
Area, 1,326,860 Acres.	1876	11,445	1,278	1,021	1,627	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,417	20,084	2,046
	1877	11,478	1,289	1,020	1,627	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,418	20,085	2,047
	1878	11,452	1,287	1,021	1,628	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,419	20,086	2,047
	1879	11,479	1,282	1,022	1,627	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,419	20,086	2,047
	1880	11,458	1,282	1,022	1,627	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,419	20,086	2,047
	1881	11,457	1,282	1,022	1,627	7,792	13,120	20,213	44,873	50,419	20,086	2,047
KILKENNY.	1876	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
	1877	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
	1878	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
	1879	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
	1880	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
	1881	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
Area, 435,107 Acres.	1876	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
	1877	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
	1878	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
	1879	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
	1880	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
	1881	9,610	1,008	1,054	97	4,861	27,020	16,922	30,812	24,869	47,425	1,548
KILDARE.	1876	9,369	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
	1877	9,370	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
	1878	9,369	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
	1879	9,369	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
	1880	9,369	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
	1881	9,369	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
Area, 270,312 Acres.	1876	9,369	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
	1877	9,370	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
	1878	9,369	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
	1879	9,369	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
	1880	9,369	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
	1881	9,369	2,029	1,728	888	4,059	44,269	16,147	26,804	21,518	42,115	7,209
LIMERICK.	1876	2,046	315	451	525	2,291	16,209	16,217	5,645	5,319	2,115	4,000
	1877	2,046	309	525	525	2,291	16,209	16,217	5,645	5,319	2,115	4,000
	1878	2,046	309	525	525	2,291	16,209	16,217	5,645	5,319	2,115	4,000
	1879	2,046	309	525	525	2,291	16,209	16,217	5,645	5,319	2,115	4,000
	1880	2,046	309	525	525	2,291	16,209	16,217	5,645	5,319	2,115	4,000
	1881	2,046	309	525	525	2,291	16,209	16,217	5,645	5,319	2,115	4,000
Area, 270,312 Acres.	1876	2,046	315	451	525	2,291	16,209	16,217	5,645	5,319	2,115	4,000
	1877	2,046	309	525	525	2,291	16,209	16,217	5,645	5,319	2,115	4,000
	1878	2,046	309	525	525	2,291	16,209	16,217	5,645	5,319	2,115	4,000
	1879	2,046	309	525	525	2,291	16,209	16,217	5,645	5,319	2	

TABLE 13.—SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF LIVESTOCK IN EACH YEAR FROM 1856 TO 1885, BY COUNTIES AND PROTECTORATES—continued.

COUNTIES,	Year	No. of BOVINES.		MILKING AND ANIMALS.		No. of CAPONS.		No. of PIGS.		No. of DUCKS.		No. of GOATS.	No. of PIGEONS.	
		No. of Cattle and sheep in each year.	Over one year old in each year.	No. of sheep in each year.	No. of pigs in each year.	No. of pigs old over one year.	No. of pigs under one year.	No. of cows and sheep in each year.	No. of cows over one year old in each year.	No. of cows under one year.	No. of sheep over one year old in each year.			
		1856	1,096	1,031	1,607	1,206	7,845	12,580	22,444	24,862	45,041	22,317	44,721	18,614
LONDONDERRY.	1857	1,100	1,033	1,607	1,206	7,845	12,580	22,444	24,862	45,041	22,317	4,731	44,721	18,614
	1858	1,100	1,033	1,607	1,206	7,845	12,580	22,444	24,862	45,041	22,317	4,731	44,721	18,614
	1859	1,126	1,043	1,613	1,202	7,847	12,581	22,445	24,863	45,042	22,318	4,732	44,722	18,615
	1860	1,126	1,043	1,613	1,202	7,847	12,581	22,445	24,863	45,042	22,318	4,732	44,722	18,615
	1861	1,126	1,043	1,613	1,202	7,847	12,581	22,445	24,863	45,042	22,318	4,732	44,722	18,615
	1862	1,126	1,043	1,613	1,202	7,847	12,581	22,445	24,863	45,042	22,318	4,732	44,722	18,615
	1863	1,126	1,043	1,613	1,202	7,847	12,581	22,445	24,863	45,042	22,318	4,732	44,722	18,615
	1864	1,126	1,043	1,613	1,202	7,847	12,581	22,445	24,863	45,042	22,318	4,732	44,722	18,615
	1865	1,126	1,043	1,613	1,202	7,847	12,581	22,445	24,863	45,042	22,318	4,732	44,722	18,615
	1866	1,126	1,043	1,613	1,202	7,847	12,581	22,445	24,863	45,042	22,318	4,732	44,722	18,615
LONDONDERRY.	1867	17,784	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1868	17,796	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1869	17,808	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1870	17,820	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1871	17,832	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1872	17,844	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1873	17,856	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1874	17,868	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1875	17,880	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1876	17,892	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
ANTRIM.	1877	17,904	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1878	17,916	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1879	17,928	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1880	17,940	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1881	17,952	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1882	17,964	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1883	17,976	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1884	17,988	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1885	17,990	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
	1886	17,992	1,022	9,043	14	435	68,240	24,118	25,252	18,384	14,386	8,984	35,894	4,394
DOWN.	1856	1,071	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1857	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1858	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1859	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1860	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1861	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1862	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1863	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1864	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1865	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
LOUTH & MONMOUTH. Co. of Down.	1866	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1867	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1868	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1869	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1870	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1871	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1872	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1873	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1874	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
	1875	1,081	1,027	1,005	217	1,264	21,082	14,482	14,813	10,932	15,022	2,903	16,309	6,078
MAYO.	1876	12,001	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1877	12,003	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1878	12,005	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1879	12,007	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1880	12,009	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1881	12,011	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1882	12,013	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1883	12,015	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1884	12,017	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1885	12,019	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
QUINNIAH.	1886	12,021	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1887	12,023	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1888	12,025	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1889	12,027	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1890	12,029	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1891	12,031	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1892	12,033	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1893	12,035	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193	18,496	6,405
	1894	12,037	1,022	9,114	65	2,070	12,104	22,229	15,071	12,073	27,345	14,193		

TABLE 13.—SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF LIVESTOCK IN EACH TERRITORY FROM 1876 TO 1885, BY COUNTIES AND PROTECTORATES—continued.

COUNTIES.	TERR.	No. of Horses		No. of Cattle		No. of Sheep		No. of Pigs		No. of Sheep per head	No. of Pigs per head				
		No. of Farms with sheep and pigs	No. of sheep per head	No. of farms	No. of sheep	No. of farms	No. of sheep	No. of farms	No. of sheep						
		Per cent. of total number of farms	No. of sheep per head	No. of farms	No. of sheep	No. of farms	No. of sheep	No. of farms	No. of sheep						
BENIN:	1876	5,012	1,007	200	1,148	5,084	52,186	21,382	15,256	61,003	4,136	6,954			
	1877	5,057	1,009	200	1,174	5,119	50,361	20,514	15,450	61,045	4,136	6,961			
	1878	5,049	1,009	200	1,174	5,119	50,361	20,514	15,450	61,045	4,136	6,961			
	1879	5,016	1,009	200	1,148	5,084	50,214	20,312	15,381	61,047	4,136	6,962			
	1880	5,015	1,009	200	1,147	5,084	50,214	20,312	15,381	61,047	4,136	6,962			
	1881	5,015	1,009	200	1,148	5,084	50,214	20,312	15,381	61,047	4,136	6,962			
	1882	5,015	1,009	200	1,148	5,084	50,214	20,312	15,381	61,047	4,136	6,962			
	1883	5,015	1,009	200	1,148	5,084	50,214	20,312	15,381	61,047	4,136	6,962			
	1884	5,015	1,009	200	1,148	5,084	50,214	20,312	15,381	61,047	4,136	6,962			
	1885	5,015	1,009	200	1,148	5,084	50,214	20,312	15,381	61,047	4,136	6,962			
A. YORUBA:	1876	6,654	1,049	1,254	1,052	6,614	56,947	56,121	18,806	56,785	6,009	24,152			
	1877	6,581	1,049	1,254	1,052	6,545	56,947	56,121	18,806	56,785	6,009	24,149			
	1878	6,581	1,049	1,254	1,052	6,545	56,947	56,121	18,806	56,785	6,009	24,149			
	1879	6,581	1,049	1,254	1,052	6,545	56,947	56,121	18,806	56,785	6,009	24,149			
	1880	6,581	1,049	1,254	1,052	6,545	56,947	56,121	18,806	56,785	6,009	24,149			
	1881	6,581	1,049	1,254	1,052	6,545	56,947	56,121	18,806	56,785	6,009	24,149			
	1882	6,581	1,049	1,254	1,052	6,545	56,947	56,121	18,806	56,785	6,009	24,149			
	1883	6,581	1,049	1,254	1,052	6,545	56,947	56,121	18,806	56,785	6,009	24,149			
	1884	6,581	1,049	1,254	1,052	6,545	56,947	56,121	18,806	56,785	6,009	24,149			
	1885	6,581	1,049	1,254	1,052	6,545	56,947	56,121	18,806	56,785	6,009	24,149			
SAHARA:	1876	4,275	1,202	969	812	2,774	54,726	26,753	26,753	26,753	2,384	16,737			
	1877	4,176	1,202	969	812	2,774	54,675	26,753	26,753	26,753	2,384	16,737			
	1878	4,229	1,202	969	812	2,774	54,624	26,753	26,753	26,753	2,384	16,737			
	1879	4,266	1,202	969	812	2,774	54,573	26,753	26,753	26,753	2,384	16,737			
	1880	4,275	1,202	969	812	2,774	54,522	26,753	26,753	26,753	2,384	16,737			
	1881	4,275	1,202	969	812	2,774	54,471	26,753	26,753	26,753	2,384	16,737			
	1882	4,275	1,202	969	812	2,774	54,420	26,753	26,753	26,753	2,384	16,737			
	1883	4,275	1,202	969	812	2,774	54,369	26,753	26,753	26,753	2,384	16,737			
	1884	4,275	1,202	969	812	2,774	54,318	26,753	26,753	26,753	2,384	16,737			
	1885	4,275	1,202	969	812	2,774	54,267	26,753	26,753	26,753	2,384	16,737			
TERRITORIES:	1876	19,816	8,038	3,200	1,112	19,452	105,254	44,584	100,007	100,400	19,118	24,887			
	1877	19,816	8,038	3,200	1,112	19,452	104,803	44,584	100,007	100,400	19,118	24,887			
	1878	19,816	8,038	3,200	1,112	19,452	104,352	44,584	100,007	100,400	19,118	24,887			
	1879	19,816	8,038	3,200	1,112	19,452	103,901	44,584	100,007	100,400	19,118	24,887			
	1880	19,816	8,038	3,200	1,112	19,452	103,450	44,584	100,007	100,400	19,118	24,887			
	1881	19,816	8,038	3,200	1,112	19,452	103,000	44,584	100,007	100,400	19,118	24,887			
	1882	19,816	8,038	3,200	1,112	19,452	102,549	44,584	100,007	100,400	19,118	24,887			
	1883	19,816	8,038	3,200	1,112	19,452	102,098	44,584	100,007	100,400	19,118	24,887			
	1884	19,816	8,038	3,200	1,112	19,452	101,647	44,584	100,007	100,400	19,118	24,887			
	1885	19,816	8,038	3,200	1,112	19,452	101,196	44,584	100,007	100,400	19,118	24,887			
A. YORUBA:	1876	20,222	2,017	2,298	2,040	12,371	28,749	32,934	15,846	28,749	2,318	10,816			
	1877	20,211	2,017	2,298	2,040	12,371	28,749	32,934	15,846	28,749	2,318	10,816			
	1878	20,211	2,017	2,298	2,040	12,371	28,749	32,934	15,846	28,749	2,318	10,816			
	1879	20,211	2,017	2,298	2,040	12,371	28,749	32,934	15,846	28,749	2,318	10,816			
	1880	20,211	2,017	2,298	2,040	12,371	28,749	32,934	15,846	28,749	2,318	10,816			
	1881	20,211	2,017	2,298	2,040	12,371	28,749	32,934	15,846	28,749	2,318	10,816			
	1882	20,211	2,017	2,298	2,040	12,371	28,749	32,934	15,846	28,749	2,318	10,816			
	1883	20,211	2,017	2,298	2,040	12,371	28,749	32,934	15,846	28,749	2,318	10,816			
	1884	20,211	2,017	2,298	2,040	12,371	28,749	32,934	15,846	28,749	2,318	10,816			
	1885	20,211	2,017	2,298	2,040	12,371	28,749	32,934	15,846	28,749	2,318	10,816			
WATERFORD:	1876	5,729	1,276	1,065	702	4,214	56,567	16,239	56,386	32,526	55,517	47,221	4,675	20,585	
	1877	5,729	1,276	1,065	702	4,214	56,567	16,239	56,386	32,526	55,517	47,221	4,675	20,585	
	1878	5,729	1,276	1,065	702	4,214	56,567	16,239	56,386	32,526	55,517	47,221	4,675	20,585	
	1879	5,729	1,276	1,065	702	4,214	56,567	16,239	56,386	32,526	55,517	47,221	4,675	20,585	
	1880	5,729	1,276	1,065	702	4,214	56,567	16,239	56,386	32,526	55,517	47,221	4,675	20,585	
	1881	5,729	1,276	1,065	702	4,214	56,567	16,239	56,386	32,526	55,517	47,221	4,675	20,585	
	1882	5,729	1,276	1,065	702	4,214	56,567	16,239	56,386	32,526	55,517	47,221	4,675	20,585	
	1883	5,729	1,276	1,065	702	4,214	56,567	16,239	56,386	32,526	55,517	47,221	4,675	20,585	
	1884	5,729	1,276	1,065	702	4,214	56,567	16,239	56,386	32,526	55,517	47,221	4,675	20,585	
	1885	5,729	1,276	1,065	702	4,214	56,567	16,239	56,386	32,526	55,517	47,221	4,675	20,585	
WICKLOW:	1876	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1877	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1878	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1879	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1880	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1881	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1882	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1883	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1884	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1885	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
WICKLOW:	1876	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1877	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1878	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1879	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1880	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1881	9,040	3,643	1,209	252	5,449	45,121	15,403	55,308	44,420	62,771	5,655	22,456	6,655	21,229
	1882	9,040	3,643												

TABLE 13.—SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF LIVE STOCK, IN EACH YEAR FROM 1876 TO 1885, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES—continued.

PROVINCES.

PROVINCE,	Year	No. of Horses,		MULES AND ASSES,		No. of CATTLE,		No. of SHEEP,		No. of PIGS,		No. of SWANS,
		Year prior and approxi- mately	Year and approxi- mately	No. of Horses	No. of Asses	Year prior and approxi- mately	Year and approxi- mately	No. of Sheep	Year prior and approxi- mately	No. of Sheep	Year prior and approxi- mately	
		Year prior and approxi- mately	Year and approxi- mately	No. of Horses	No. of Asses	Year prior and approxi- mately	Year and approxi- mately	No. of Sheep	Year prior and approxi- mately	No. of Sheep	Year prior and approxi- mately	
LEINSTER.	1876	150,464	15,180	10,534	7,000	16,208	630,512	206,800	151,512	311,646	384,093	48,312
	1877	150,000	15,000	10,728	7,000	16,208	630,198	211,600	152,444	308,300	384,339	47,314
	1878	127,000	15,000	10,728	7,000	16,208	625,000	212,500	152,344	304,300	384,339	47,314
	1879	148,266	20,400	10,845	8,000	16,208	605,198	205,264	152,174	306,400	384,093	47,314
	1880	130,000	20,178	11,213	8,000	16,208	607,000	205,174	152,174	306,400	384,093	47,314
	1881	150,000	20,200	16,239	8,000	16,208	614,000	207,200	151,507	261,154	384,536	24,714
	1882	150,000	21,252	17,204	8,000	16,208	622,000	213,707	151,507	261,300	384,536	24,714
	1883	137,000	21,197	17,704	8,000	16,208	622,198	212,744	150,967	307,200	384,536	24,714
	1884	135,000	21,197	17,704	8,000	16,208	622,000	212,744	150,967	307,200	384,536	24,714
	1885	135,000	20,650	18,969	8,000	16,208	624,000	224,000	150,342	274,300	385,946	24,714
MUNSTER.	1876	105,875	16,796	15,676	7,000	21,000	334,856	350,456	350,456	582,000	360,546	77,260
	1877	104,100	17,100	16,450	7,000	21,000	337,424	370,500	373,500	575,162	352,240	99,517
	1878	102,466	15,286	17,262	8,000	16,208	350,456	370,500	370,500	580,500	350,500	94,517
	1879	103,018	18,484	25,294	8,000	16,208	321,600	340,128	340,128	580,890	350,478	94,517
	1880	105,397	19,641	35,345	8,000	16,208	370,000	324,178	324,178	614,818	321,000	94,517
	1881	100,234	18,002	16,537	8,000	16,208	346,800	322,000	322,000	478,300	320,000	86,872
	1882	100,000	17,947	16,967	8,000	16,208	350,000	322,000	322,000	442,000	320,000	86,872
	1883	100,000	17,947	16,967	8,000	16,208	348,000	322,000	322,000	442,000	320,000	86,872
	1884	100,000	17,947	16,967	8,000	16,208	350,000	322,000	322,000	442,000	320,000	86,872
	1885	104,037	18,482	35,079	8,000	16,208	370,000	324,178	324,178	607,000	325,000	94,517
ULSTER.	1876	145,220	16,900	15,165	8,000	26,581	641,448	234,000	208,196	526,000	150,757	51,005
	1877	150,000	16,862	17,374	8,000	26,581	641,448	246,417	208,000	527,000	147,070	50,500
	1878	152,155	14,146	16,250	8,000	26,581	646,211	260,257	266,484	524,000	150,000	50,500
	1879	155,647	14,200	16,250	8,000	26,581	546,000	250,641	250,641	526,000	150,000	50,500
	1880	150,476	13,580	16,167	8,000	26,581	576,000	250,000	250,000	524,000	150,000	50,500
	1881	149,077	16,242	16,079	8,000	26,581	595,237	254,425	254,425	526,000	150,000	50,500
	1882	144,448	16,242	16,079	8,000	26,581	595,237	254,425	254,425	526,000	150,000	50,500
	1883	144,448	16,242	16,079	8,000	26,581	595,237	254,425	254,425	526,000	150,000	50,500
	1884	144,448	16,242	16,079	8,000	26,581	595,237	254,425	254,425	526,000	150,000	50,500
	1885	145,020	16,345	16,254	8,000	26,581	594,615	254,125	254,125	526,000	150,000	50,500
CONNAHTRY.	1876	42,340	6,450	18,908	4,007	56,534	396,475	131,517	125,548	506,200	274,321	25,305
	1877	45,000	6,000	16,309	4,002	57,200	395,627	130,254	125,200	510,000	274,000	25,500
	1878	45,000	6,000	16,309	4,002	57,200	395,724	130,254	125,200	510,000	274,000	25,500
	1879	45,000	6,000	16,309	4,002	57,200	395,724	130,254	125,200	510,000	274,000	25,500
	1880	45,000	6,000	16,309	4,002	57,200	395,724	130,254	125,200	510,000	274,000	25,500
	1881	47,472	8,201	9,776	5,000	18,481	390,720	130,000	118,000	504,421	272,796	22,500
	1882	46,524	8,201	9,776	5,000	18,481	390,720	130,000	118,000	504,421	272,796	22,500
	1883	46,524	8,201	9,776	5,000	18,481	390,720	130,000	118,000	504,421	272,796	22,500
	1884	46,524	8,201	9,776	5,000	18,481	390,720	130,000	118,000	504,421	272,796	22,500
	1885	45,123	14,000	11,221	7,500	16,437	380,348	125,160	125,000	504,300	271,900	22,500

TOTAL OF IRELAND.

IRELAND.	Year	No. of Horses,		MULES AND ASSES,		No. of CATTLE,		No. of SHEEP,		No. of PIGS,		No. of SWANS,
		Year prior and approxi- mately	Year and approxi- mately	No. of Horses	No. of Asses	Year prior and approxi- mately	Year and approxi- mately	No. of Sheep	Year prior and approxi- mately	No. of Sheep	Year prior and approxi- mately	
		Year prior and approxi- mately	Year and approxi- mately	No. of Horses	No. of Asses	Year prior and approxi- mately	Year and approxi- mately	No. of Sheep	Year prior and approxi- mately	No. of Sheep	Year prior and approxi- mately	
TOTAL OF IRELAND.	1876	402,130	37,207	18,200	21,300	381,119	1,071,000	171,000	150,000	1,490,000	1,000,000	1,040,000
	1877	402,271	40,466	18,200	20,100	381,200	1,071,000	171,000	150,000	1,490,000	1,000,000	1,040,000
	1878	408,000	40,321	18,200	21,300	381,184	1,295,204	188,072	150,000	1,490,000	1,000,000	1,040,000
	1879	407,760	40,321	18,200	20,207	381,184	1,295,204	188,072	150,000	1,490,000	1,000,000	1,040,000
	1880	406,270	40,321	18,207	20,207	381,184	1,295,204	188,072	150,000	1,490,000	1,000,000	1,040,000
	1881	406,270	40,321	18,207	20,207	381,184	1,295,204	188,072	150,000	1,490,000	1,000,000	1,040,000
	1882	406,270	40,321	18,207	20,207	381,184	1,295,204	188,072	150,000	1,490,000	1,000,000	1,040,000
	1883	415,114	40,326	18,207	20,200	381,184	1,295,204	188,072	150,000	1,490,000	1,000,000	1,040,000
	1884	415,114	40,326	18,207	20,200	381,184	1,295,204	188,072	150,000	1,490,000	1,000,000	1,040,000
	1885	415,114	40,326	18,207	20,200	381,184	1,295,204	188,072	150,000	1,490,000	1,000,000	1,040,000



APPENDIX.

OBSERVATIONS

OF THE

DISTRICT INSPECTORS OF THE ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY AND OF
THE SERGEANTS OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE,

WHO ACTED AS SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS,

IN REPLY TO A CIRCULAR DATED OCTOBER 31ST, 1885, ON THE PROBABLE CAUSE TO WHICH THE GOOD
OR BAD YIELD OF THE VARIOUS CROPS IN EACH OF THEIR DISTRICTS MAY BE ATTRIBUTED.

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CARLOW COUNTY. *Rossmore D.*—The harvest has been a very good one in this district. There was some difficulty in saving oats and late meadows, owing to the heavy rainfall. However, the turnip crop was much impeded by the rain which came late in summer. The prices of all agricultural produce were low this season in this district. *Carlow D.*—As far as I can ascertain the rates of produce of the different crops in this district are good and up to the average, which I attribute to the favourable season and to careful cultivation.

DUBLIN COUNTY. *Glenstal D.*—With reference to the inferior yield of the crops, generally, I am of the opinion that it is attributable to the season having been excessively wet. *Collogeen D.*—The rates of produce are not up to last year's return. The same attribution is to the very dry summer this year. *Dundrum D.*—The yield of crops varies considerably in different parts of this district, according to the nature of the soil, which is in some places good, in others light and unfruitful, cold, wet, and boggy. In the Dundrum Division the potato crop is good, the yield being abundant, with no unsoundness. Oats—a fair average crop, wheat—waddling, also barley. These latter were much damaged on some farms by wet and unfavourable weather setting in before they were cut and gathered in. The hay is a good crop. In the Ballybrack sub-district wheat and barley were good. Oats an indifferent crop in consequence of lightness of soil. Rather a failure in potatoes. Turnips bad, injured by fly. Hay indifferent. Same remarks apply in regard to Glaslough sub-district. In the Cottleville sub-district all the crops were good, except turnips, which were injured by the fly. In Glanmire Division the crops are generally bad. Wet mountain land. In Rathfarnham Division the crops are generally good this year. From Rathmichael the crops are reported as only waddling, piercing winds being prevalent in spring, and cold rains falling in May and June. From Tallaght the crops are reported as generally fair. And from Whitelarch—hay a good crop, cereals not so good, harvested late, and weather unfavourable; potatoes very fair. With regard to the turnip crop, nearly all the early sown was destroyed by the green fly. *Askeaton D.*—From inquiries made by the constabulary from the resident gentry and intelligent farmers in my district, I find they have no complaint of any crop, except that the turnip crop is not up to the general average, which is attributed to the dry season. *Askeaton D.*—No doubt the variable and somewhat stormy weather at harvest time, reduced the quality and quantity of the cereals. Hay did not suffer much in this district, except in the poorer and later lands about Ballylin, where the cereals suffered greatly. Potatoes are an unusually good crop. *Ballybrack D.*—I beg to report that the yield in the electoral divisions of my district are of an average character with that of last year, only turnips, which are below the average,

owing to the dry season setting in immediately after their being sown.

Kildare County. Athy D.—As regards this district wheat is not given to any extent. Oats was a good average crop, the growing season being favourable. Barley, fair average crop; good season. Potatoes, good crop, season being favourable; champion are those principally grown. Turnips, average crop. Hay a good crop; the new meadows were under average, but old meadows good; rain came too late for new meadows. Above are principal crops grown in this district. *Kildare D.*—Oats average. Potatoes rather light. *Noss D.*—The yield of the various crops this year throughout this district was very fair indeed. Hay crops were good, and were generally saved in good order. Corn crops were very fair, but wet and unfavourable weather during the harvest time did them a great amount of damage. Potatoes are good, and root crops average. Prices for all kinds of produce are low. *Rathdrum D.*—The crops in this district are of more than average produce and condition, which is to be attributed to the reasonable weather which attended them all along.

Kilkenny County. Callan D.—The crops this year appear to be above the average yield, arising from the dryness of the spring, and opportunity afforded of gathering harvest in fine weather. *Carthcormer D.*—Hay, particularly first and second crop, was a fairly heavy crop and well used. Meadow hay, although well sown, was, in many instances, a light crop, owing to the dryness and hardness of the months of April, May, and part of June. Mangolds were a comparatively fair crop; but turnips were much under the average yield, owing to want of rain during months of July and August. In some cases the turnip seed did not germinate for six weeks after being sown, owing to lack of moisture. Potatoes, good in quality, but considerably below the yield of 1884 in quantity, attributable to the severity of the spring and early summer. Oats and barley were both an average crop, but in some places light in the ear. During the months of April, May, and beginning of June the weather was dry, with harsh north and east winds, with frequent frosts, thereby greatly retarding vegetation generally. *Johnstown D.*—The yield of the various crops in the several electoral divisions in this district was fair, and fully up to the average of former years—in some places the crops, potatoes and barley especially, were excellent, this is generally attributed to the mild season, warm weather and moderate rain, which favoured the growth of all crops. The turnip crop is not so productive, owing to the savages the seeds sown by the crops after being sown, and cabbages were transplanted in the drifts where the turnips "rained." *Askeaton D.*—I have made personal inquiry from competent persons, and they agree in saying that there was an average crop all round in

this district this year. *Pilkerron D.*—The harvest has been good all round; the crops of hay, oats, and potatoes being especially fine, which is to be attributed to the favourable state of weather during past year. *Threave D.*—I consider that the fine dry summer has had a most beneficial effect on the hay and corn crops, the former being well and easily saved. Want of rain in the early part of the summer has had a bad effect on turnips and such crops, as it came too late to be of much use.

King's County. Edzell D.—There was a bad yield of potatoes and other crops in hilly land, in consequence of the early part of the season being dry, and succeeded by a frost, which greatly injured the growth. There was a good yield in the upland, attributable, I believe, to the fact that the frost had little or no effect on such crops. *Ferhouse D.*—I beg to state that all crops, with the exception of barley, were below the average. The bad yield of the various crops may be attributed to the late spring, a too dry summer, and a wet harvest, accompanied by a frost early in August. *Finlaiton D.*—The bad yield of crops in this district is attributable to the wet months of August and September. *Shirness D.*—As regards the yield of crops this year, that of oats, barley, &c., is very fair, owing to earlier rains and subsequent dry, hot weather. Green crops did not yield so well, as the summer heat affected them considerably. The potato crop, however, is fairly up to the average. *Fullarton D.*—The barley crop, as well as the "champion" potato crop, were far above the average, a fact entirely attributable to the very dry summer. There has been a falling off in all other cereal and root crops, which is attributed to the same cause, the heat and drought being considered as detrimental to the latter as it is advantageous to the former.

Longford County. Ballymena D.—The crops in this district have been fairly good. Hay is very plentiful, owing to the seasons being propitious both for growth and curing. Oats is also above the average crop, due to the same cause. Turnips have in some parts been more or less of a failure, but I have seen good crops also. The potato crop, though free from disease, is not very abundant. *Grawall D.*—The fair average crop of potatoes and oats, which are the principal crops in this district, I attribute to the unusually rain in May, and a favourable summer and harvest. *Longford D.*—I have to report that, unless hay, oats, and turnips, the crops in this district nearly average that of last year. The dissatisfaction to the crops named is due to the very dry summer, and were it not for the rains in the latter part of the season, they would have been much worse.

Lough County. Ardee D.—Hay and turnips are a light crop in this district, caused by the dry season. The other crops are a fair average. *Dundalk D.*—The crops in this district are quite up to the average this year, owing to good cultivation and favourable weather. *Dundon D.*—The potato crop was bad this season, owing to the want of rain in the summer. Turnips, mangold, &c., crops bad, owing to want of rain after sowing and to cold and frosty autumn weather. Hay good, owing to favourable season. Potatoes fair average; not so good as last year; attributable to dry summer.

Meath County. Athboy D.—The general good yield of potatoes, turnips, mangold, &c., in fact, all root crops, was owing to the favourable weather in months of June and July. The oat crop cannot be considered good, though it promised well until the harvest, when there came too much rain for the farmer to save it properly. Hay was generally light, owing to the late spring. *Dundalk D.*—The crops in this district are well up to the average. Hay extra good. Oats gave great promise, but were generally saved in wet weather, which will require them to be kept longer than usual. *Kells D.*—Potatoes are con-

sidered a good crop, owing to favourable weather and the absence of blight. Oats and fax are also good crops, which is attributed to the favourable weather in summer and the first months of autumn. Turnips and mangold are not considered good crops, and the fact of their not being so is attributed to the continuous drought in the summer months. *Naas D.*—The green crops this year have been fairly good, including the potato. The corn crops have been light, owing to the dryness of the summer. *Slane D.*—The general yield of the various crops in this district has been satisfactory. The hay was, on the whole, plentiful, and very well saved, as also oats—the two chief things grown in this part of the country. The turnip crop has been light, and its failure has been attributed by some to the exceedingly dry summer, by others to some insect or maggot which ate the root before it grew. Potatoes were good, and little or no disease has been seen. *Turris D.*—With regard to the various yields of crops in this district during the year, owing to the dry season in May, the hay, potato, and turnip crops are not so good this year. Oats, too, have suffered from the same cause, although all crops have been well saved.

Queen's County. Ballybylex D.—There is a decrease in all crops in this district, save hay. Cereal and root crops are decreased 10 per cent on former years, in consequence of the drought in June, July, and August, and frost, which came in June and August of this season. Hay was a good crop, over the average of last year, owing to the later sowing in April and May last. *Ballyholme D.*—With reference to the yield of the various crops this year, it is quite up to the average and better saved, owing to the lengthened fine weather. *Mervagh D.*—None of the crops were as good as they otherwise would be owing to the incessant rains which fell when they were approaching maturity. The hay, although a good average, suffered much in the sowing of it, and the corn of all descriptions was very much damaged in quality when compared with that of a dry season. The only crops that were least damaged were turnips, mangold, &c. *Moneymore D.*—The crops both of hay, corn, and potatoes have been inferior to the average in this district during the current year. Early in the season the weather was favourable, and there seemed a promise of a good crop of both hay and corn. When the hay had been cut, it was in many cases spoiled before it could be saved. The same remark applies to the corn, which was in many cases entirely destroyed by the wet autumn weather before it could be saved. The result of the potato crop has likewise been bad, the unusually wet autumn weather having done much damage.

Westmeath County. Ballymoeerrig D.—I consider that the very dry weather in the months of June and July caused the hay crop to be lighter this year than last. The potatoes and turnips were also affected by the same cause, and these crops are not as good this year as last. The oats in this district is fairly good. *Castledermot D.*—All the crops in this district are good in consequence of the favourable season. The turnip crop in some instances was injured by the fly and had to be re-sown. *Dublin D.*—All the crops were of average goodness this year, but the season was late and in some cases crops were damaged by bad weather during the later harvest. Crops of oats were good. Potatoes in some instances showed disease, but not to a great extent, and it seems the general opinion that the Scotch Champion strain is deteriorating, and that some change would be advisable. Hay was up to the average, and root crops showing themselves fairly well, but very late, especially where late sowing was made. *Effigges D.*—I beg to state that all the crops in this district may be considered on fair average, which is attributable to the past favourable season. *Moss D.*—The yield this year is above the average, which may be attributed to

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the favourable weather in the early part of the year. *Mullingar D.*—The yield of the various crops this season has been above the average of recent years. I do not think this is to be ascribed to any local or special cause—the favourable weather seems to account entirely for it.

WEXFORD COUNTY. *Enniscorthy D.*—The yield in all crops was a very fair average this year. Unfortunately, however, the middle and latter end of September were unfavorable for harvest operations, the result being that much late oats was sown, and late barley is a very indifferent sample. A thrifty habit prevails in some parts of this county, and whenever practised in Ireland this year it met its reward. That habit is early sowing. Many of the Wexford farmers sow their oats in harvest, and all other crops at the earliest possible moment: the result is early ripening and an increased yield. In such cases, too, the crops are saved and secured before the critical period of the equinoctial gales, while the late planter has to depend on the chance of fine weather at the turn of the year, and he is generally disappointed, while he has to expend far more time and labor in endeavouring to hold his harvest. It appears that, starting as in all other operations, "the early bird has the early worm." *Gorey D.*—The crops of this district have been this year good on the whole. Part of the summer was rather dry, but the hay crop had sufficient moisture to be a fair average, or perhaps more, yet the dry weather was calculated to produce an excellent crop of potatoes, and the digging of this crop now in progress proves that it is good in all respects. As much the largest portion of this county is grass land, the two crops named are of the greatest importance to the people. Corn is a fair crop. Notwithstanding the general abundance of farm produce, the very exceptionally low price of everything produced directly and indirectly by the land, has caused this to be a disastrous season for the farmer. There is no single article produced by him that is marketable at a price to give profit, cattle and sheep, both store and fat, are nearly 40 per cent lower than a few years ago; butter and grain of all kinds are

all low also. There is a good deal of land badly managed and could be made to yield larger returns, but people seem to find it difficult to learn new ways of managing their land. *New Ross D.*—The yield of the grain crop would have been much better but for a good deal of wet weather during harvest-time; on the whole the crop was fair. The potatoes and turnips were very fair, the weather being more favorable for them. *Tullamore D.*—The crops were generally poor for the following reasons:—Wheat suffered from cold nights in April and May, barley and oats suffered a little from blight; potatoes blighted by the very wet harvest; mangolds twice sown and consequently late; turnips all top, spoiled by the wet weather. Other crops fairly good. *Wexford D.*—In my opinion there was a fair yield of the crops in this district.

WICKLOW COUNTY. *Enniskerry D.*—There was a fair average yield of such crops as were grown in this district this year, the weather on the whole being favorable for them. *Dundrum D.*—The average yield of crops in this district this year was good, therefore I think no further remarks could be made, but I may say I personally spoke to an intelligent farmer who told me that only there was a good harvest there would be a famine, as there were no prices for cattle or, indeed, anything else. *Tinahely D.*—There was very little wheat planted in this district. Oats and barley were average crops, owing to the spring and harvest weather having been favorable for them. Potatoes good in quality but deficient in quantity in consequence of the harsh and frosty weather that prevailed in the early part of the season, and also to farmers not changing seed—most of them have used their own seed for several years. Turnips and mangolds were deficient in quantity owing to the dry weather at sowing time. Hay a fair crop in consequence of an early growth in May and suitable weather for mowing it in July and August. *Wicklow D.*—The plentiful crop of potatoes may be attributed to the comparatively dry season. Other crops are much as usual, but, owing to the dearth in the markets generally, are selling cheaper than in former years.

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CLARE COUNTY. *Ennis D.*—There is a fair average yield of the various crops in this district this year, which I attribute to climatic influences. The principal portion of this district is under grass. *Ennistymon D.*—The bad yield in potatoes in some of the divisions in this district may be attributed to the frost in the month of May which retarded the growth. In some divisions the yield in oats, barley, turnips, mangolds, and cabbages not as good as past year, owing to these crops not getting rain for a considerable time after the seeds were planted, and this caused some of the seeds not to grow. The good yield in hay in some divisions may be attributed to the fact that the months of June, July, and August were dry, which favored the growth of the meadows in some of the divisions in this locality. *Killaloe D.*—The hay crop this year was very good, the weather being favorable. The yield of potatoes was not so good as last year, on account of the wet autumn—same with respect to the oat crop. *Kilrush D.*—Very little tillage is carried on in this district. The hay and potato crops have yielded very well this year, owing, no doubt, to the very favorable weather which we enjoyed during the season. *Ennisbridge D.*—The crops, generally, are up to the average in this district, with the exception of straw, which is generally short, owing to the dry weather which prevailed through the summer. Many of the farmers have considerably reduced the area under tillage, chiefly on account of the scarcity of labour, and this will account for a reduced supply of straw. The hay is an exceptionally heavy crop, especially in the low-lying or crevices lands. Potatoes are a poor crop, and green crops generally are inferior, the spring

was so cold and followed by a long dry summer. Where crops were sown late the result was heterogeneous. *D.*—The yield of crops this year is about an average. The potato crop is not so abundant as last season; the farmers say the blight is not so prevalent, and that they are better for food.

CORK COUNTY. *E.R. Ballyscollig D.*—The yield of the various crops this year was on an average fairly good, and that this is to be attributed to the fine weather of the summer months. *Gloucester D.*—There is nothing selling for special mention. The yield of the various crops has been generally good, owing to a favorable season. *Cork, North, D.*—The yield of crops this year was good, generally, which is attributable to the fine season. *Cork, South, D.*—There was a decrease in the average yield of wheat, oats, barley, and turnip crops, and an increase in the yield of the hay crop in this district for the past year. The heavy rainfall in the early part of the year, and the drought in the months of June and July are the reasons assigned for this occurrence. Potatoes and mangolds gave a good average return. *Farney D.*—The bad yield of the green crops is to be attributed to the dry season. *Kinsale D.*—The general product of the various crops is, in this locality, an average one. The different grain crops are rather below the average, which is attributable to an unfavorable season. Potatoes are good, the hay seed imported a few years ago being still healthy. Green crops are not very good. *Kinsale D.*—There has been a very fair yield of all crops in this district. The hay and grain crops would have been more than an average were it not for the great rains that

fall in the months of August and September, which reduced the yield and quality considerably. The green crop promise to turn out very fairly. *Meath D.*—As the crops appear to have been of fair average throughout the country, I do not think that any particular circumstance can be noticed. *Middlesex D.*—The crops throughout the district have been on the average good. *Burke* is not good, as the wet weather came on and did much injury. Some may be said of oats and wheat, but in most cases where ordinary diligence was used the crops were well saved. Turnips affected by the early dry season. Potatoes abundant and good. *Essexshire D.*—As a rule in this neighbourhood the crops have not been considered as good as last year, as the harvest weather was bad and damaged potatoes and corn. *Gloucester D.*—The general yield of crops this year has been good, owing to seed operations having been commenced at the proper time, and also owing to the favourable weather. The potato crop has been very good. Oats and barley were excellent, but suffer'd very much when cutting, owing to heavy rains. The hay crop suffered in some places, owing to the dry season. *Essex D.*—The potato crop generally has been good throughout my district, but corn, turnips, mangolds, and hay have not produced a fair average yield, owing, it is alleged, to the long summer drought. The corn crop, too, suffered very much from the heavy rains which fell when they were being cut, as much so that, in some instances, the grain was observed to have grown in the stocks. The dry weather was, it appears, favourable to the potato crop.

CORK COUNTY, W.E. *Bandon D.*—The crops appear to be good in most places and have been well sown, but prices for all agricultural produce are extremely low, and as long as the country is dominated by agriculturists, who have nothing to live by excepting, and a cattle monopoly in the hands of cattle dealers, there is not much prospect of an improvement in agriculture. *Bantry D.*—I have been informed that the general good yield of crops is attributable to the general favourableness of the weather throughout the year. *Castletown D.*—The year got too advanced before any great force of vegetation set in, besides the unusually cold month of May this year caused almost all crops to yield a low figure, except green crops, which have proved an average. The land in this district is very light, watery, and poor, and it takes an exceptional year to agree with it. Artificial manure is not at all suited to produce a good and constant yield in this locality. The champion potatoes are also degenerates here. *Cromeragh D.*—The yield as regards hay and potatoes was good in consequence of the favourable state of the weather in the early part of the season, but the grain crops, in consequence of wet weather setting in just at the time of sowing, were very much below the average. *Dunsany D.*—With the exception of wheat, turnips, and potatoes, I consider the yield this year to be average with the previous one or two years. The wheat is considerably below average, caused by the extremely wet weather at harvest-time, by which a good deal of the crop was lost. The turnip crop is also below average, attributable to the very dry summer. On the other hand, the potato crop is above average, which I consider may be attributed to complete use of champion seed and to the dryness of the summer. *Morristown D.*—The average produce in the several divisions of this district is somewhat better this year than last, and is mainly attributable to the mildness of the seasons and summer and dryness of the harvest, and in a less degree to the improved system of agriculture combined with care in the cultivation of the several crops. None of the potatoes have blackened this year. *Skibbereen D.*—Potato crop is very good. Oats are a fair average. Crops generally good, but prices not good—even for cattle. General depression in prices. *Skull D.*—The crops in the several electoral divisions

of this district are of a fair average this year. This may be attributed to the dryness of the season. *Fraserburgh of Kincardine.*

KERRY COUNTY. *Galeasenane D.*—Hay was not as heavy a crop this year as in 1884, but it is of better quality and better saved. Potatoes are a better crop this year than they were last, and are excellent as food. All other crops much the same as they were in 1884. I can assign no cause for the difference in quality and quantity except climate restored. *Castlegregory D.*—In favourably-situated parts of this district the crops were generally above the average and superior in quality, which I attribute to the fact of the summer having been exceptionally dry and in the mountain portion crops were not so good, but excessive drought not salting such lands will account for this. *Drinagh D.*—The average rates of produce this year are about the same as in former years, so far as wheat, turnips, and hay crops are concerned. The average of the oat crop is slightly better this year than it has been for the past three or four years, owing to the exceptionally dry and hot weather which we have had in the months of June and July and part of August. The potato crop is not so good as it has been for the past four years, owing to the fact that no fresh seed was introduced into the district for the past four or five years. The old seed is fast deteriorating because of being sown year after year in the same land. *Kearney D.*—The Kenmare district is not agricultural—hay, oats, and potatoes are the principal crops. The yield of the two former is above the average on account of the fine summer. The potato crop is not up to the average. I can attribute no reason for this, but probably in the uplands it was caused by the dry summer. There is not much potato disease. *Killarney D.*—As far as regards the crop in this district the yield has been very fair this year. This may be attributed to the good weather. *Killarney D.*—The summer was rather dry to produce an abundant crop in the elevated portions of this district, whereas in the valleys where deep rich loam exists the yield was in some instances most prolific. I consider the cause stated equally applies to all kinds of crops this season. *Lauragh D.*—I beg to state that potatoes, oats, and hay are the only crops cultivated to any extent in this part of Kerry. The hay crop is good this year, a wet spring having favoured the growth of grass. Oats are below the average. Owing to the general oddness of the summer and a deficiency of rain at a critical period the grain is small and not properly matured. The potato crop is below the average. This is attributed to the cold wet spring, which delayed the sowing and to late frosts in the month of May, which greatly injured early sown crops also. There was a want of rain at the time it was most required, and heavy rains subsequently came too late and were injurious. *Tralee D.*—The crops were better than average in this district, owing, I should say, to the favourable weather we have had.

LIMERICK COUNTY. *Adare D.*—The produce is somewhat above the average this year in all crops. The weather was very favourable for putting down the various seeds and for the most part for saving the produce, with the exception of oats, which suffered somewhat from wet when cut. *Ballydehob D.*—The only cause that can be shown for good or bad crops and produce is the nature of the climate at that season of the year when crops will be best served in having either moist or dry weather and vice versa. *Kilfinane D.*—The good yield in the crops this year is owing to the weather having been so very fine and gentle during the spring and summer and autumn. *Limerick (City) D.*—The crops were a very fair average this year, attributable no doubt to the weather we have had both in spring and summer. *Limerick (Rural) D.*—The hay crop is a good one, but a good deal of it was damaged owing to heavy rains, and it is now selling at a very low rate. The potato crop is good, but turnips

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are not up to the average owing to dryness in the early season. Oats are plentiful and the grain good. Wheat very little grown in this neighbourhood.

Carlow D.—The crops this year were not so good as in former years owing to the rather unfavourable season—too much rain. *New Ross D.*—Owing to the dry and favourable season the yield of all kinds of crops in this district has been fair except turnips and mangold weasel. These crops, especially the turnip, were, owing to the dryness of the soil at the time of sowing, a poor crop. The fly affected the turnip crop much in this locality.

Kilkenny D.—The yield of the various crops in the electoral divisions of Askeaton east, Askeaton west, Nantinan, and Lismorey was good this year, and the cause is attributed to the very fine spring and summer weather. The same remarks apply to all this district, except that in the neighbourhood of Rathkeale, which is a limestone locality, straw was short but the grain good. Potatoes, turnips, and hay taken out very well.

TIPPERARY COUNTY, S. E. Ballynally D.—I attribute the bad yield of late corn which was cut in wet weather. In some instances it even germinated after being cut. Above here the crops are up to the average, but prices low. *Tipperary D.*—The yield of all crops, except potatoes, was well up to a fair average of preceding years. The falling off in the potato crop, principally champion, is attributed to the gradual and usual deterioration of the seed from being continually sown in the same lands. *Clare D.*—I am informed that there is a decrease in the product of crops which is attributed to the wet harvest. The hay in this district is considered a fair crop. *East Clare D.*—Crops show a fair average, with the exception of the cabbage crop, which appears to be larger than usual, owing, I believe, to the system that farmers are now adopting of growing cabbage more extensively for feeding purposes. Potatoes (champion) yield a smaller return than heretofore; this, I understand, by farmers sowing as seed the potatoes grown on same farm. *Tipperary D.*—The crops of all sorts afforded a very average yield, but the important rain some what damaged late crops of grain. The potatoes in every direction are very good, and no sign of disease in that crop has appeared. Where the various rates of produce are apparently low, the cause may be attributed to the inferior quality of the land. *Thurles D.*—The potato crop is good this year, and so is the hay, but the grain crops are below the average of other years on account of the very wet harvest. The turnip crop is not as good as was expected, which may be attributable to the extremely hot weather when the seed was sowing up.

TIPPERARY COUNTY, S. E. Ballynally D.—I attribute the bad yield of the present year's crops to the unfavourable season, the early spring being very wet retarded sowing operations, followed by several dry months, which had an injurious effect on crops in general. *Cahir D.*—The wheat crop, although small in the grain, was fairly plentiful; this was due to a rainy summer, followed by heat, too late to affect the crop. The potato crop is quite as plentiful as last year, but not so large in bulk, due to want of continuous warm weather. The root crop, however, from the wet summer is well up to the average. *Carrollton-Suir D.*—The past harvest seems generally to have been very good, owing, no doubt, to the favourable season. Some late hay and also some corn were injured by the amount of rain which fell during month of September. *Cashel D.*—The harvest in this district may be considered a fair average one, with perhaps the exception of wheat, of which, however, little was grown. The quality of the corn crop was in many instances bad, owing to the heavy rains immediately after sowing. Root crops, fair, potatoes, good. Farmers of recent years have learned the advantage of sowing good new seed. Yield excellent, and remarkably free from disease. *Clonmel D.*—Taken as a whole, the harvest in this district has been a fairly good one. The hay is not so good as last year, as when it was being made the weather became very inclement. In quantity, however, it was a good crop. *Dundrum D.*—The good yield of all crops this season is owing to the very fine spring, which allowed the land to be tilled well without difficulty, and the hot summer weather, which encouraged growth, more particularly of the hay crop and oats. No disease of any kind appeared in the crops during the season. *Tipperary D.*—The yield of all the crops throughout this district has been very good this year. The hay crop was exceptionally good. This is to be attributed to the very favourable weather.

WATERFORD COUNTY. Cappoquin D.—There has been a slight falling-off in the product of crops in general this season, and I attribute this to the drought in the early part and excessive moisture in the latter part of the season. *Dungarvan D.*—The only crops under the average are hay and turnips, which is altogether owing to the dry season in early part of summer. All the other crops are of fair average, and require no remarks. *Fethard D.*—The yield in all the crops is very fair, with the exception of turnips, which is below the average, owing to the dry season after sowing. The grain crop suffered at time of ripening from the heavy rains, and was sown with great difficulty and additional expense for labour. *Waterford D.*—There was a fair average return for all crops this year, so far as my district is concerned.

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Antrim County. Antrim D.—The potato crop is above the average yield, owing to the favourable season for getting it in. The oat and hay crops and turnip crop are not so good, being below the average yield in quantity, but the quality is good, owing to the very dry summer. *Ballymena D.*—The potato crop this year is excellent. The oat crop is good, and, generally speaking, the harvest is a good one. The good weather is, I should say, the cause of the abundant crops. *Ballymena D.*—The potato crop is considerably above the average yield in this district for the present year, owing, it is believed, to the favourable state of the weather, dryness of season, &c. The other crops are made the same as last year. *Belfast South D.*—The good yield this year is attributable to the fine, dry summer and autumn. *Carryduff D.*—The yield in the crops is somewhat better than last year in this district, owing to the spring being more favourable for the crops than it was last year. *Clonmacnoise D.*—The only grain crop in this district is oats. All others so trifling and far between not worth alluding to. The oat crop has

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turned out at least an average crop, notwithstanding the very bad weather prevailing for the last six weeks, and the difficulty after cutting of sowing. *Ballymena*—the next single crop of the locality—very short in quantity—in many places scarcely worth gathering. This deficiency was caused by the dry, hard weather, when pod was forming. Potatoes, on the whole, fully an average crop. Turnips not up to the average—sufficient numbers, but bulb very small from unseasonable weather. Hay a good crop. The low prices and great difficulty in selling store cattle and sheep make it a very anxious time for the poor farmers in this generally mountainous district. No price for grain either. With regret, I say, I find they have a very difficult time before them. But I am happy to say there is no absolute poverty in this locality, as a good deal of trade exists in iron and flax, which abound here, and which give a considerable amount of employment to men and horses. *Ards D.*—All round the crops in this district have been productive, especially the potatoes, which is attributable to the exceptionally dry season in the early period.

ARMAGH COUNTY. *Armagh D.*—The potato crop would appear to have been exceptionally good this year, in consequence of the disease not having made its appearance. The hay crop appears light on account of the dry summer, and the greater part of the hay having grown on疏松 or light ground. The oat crop also appears light from the same cause. *Laragh D.*—The good yield of potatoes and hay is owing to the dry summer, which has had a contrary influence on the root crops, oats, &c. *Newry D.*—There are good crops of oats, flax, and potatoes this year. Hay is light, owing to the dry summer, but of good quality. On the whole, the season has been a favourable one for general crops. *Newtownards D.*—There has been a good average yield in all crops in this district, owing principally to a dry summer, which was favourable to a monotonous district. *Portadown D.*—The large yield of the various crops in this district (with the exception of turnips, which is nearly a total failure), is attributable to the fine summer and harvest weather. The turnip crop has suffered from the extreme dryness of the weather in the months of May and June last. The prices of all kinds of produce in this district are extremely low.

CAVAN COUNTY. *Ballybrough D.*—Potatoes and flax yielded well this year, especially the former, which is attributed to the dry summer. Hay, oats, and turnips were below the average, owing partly to dry season. Cabbage a fair yield. These are the principal crops produced in this district. *Ballymagus D.*—The potatoes are a good crop this year, and are free from disease. Oats turned out to be a fair crop—so did flax. Hay turned out much better than was anticipated, and there is no ample supply in the district. Cabbage always grows well in Cavan, the land being so stony. There is scarcely any wheat, barley, hay, rye, vetches, beans, or peas in this district, and very little parsnips or carrots, except in gardens. Mangelos are a fair crop, but turnips are not, chiefly occasioned, I think, by the early part of the season being so dry. This dryness was advantageous for potatoes. It may not be amiss to remark that the long drought enabled a large quantity of turf to be saved, and this, with the good yield of potatoes, will, it is expected, contribute to the comfort of the poor during the coming winter. *Cavan D.*—The potato crop appears to be very good this year; the oats looked well up to harvest, but much of it was spoilt by wet, and it is threatening yet badly. Flax, of which there was much sown, is the best, in fact nearly the only paying crop. The farmers generally are paying much more attention to the cultivation of these land. *Killeshandra D.*—I am of opinion that the crops of potatoes and flax in this district are this year far above the average, both in quantity and quality, and this fact is no doubt attributable to the fine weather which prevailed during the months of June, July, and August. The crop of oats is fair, and had it not been for the wet weather during the months of September and October would have been a very good crop. The other crops, such as turnips, mangold, &c., are about the average yield. *Strabane D.*—I really know very little about this subject, and opinions vary even amongst the farmers. The potato crop, I should think, is as good as usual all round in this neighbourhood, but certainly not better. The oats, which is almost the only grain grown, was very much injured by the heavy rain in the month of September, and in for the most part, of inferior quality; and the yield is not so good as usual.

COUNTY DORSRUL. *Arden D.*—The very fair produce of crops this season is to be attributed to the exceptionally warm season we have had. *Ballyshannon D.*—All the crops in this district were good this year. *Bessbrook D.*—Potatoes are above the average in size and yield, owing to the dry season. Owing to dryness, which was favourable to the potato crop, turnips are below the average; oats, although a

fair crop, are short in the straw. *Dungannon D.*—The crops in this district have been average in quantity and quality. Cereal crops are perhaps a little behind, owing to the unfavourable spring and summer, but have been well saved. *Dungiven D.*—I beg to state that, in my opinion, the comparatively small yield of the crops in this district for the past season has been due to the exceptionally rainy weather that prevailed during the month of September, which, as regards the oat crop, to a large extent smothered the grain. The hay, I believe, has grown well here this year. The potatoes, though small, are fairly plentiful in this district. *Latterkenny D.*—The potato crop was exceedingly good and plentiful, owing to the dry season; and for the same reason the oat crop was rather deficient and short in the straw. These are the principal, if not the only, crops in this neighbourhood. *Mossdale D.*—The yield of produce this year has been fair, of potatoes more than an average crop. The oat crop, too, was fairly good, but a considerable quantity was injured by the wet harvest. *Raphoe D.*—The crops in this district were, on the whole, above the average this year. The potato crop was excellent, the roots being abundant, and of the best possible description, having suffered little, if anything, from the blight. The corn crops were good, but, owing to the wet harvest, it was badly saved; the straw, too, is short. This is due to the dry summer. The flax crop was good. The turnip crop was not good—owing to the dry weather in some places it failed altogether, and had to be sown a second time. The hay crop was also rather light, owing to the drought, but it was well saved, and is of good quality. *Strabane D.*—The average yield of the crops this season is fair; potatoes very fair. The only defective crop seems to be the oat one, which is light. The state of the general good yield is the fine early and middle summer weather; but the latter end of it being wet and stormy caused a bad yield of oats.

DOWN COUNTRY. *Bailebridge D.*—The crops generally in this district have been up to and beyond the average yield. The potato, oat, and hay crops have been remarkably good, and no blight apparent in the first named. Any deficiency in length of straw in the two latter crops have been, in my opinion, compensated by a more abundant crop than usual. The deficiency alluded to was chiefly due to want of rain in the latter part of the spring and beginning of summer, and to this cause also may be attributed a failure in some cases of the turnip crop. Flax was largely sown in this district, and prospered well, but as it is a crop that essentially requires wind it suffered considerably from the prolonged dry weather. With this exception I may say all green crops have been decidedly good, if not abundant. *Dromara D.*—The yield of potato crop here has been good. *Causey*: dry summer, moist in early part of autumn, and absence of blight. Hay bad. *Causey*: cold spring and dry summer; same cause for bad yield of oats and flax. Wet summers benefit all kinds of crops in this locality. The land is generally rich, and consists of small hills and vales. Nearly all kinds of crop have been an average here—potatoes above the average. *Newtownards D.*—The crops in this district were all of a fair average produce, except the hay crop, which generally throughout the Ards district was light and below an average. The potato crop has turned out a splendid one, the best, I should say, for many years, and the tubers sound—scarcely any disease or blight—produce and quality very good. Flax has been sown to a limited extent, a less acreage than 1884, and the crop generally a poor one. The corn crops, generally speaking, were fairly up to an average, but the weather was very bad at the time of in-gathering, and a good deal of corn, wheat especially, suffered considerable damage in consequence. Wheat and oats are the principal corn crops: barley very little grown. *Ballynahinch D.*—The crops in this district for the past season has been more or less good.

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There has been a very good potato crop—no signs of disease. The flax crop has, perhaps owing to drought, been short on high-lying-lands, but in the stretching it has yielded pretty well. Turnip crop good. Hay a little short and thin, owing to drought. A good quantity of oats, but straw rather short. There is very little wheat grown in this district, but what there is is of average quality.

FERMANAGH COUNTY. Derrygawley D.—The harvest of 1885 in this district has been, on the whole, rather favourable, and up to a fair average. The potato crop has been abundant and generally of good quality, and the blight has not appeared to any extent. Cereals are fair, oats especially giving a good return. The hay crop has been of very good quality, though a little light. Turnips are not much cultivated in this part of the country, but those who have sown them are satisfied with the result. Enniskillen D.—I beg to report with regard to the crops that the hay, potato, and turnip crops are very good this year, the hay especially, which is owing to the good weather in the beginning and middle of the season. The oat crop is bad on account of the great quantity of rain which fell at the end of the season, and which prevented farmers from getting it in. On the whole, it is a very good season. Kesh D.—The hay crop is light in consequence of the absence of rain in the spring and early summer. Probably from the same cause, and the absence of all disease, the potato crop is unusually good. Flax is above a fair average yield. The difficulty of sowing oats, in consequence of the very wet harvest, has made all species of this crop of small produce this year. Green crops are below the average in consequence of want of moisture in the summer. Loughgall D.—The crops generally throughout this district have been very good this season. Potatoes very good, averaging at least eight to twelve tons of seed-potatoes per Irish acre, and I have seen in some cases even a larger return. Hay above average, and of exceptional good quality. I consider the crop to have been nearly a quarter heavier than last year. Mangolds a fair average crop. Turnips slightly under average. Flax a very good crop, and of good quality. I saw myself flax grown by a farmer near here on not very good land yield ninety stone to the Irish acre—when scythed this flax was sold at 7s. 6d. per stone. Cabbage is only grown in this locality planted on the edges of potato ridges, &c., so that it is hard to make a fair estimate of the crop, but it appears to have grown well this year. Oats is the only corn crop sown here in any quantity. I consider it was a fair crop, but was somewhat damaged by the stormy and wet harvest weather. On the whole, I think the farmers cannot complain this year of the crops. The difficulty with them is the low price of everything, particularly oats and peat. For young stock there is no demand at all, and the price offered 40 per cent. at least under last year, and peat is at least 30 per cent. lower than last year.

LODGESEYBERRY COUNTY. Coleraine D.—I beg to state that in this district the potato crop has been good. Owing to the want of rain at the earlier part of the year the oat crop has not been good, being light and very short in the straw, a great part was badly sown. Turnips were very fair, turning out better than was expected. Londesey D.—In the several electoral divisions of this district the potato crop is very good, owing, I believe, to the dry summer and to the fact that several new kinds of seed have been imported, the old and worn out kind

having almost disappeared—certainly for the benefit of the country. Grain crops, as a general rule, are light, the dry weather setting in early checked the growth, except in very damp soil, where a fair crop exists. In mountain districts the grain crop is generally bad, owing to the wet and stormy weather setting in too early in the harvest season. Turnips and such like are not a good crop, owing to the great drought of May and June. Londesey D.—There was an increase in this district this year in the yield of oats, corn, barley, and potatoes. This is attributed to the fitness of the summer, occasional showers when most required, and not too great heat. Mangolds were an average crop—the early rains prevented the crop being (as in the case of the turnips, which were planted much later) a total failure. The summer was rather dry for a heavy crop of hay, but what was sown early was very good. The heavy autumn rains adversely affected the sowing of the cereal crop. Magherafelt D.—There has been a slight increase in the yield of oats, turnips, and flax, which is attributed to the very dry season. The other crops are up to the average.

MONTAGUE COUNTY. Carrickfergus D.—With the exception of a considerable increase in the potato crop, the others have in some instances considerably decreased in consequence of the dry season in the early part of the year. Glens D.—There was in this district a fair yield of the various crops, owing to, more or less, a favourable season. Moira D.—The good crop of potatoes is stated this year by the absence of blight. The oat crop was a little light owing to the dry summer.

TRISTRÉE COUNTY. Antrim D.—The culture of the crops is more carefully attended to in this locality than in most parts of Ireland with which I am acquainted. Notwithstanding the low average of heat this year the crops matured better and yielded more than was expected. Considering the amount of fruit, especially apples, grown in these counties (£4,000 having been paid last year to the Great Northern Railway for carriage), I would suggest the advisability of marketing this product and bins in the situation. Information as to the means of storing fruit would be useful. Coalisland D.—There has been an increase in the produce of the potato crop, owing to the potato tops not having become affected with "blight" as in former years. In corn, flax, and other cereals the failure in produce was owing to the very severe rainy weather that characterized the harvest season. Dungannon D.—There was a good yield of crops generally in my district, particularly the potato crop, caused by the good weather this year. Where the harvest was late, the oats were soft from constancy. Newry and Mourne D.—Regarding the crops in this district, I beg to say that they have been generally very good this year, particularly oats, potatoes, hay, and flax. The dry summer had the effect of maturing the tubers of the potato crop, and it likewise had a good effect on the oats. Flax and hay also benefited from the same cause, and there was sufficient rain for the growth of both crops. Turnips are not so good, owing, I am informed by farmers, not so much to the dryness of the season, as to the fact that artificial manure are being too much used; but these are cannot be avoided. Omagh D.—General fair average. Strabane D.—The potato crop here was a good one, owing to the absence of any disease and the favourable season. The other crops give an average yield.

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GALWAY COUNTY. Athlone.—The average produce this year is, in many respects, equal to that of last year. The oats crop is lighter in many instances, especially white oats, and all crops grown on sandy or light soil. This is attributable to the dry season. The potato is a fair average crop. The turnip is a fair crop. The early crop did well, but that sown late was destroyed by the fly, and consequently was a failure. **Ballymote D.**—On the whole, the season may be regarded as an average one, but farmers complain of the low prices, and the evil effect of foreign competition, owing to free trade. **Clifden D.**—I beg to say that the potato crop has been very bad this season in this part of the country, in consequence of the cold, wet season, and the blight having set in earlier than usual. The grain crop is scarcely up to the average, as the harvest was wet and before ripening. **Gloucester D.**—The bad yield of the various crops in this district may be attributed to the rain, which is sometimes continuous for weeks. A fairly fine summer has rendered the potato crop a pretty good one. The people suffer greatly in their farming operations here through the rain. **Dawson D.**—The potato and turnip crops are said to be about average ones. Other crops generally not thought to be up to an average, and such is believed to be attributable to a rather unfavourable season, and, also, to frequent and constant tillage of old broken land, instead of breaking new. **Mayo D.**—The bad yield of the crops was caused by the unusual state of the weather during the growing months. I do not consider there has been in reality a bad yield, but the farmers consider so, owing to the low prices for anything. **Galway D.**—The good yield of potatoes is attributable to the season being favourable for that crop. The summer season was not favourable to growth of oats, &c., owing to continued drought. The crop did not fill well, and mature in consequence was short. **Gort D.**—In most cases the crops yielded well in this locality, chiefly owing to the dry season, with a moderate and sufficient amount of rain. Potato crop was particularly good. Turnips were good. Very little corn grows here, oats being the principal crop. They gave a very good yield, rains and fine weather alternating as to secure this result, and the weather holding favourable at harvest. **Haniford D.**—The crops throughout this district, I am sorry to say, are not nearly as good as in past years. This is chiefly attributable to the bad weather. **Leftrough D.**—In consequence of the wetness of the season a great part of the potato crop has been affected with the blight. The yield of the oats crop, for the same reason, is very small. **Loughrea D.**—As a general rule, the crops are good. For instance, it has been represented to me, that the potato crop that year is the best that has been known in this locality within the past ten years, and have been sold in Loughrea market, for 2½d. per stone, within the past fortnight. The yield of the oats is considered about the same as last year; and hay is something better. Turnips and mangolds are also good, being above the same yield as last year. The favourable weather of the summer and autumn months for crops generally, is given as the cause of the good produce this year. **Maghera D.**—The crops of all kinds in this district this year have produced a fair average yield. The weather was, on the whole, favourable for the growth and maturing of the crops, more so regards late sowing and oats and those suffered more or less through man setting before they were fit for cutting. **Oughterard D.**—The crops this year in this district were very fair. The early part is favourable. Hay and turnips a good crop. The latter part of the season, for harvesting, was wet and rough weather, and the grain crops were gathered with difficulty. The potatoes also suffered from the wet; and, whilst not so good as during the past few years, they appear a fair crop. Turnips and cabbage are very good. **Portumna D.**—With reference to the bad hay harvest in this district, I would attribute it to

the indecision of the small farmers, and their neglect in leaving the hay too long on the ground. There was plenty of fine weather, and at the right season, but they lost their opportunity. As regards oats, they are generally of a bad class, and were spoiled by the high winds which prevailed before they ripened, and by which they were beaten to the ground. **Knockaness D.**—The potato—the principal crop in this locality—is not considered equal to last year; and the reason assigned by those of whom inquiry was made, is that the season was too dry in July, and too much rain fell further on in the season, causing a second growth, and the blight setting in before the tubers were fairly matured, caused the deterioration. **Spiddal D.**—Owing to the early part of the season setting in so dry, the potato crop in this district did not do so well as was expected. It also affected the grain crop, and the latter part of the harvest came on stormy and wet, which contributed very much to the bad yield of the various crops in this district. **Thomastown D.**—The state of the potato and corn crops of the present year being not so good as those of the previous year was, in my opinion, the length of dry weather in May and June, which prevented the crops making an early start.

LIMERICK COUNTY. **Ballynevin D.**—Potatoes, oats, and hay are the principal crops grown in this district. The potato crop is a productive one this year, as when set the ground was dry and continued so until the seed began to grow, so that none of them setted; and as blight having set in this year, the crop continued to grow until it came to maturity. The oat crop has also been productive, on the account of the dry spring and early summer, but a good deal of it has been injured and badly used, on account of the heavy rain in the month of September. The hay crop is not so productive, on account of the sharp frosts in May and June, which kept back its growth in the early part of the season. **Corris-ore-Summon D.**—Oats in general are very good this year, which I attribute to the very exceptional weather experienced during last summer and harvest. **Dromiskin D.**—There has been a fairly average yield of the various crops in this district. Potatoes have been a very good crop, and this may be attributed to the dryness of the season. **Mervarkeetee D.**—The good yield of root crops in general throughout this district is to be attributed to the favourable weather of the early part of the season. The corn crops gave very good promise till the latter part of the season, when they were ruined by the continual wet which then set in. **Mahill D.**—The produce of the several kinds of crops in this district is of a fair average yield this season.

MAYO COUNTY. **Ballynahown D.**—The good yield of the crops generally may be attributed to the dryness of the summer months. Turnips and cabbage are, however, exceptions, as moist weather would be more suitable for them. **Ballydehane D.**—The yield of crops this year as shown in the returns was caused by the weather. **Ballydehane D.**—We had a very favourable year. We had a mild summer, with just sufficient maturity, and that the autumn and harvest time held dry for a remarkably long time, and few crops were damaged or destroyed, and that only through negligence. There is such an abundance here that hay is selling at 2d. a ton; oats at 4d. a cwt.; and potatoes at 2½d. a stone at present. **Ballindoon D.**—The bad yield of the various crops in the district may be attributed to the continuous rains at the time when they required warmth to ripen. The oat crop was much shaken and beaten down by storm. **Castledore D.**—The chief crop—is, potatoes—in this part of the country has been very good this year. Root crops—turnips, mangolds, have failed in high-lying and dry lands, but in bottoms have done well; this is owing, no doubt, to the long spell of dry

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weather earlier in the year. Cereals were fair; the crop in low lying lands being good—this also owing to the dry weather. *Clarenswick D.*—Potatoes, oats, and turnips, are the chief crops sown here. Potatoes are, at least, an average crop; oats, owing to the wet weather that has been almost continuous since the middle of August, are not up to the average; and turnips, because of the very dry summer, are under the average. Early mown hay, in consequence of the dry summer, was hardly an average crop, while that cut late in the season suffered so much from the constant rain, that the gain in quantity was more than counterbalanced by the deterioration in quality. *Crossanfield D.*—The season has been against the crops in this locality. The tenantmen are poor; and from all I can find out the prospects of the various crops in the market will not return the price. Oats, hay, potatoes, and the other crops are not at all equal to former years; the cause of this is the general depression of trade, and the low prices of the articles.

Neepert D.—The general deficiency in crops in this locality is attributed to the drought in the early part of the season. It kept back hay, and turnips and potatoes markedly in the places where sown were used as manure. It dried in the clay, and the crop got no benefit from it. The potatoes were beginning to ripen when the rains came, and they in many places put forth what is called a second growth. By the very wet harvest much of the grain crop was badly injured in grain and stover. *Swinstord D.*—The good yield in several descriptions of crops this year was owing to the season and the quality of the seed sown. *Wimpey D.*—The crops in this district seem to be quite up to the average. In a small portion of the district, near Lezisberg, the potato crop was a bad yield; but I believe the land there is inferior, and therefore the same yield as in other parts could not be expected.

BUCKS COUNTY. *Adlow D.*—I am of opinion the long drought caused the short crops. *Angle D.*—The crops in this locality were generally good. The

dryness and harsh weather in the spring affected the oats crop, and the heavy rain towards the end of the summer damaged the hay considerably. The potatoes have afforded a good yield, being favoured by the dryness of the summer, and the absence of blight. *Castlegough D.*—The crops generally have been a fair average. The season was dry and suitable to all crops—an crop has failed in part or whole. *Rossmore D.*—The average yield of the crops generally is good, which I attribute to the good summer we have had. Perhaps I ought to except hay, which I think on the whole was light, and the autumn was not favourable, where the crop was late, for sowing it. *Stokesmore D.*—The yield of hay and corn has not been up to the average, owing to the continued dry weather in the early part of the year. Turnips are a fair average crop. The potato crop has been good, partly owing to the favourable season, and partly to the improved seed which has been introduced into the country within the last few years.

SUSSEX COUNTY. *Ballymote D.*—The various crops in this district are somewhat above the average, especially the potato crop, which is excellent. The farmers attribute the good yield to the favourable weather. *Castlereagh D.*—The bad yield of the various crops is generally believed to be due to the exceeding dampness of the season. *Elsecote D.*—The good yield of crops this year in this district was owing to the good season. *Moyle D.*—The crops in this part of the county are on the whole above the average, although the wet harvest has deteriorated their several values. The potatoes especially are better this year than any year since 1830. *Petisbury D.*—The rains of produce in this district is on an average with last year, except turnips, potatoes, and oats. After the turnips were sown there was a great drought, and hence the cause of bad yield. A great deal of the potatoes are still in the ground, and cannot be dug out owing to the incessant wet weather. The oats crop have suffered much, owing to the continued wet weather, the harvest being late in this part of the country.

TABLE A.—SHOWING, BY COUNTIES and PROVINCES, the Total Area under POTATOES and the Extent in Statute Acres under each description of that crop planted in 1885.

COUNTIES.	Total estimated Potato Area.	GENERAL NAMES OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF POTATOES PLANTED.																			Grove Top		Red Right		All others						
		Campions		Eldorado		Early Horn		White Kohr		South Powers		Triumphant		Marquis Powers		Gothic		Harrow Bucks		American Bucks		Lather Giant		Auricula White		Grove Top		Red Right		All others	
		Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles	Acres	statute miles				
ANTRIM.	45,851	92,069	1,852	7,291	1,861	545	1,622	1,289	1,624	—	—	313	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7,085				
ARMAGH.	36,465	77,480	1,911	3,361	925	339	96	396	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5			
CARLOW.	9,086	23,215	342	13	49	140	126	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5			
CAVAN.	26,975	55,922	8,188	429	564	119	89	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	89			
CLARE.	24,035	51,214	2,250	936	766	334	131	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	127			
CORK.	63,114	57,903	2,679	169	227	524	296	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,063			
DOWN.	44,734	58,925	2,425	3,947	3,900	625	325	260	18	350	94	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,110				
DUBLIN.	42,694	52,689	2,246	7,242	1,176	535	329	2,205	1,062	—	265	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	630				
FERMAGH.	9,361	5,481	435	45	847	221	1,816	306	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17			
GALWAY.	15,144	32,003	1,474	684	820	49	55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	214			
KEELE.	45,585	39,066	8,704	201	1,289	633	148	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,686			
KERRY.	59,943	56,570	3,889	573	1,849	830	300	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	386			
KILMARNOCK.	8,682	7,546	688	50	135	268	229	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	36			
KILMARNOCK.	36,572	14,546	906	12	114	321	84	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12			
KINNA.	15,148	12,794	1,071	68	390	555	249	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	30			
LIMERICK.	17,204	14,008	1,274	699	465	132	7	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	30			
LIMERICK.	21,697	18,508	1,735	201	428	327	65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	30			
LONDONDERRY.	32,200	18,265	1,487	4,758	2,425	649	277	304	322	—	320	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,657				
LONDONDERRY.	11,425	8,329	901	139	148	287	47	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4			
LONDONDERRY. County of Town.	11,120	5,749	762	469	512	140	345	216	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12			
MAYO.	50,865	44,365	5,302	556	1,273	453	267	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	993			
MICHAEL.	11,884	9,040	791	229	184	344	299	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	39			
MONAGHAN.	20,367	18,721	1,397	622	944	104	85	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16			
QUEEN'S.	15,386	18,726	981	23	82	465	66	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
RENNISON.	20,436	25,221	1,962	163	613	310	73	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	216			
ROSE.	18,728	16,012	1,086	449	624	226	306	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	265			
TOPPERANT.	34,842	34,286	1,521	45	394	561	71	22	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6			
TRIM.	45,949	51,397	3,252	5,940	1,059	559	142	259	14	364	160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	696				
WATERFORD.	14,314	18,185	692	25	186	199	23	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	61			
WEXFORD.	31,260	34,477	1,133	17	119	460	191	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	61			
WICKLOW.	20,359	20,325	942	78	216	1,584	106	87	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	129			
WITHELOW.	21,253	9,993	266	68	258	318	282	82	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6			
PROVINCES.		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
LONDONDERRY.	39,373	356,519	9,303	1,029	2,643	4,800	3,731	543	—	—	64	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	290				
MICHAEL.	131,364	165,344	11,105	1,634	4,443	3,136	279	45	—	—	15	15	1,287	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,711				
ULSTER.	256,079	260,029	17,677	20,207	23,228	3,037	1,802	8,955	8,647	1,637	1,177	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15,660				
CONNACTURE.	169,059	127,556	30,982	1,769	4,744	3,135	327	51	—	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,548				
Total of Ireland, 1885.	797,972	636,945	41,026	26,080	34,497	13,836	7,071	8,261	8,437	1,635	1,097	1,217	353	355	354	10,094	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—					
Percentage in 1885.	100.0	73.7	61	44	3.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—					
Total of Ireland, 1884.	731,000	637,713	47,004	45,026	26,736	12,084	9,487	8,035	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16,445					
Percentage in 1884.	100.0	79.6	5.9	5.1	3.1	1.6	0.0	0.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—					
—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				

TABLE B.—SHOWING, by POOR LAW UNIONS, the Total extent in STATUTE ACRES under POTATOES, and the extent planted of such description of that Crop in 1853.

TABLE B.—SHOWING, by Poor Law Unions, the Total extent in STATUTE ACRES under POTATOES, and the extent planted of each description of that Crop in 1885—continued.

TABLE C.—SHOWING, by COUNTIES, the average rate of Produce per acre of each description of POTATO planted in Ireland in 1855.

COUNTIES	GENERAL NAMES OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF POTATOES PLANTED IN EACH COUNTY.																			
	Champagne	Blanchet	Blanchot	Blonny																
ANTRIM, . . .	96	72	72	74	74	82	86	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74
ARMAGH, . . .	94	66	68	72	72	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
CARLOW, . . .	53	72	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cavan, . . .	72	46	63	31	15	15	93	74	74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clare, . . .	79	34	35	80	80	87	41	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Donegal, . . .	53	69	59	66	66	69	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
DONEGAL, . . .	89	51	62	63	63	68	74	82	—	—	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79
DONEGAL, . . .	181	72	79	78	78	49	35	35	35	35	76	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
DUBLIN, . . .	110	92	—	109	109	109	37	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FERMANAGH, . . .	79	68	54	47	—	—	82	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GALWAY, . . .	53	63	37	55	56	58	46	59	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
KERRY, . . .	53	58	45	58	43	43	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
KILDALE, . . .	63	93	48	63	61	85	81	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
KILKENNY, . . .	73	51	—	63	60	50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
KILDARE, . . .	74	37	61	20	61	66	56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
LIMERICK, . . .	77	69	36	54	47	46	46	46	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
LONDONDERRY, . . .	58	63	45	55	63	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
LONDONDERRY, . . .	29	79	77	76	76	73	89	—	73	79	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
LONDONDERRY, . . .	53	41	30	63	52	63	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
LOUTH and MONASTEREY, County of TOWN.	59	60	60	71	65	45	86	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MAN, . . .	79	52	42	38	46	41	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MONAGHAN, . . .	76	57	55	22	50	51	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MONAGHAN, . . .	51	57	51	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
QUEEN'S, . . .	39	53	53	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ROSCOMMON, . . .	72	52	59	63	62	64	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SLIGO, . . .	89	72	69	75	76	61	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TYRONE, . . .	82	51	54	37	55	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TYRONE, . . .	59	72	54	26	79	79	89	109	—	—	76	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WATERFORD, . . .	84	58	57	29	54	35	130	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WEXFORD, . . .	71	55	45	49	52	55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WICKLOW, . . .	59	55	47	50	63	62	69	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WICKLOW, . . .	79	67	54	51	55	61	85	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—